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ETS,

LAID OUT ON THE FLOOR.

A FIGHT IN THE HALLS OF CON-

In Which an Irate Constituent is Laid to Rest by ong-Armed Congressman-The Great Vic-lory of the Silver Men-Longstreet in the Departments-Other Gossip.

WASHINGTON, March 16.-[Special.]-The full and almost deserted corridors of the capitol were enlivened this afternoon at half-past three by an unusual episode, in which Congressman Archie Bliss, of Brooklyn, participated as hero, and T. S. Carmen, one of his constituents, played the role of victim. Bliss is a Brooklyn willionaire, who came up from humble origin in that city. For several years past he has wielded considerable influence in local politics, and has been in congress before. He lives in style, both in Brooklyn and Washington. Carmen is a Brooklyn politician, who claims that his influence has been very valuable to Bliss in the promotion of his political ambition. Several days ago Carmen and his father, a patent attorney in this city, sent their cards into Bliss, in the way that outsiders usually seek audience with the statesmen of our country. The card was taken in by a door keeper named Cokely, also one of Bliss's constituents. When Bliss received the card he declined to see Carmen senior and junior, and supplemented his declination with some remarks not complimentary to those gen-tlemen. When Cokely carried them the re-fusal of the congressman to see them, they demanded the reason for it, and Cokely repeated the expressions used by Bliss.

"All right," said Carmen junior, "we will see

This afternoon young Carmen met Bliss in a corridor of the capitol, and asked if he had referred to him in the terms reported by Cokely. Bliss answered in the affirmative. Then the men glared at each other like gladuators. Bliss is the taller, but Carmen is the compacter man, and evidently more active. Carmen struck at Bliss with his left hand in regular Dempsey style, but his blow was adroitly warded by the congressman, who threw out a liner with his right that fell a little short. The men then rushed for each other, but a well directed blow from Bliss stretched his antagonist flat on the tessella.ed floor of the house of our fathers. Bliss was about to reap the fruits of his conquest when he was restrained by Cokely and another of his constituents. This the first genuine fight that has occurred in the capitol since Billy McGarrahan whipped Dan Pratt, in those

THE SILVER VICTORY. The most signal victory the silver men have yet gained in congress was when the house,by over two-thirds' majority, today, voted to fix the days for the discussion of free coinage, and set a time to vote upon it. This decided vote makes Bland and some other advocates of free coinage hopeful of the adoption of their views by congress, but the result of the entire squabble over silver will be to leave the law exactly

LONGSTREET'S CLAIM,
General Longstreet called at the department of justice today, and on the first comptroller of the treasury, and presented his claim for settlement of his accounts as marshal of Georgia. Longstreet hopes for favorable action on his

claim at an early day. THE PRESIDENT'S RIGHTS.

Cullom Speaks, and is Replied to by Masey.

WASHINGTON, March 16 .- In the senate the chair announced as members of the committee on the part of the senate to escort the remains of Representative Hahn to Louisiana Messrs,

Eustis, Vanc and Butler. After debate by Messrs. Butler, Logan, Cockrell. VanWyck, Ingalls and Jackson, the fear being general that the widows increase of pensions would be indefinitely post-poned by sending the bill to the house with so many amendments that would involve debate, a motion was made by Mr. Wilson to reconsider the senate's action in amending the bill. The motion was agreed to. All the amendments were then disagreed to and the bill was passed as it came from the house. It now needs only the president's signature to become a law. It increases the pension of widows and

a law. It increases the pension of widows and dependent relatives from \$8 to \$12 a month.

THE JUDICIARY REPORT.

At 2 o'clock the judiciary committee resolutions came up, and Mr. Cullom took the floor. He yielded, however, to Mr. Morrill, who wished to reply to Mr. Kenna. The latter, in his speech, had read a letter signed by Mr. Morrill as chairman of the committee on inance, and had stated that the letter was the beginning of the present controversy. Mr. Morrill said when the senate met in December, the finance committee had pursued its usual routine, and had written to the secretary of the treasury a letter identical in terms with the one read by Mr. Kenna, calling for information in regard to the suspension of an official under the treasury, which information had been given promptly and was so satisfactory that the senate had no hesitation in confirming the successor to the sus-pended official. Mr. Morril said the policy pursued by the committee was the same it had pursued ever since he (Morrill) had been a member of the committee, and the committee had never had a refusal until recently his statement Mr. Morrill found great diffi-culty in avoiding a betrayal of executive session secrets. He stated a hypothetical case as being one to which the above circumstance ap-plied, and there was no difficulty in recogniz-ing it as that of a collector of internal revenue

in the interior of the state of New York.

Mr. Cullom then resumed the floor. He said
the refusal of the attorney general to furnish
the papers called for by the senate was a denial of the right of the senate to inquire into the manage-ment of public affairs. He (Cullom) denied ment of public affairs. He (Cullom) denied that the question was a "moot question"—as characterized by Mr. Pugh. No question could be a "moot question," Mr. Cullom thought, that was directed to ascertaining whether an American citizen had been unjustly treated by having false and slanderous charges and secret assaults made against him, and filed in a public department to blacken his character and injure his good name. As this opening paragraph indicates, Mr. Cullom's argument was based upon like promises with that of Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, and it followed with that of Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, and it followed upon a similar line. The senator from Alabama had said the attorney-general, in refusing the papers, had acted under the orders of the president, and had seemed to think it. the president, and had seemed to think it would be a great calamity for the attorney general to disobey the presidential orders, as it might result in the loss of his office. The it might result in the loss of his office. The senator was doubtless right. It might be that a democrat could imagine no greater calamity than the loss of his office, but the law should be obeyed whether such disaster was averted or not. The attorney-general was an officer of the law. His duties were defined by the law, and it was his duty to obey the law whether it cost him his office or not. The senator stated in his minority report, that from 1759 to 1867, there could not be found a single case like the one ander discussion. The truth was that in the hundreds of calls that had been made, there could be found very few instances in which

the information asked for had not been furnished to either house. There might not be another case exactly like the present one in all respects, but there had been hundreds subanother case exactly like the present one in all respects, but there had been hundreds substantially like it in principle, if not in all the fact. A prominent fact was that when either branch of congress had called for any information it had usually been furnished, and that in exceptional cases in which it had not been the refusal was not based on the constitutional prerogative of the president. When the president suspended Duskin he did it under the tenure of office act, so the case stood that the president proposed to obey his law in getting men out of office, but questioned its constitutionality when the senate, under this law, said it had the right to inquire into the act of suspension, and to do that intelligently, needed all the papers on file. The president used the law in suspending men from office, and then in a volunteer message, untimated that the senate was attempting to interfere with his in a volunteer message, intimated that the senate was attempting to interfere with his high and mighty prerogative as chief executive. Verily, consistency was not a jewel conspicuously worn in these days of "Jeffersonian simplicity." Following Mr. Kenna's idea, Mr. Cullom suggested a hypothetical case, in which an office-seeker forwarded forged documents in the semblance of bills of indictment against an incumbent. It might, perhaps, be assumed that the president had the right, as he claimed, to consider such communications as private papers, but after he forwarded them to the department and placed them on the as private papers, but after he forwarded them to the department and placed them on the files, they certainly became public papers. If the president has removed no officers except for cause, some such papers must have been filed. Indeed, such documents had been invited by the present administration, in evidence of which Mr. Cullom read the celebrated confidential letter of Postmaster-General Vilas showing that degenerater, evidence ted confidential letter of Postmaster-General Vilas, showing that documentary evidence would be required in making removals, in which circular the postmaster general stated-that he_spoke for the president. If such papers were now on file the senate was entitled to them, and the president ought, in good faith, to produce them. If there were no such papers on file, let him say so and the country could judge how well he had redeemed every pledge he had made to the people. Mr. Cullom disclaimed any intention to keep his friends in office, but protested against secret or "star chamber" proany intention to keep his friends in omee, but protested against secret or "star chamber" proceedings that reflected on the personal character of honest men. Men should not be allowed to come sneakingly to the postoffice department, at the invitation of the postmaster-general, and lodge secret complaints against honest men. The refusal to produce the papers would be an admission that they could not bear the light

bear the light.

MR. MANEY REPLIES.

Mr. Maxey followed Mr. Cullom. He opposed the resolutions roported from the majority of the committee. The real question at issue, he said, was one of grave importance. The Duskin case had been merely seized on as an occasion to raise an issue with the president as to the point involved. Mr. Maxey inquired where the senate found authority to condemn the head of a department under the circumstances of this case? Who so well as that officer could know the facts on which his action rested? Referring to Mr. Edmunds's likening of the president's recent message to the communication of King Charles the First, Mr. Maxey said the similitude did not exist. The fatal imbecility that brought the king to the block by the semblance of a court—a court organized to convict—would not be found in this case. He who would aftempt to play the role of Cromwell here would find that this was not case. He who would attempt to play the role of Cromwell here would find that this was not the country for it, nor this the occasion for it. The Cromwell had not yet been born who, in the name of the senate, could grasp the constitutional powers vested in the executive of this republic. After complimenting the speeches of Messrs, Pugh and Kenna, Mr. Maxey proceeded with his own argument. However much the issue might be disguised, he said the real object was to ascertain the president's reasons for suspensions or removals of officers. It was an attempt to do indirectly what confessedly could not be directly. The report of the majority of the committee, Mr. Maxey characterized as simply a stump speech dignified with the name of a committee report.

bear the light.

port.
Complaint was made in that majority report, that 643 suspensions had been made under the administration. The complaint made by the people, Mr. Maxey said, was that there had not been ten times 643 removals. The significance of the election of 1854, as he construed it, was that the people wanted a change from republican to democratic methods, principles and policy. What was methods, principles and policy. What was wanted and expected was a democratic administration root, stem and branch. Genuine ivil service reform demanded that the exe tive, who was required by the constitution of take care that the laws were faithfully accuted, should have the selection executed, of honest and competent agents in accord with the policy indicated by his election. Any at-tempt to conduct an administration through officers hostile to its policy would necessarily prove a failure. The object of the majority of the judiciary committee was to stop the removal of republicans from office. Stripped of all unnecessary verbiage, the simple issue, Mr. Maxey said, was where and in whom was the power of removal lodged by the constitution. The minority of the senate stood not only on the letter of the constitution, but upon the de cisions of the fathers, recognized by the first congress, by all succeeding con-cresses, by the courts and by the commenators of the constitution, For the first time in the history of the country the act of congress of 1867. known as the ten-ure of office act, set at naught all the principles stablished since the foundation of the govern nent. Mr. Maxcy reviewed at some length be features of the tenure of office act, and ited a large number of authoritles to show, as he maintained, its unconstitutionality. That ict, he said, in the calm light of sober reflecact, he said, in the calm light of soler reaction, was amusing. The constitution invested the president with all the executive power, except so far as it qualified that power in the matter of treaties and appointments. The responsibility for the execution of the responsibility for the execution of the laws rested with him, and that responsibility was to the people and not to the senate. If the president did not faithfully perform his duties, he was liable to impeachment by the house of representatives, and to be tried before the senate. the senate. Not then, however, as a legislative, but as a judicial body. The power of removal from office was essentially a matter of executive power. The constitution nowhere retive power. The constitution nowhere restricted the exercise of that power. Those who insisted that the power of removal was a joint power, to be exercised by the president and the senate both, would find no ground for their contention, in the constitution, the decisions of the courts, or the practice of the government. Such contention was, to Mr. Maxey's mind, a transparent fallacy.

He did not class the power of removal as an incident of the power of appointment, as had been done by the senator from Vermont. The power of removal was a substantive power, given to the president by the constitution, to

given to the president by the constitution, to the end that he might comply with the provi-sion of the constitution which required him to "take case that the laws shall be faithfully Mr. Maxey referred to the de bates in the first congress on what he regards as this very question, which debates, he said, had never been surpassed in ability by any of the debates in congress. He quoted at some length from prominent participants in the debates referred to, and argued that the weakness of the republican position in the present debate was abundantly shown by the extracts which he had read, which extracts leave showed that the power which extracts clearly showed that the power of removal was held to be in the presi-dent alone. Yet, in violation of the unbroken precedents of more than seventy years, in which various political parties had controlled

congress in 1867, took a dangerous step by the passage of the tenure of office laws. Was there any man, he asked, so blind as not to see that the object of the republican majority of the senate in this struggle? And was there any man so blind as not to see that the object was to keep the present republican office-holders in possession of their places, even against the will of its 'dministration, and of the whole people that put the administration in power? If the senate had the power to insist upon the production of the papers which went to show the reasons for removals or suspensions, it had just as good a right to insist on knowing what parole evidence had contributed to removals or suspensions. Such a statement of the question parol evidence had contributed to removals or suspensions. Such a statement of the question only showed the absurdity of the whole claim. If the president were guilty of an impeachable offense, he was responsible to the people's representatives, and would be impeached by them. But the senate should not attempt, by its action, to invade the constitutional right of the president by insisting that he should continue to leave men in government offices while the people hold the president responsible for the faithful administration of the law. Mr. Maxey quoted from the recent speech of Mr. Sherman, in the senate, in which it was stated that "nobody proposed to control the discretion

Sherman, in the senate, in which it was stated that "nobody proposed to control the discretion of the president," and insisted that the action of the senate in the matter under consideration was an attempt to control the discretion of the president; an attempt, however, Mr. Maxey said, in which the senate would find that it would fail. that it would fail.

DOLPH TALKS.

Mr. Dolph followed Mr. Maxey, and spoke in support of the majority report. He would not discuss, he said, the questions as to the right of congress to be informed how the laws had been executed, or as to the state of the union. Upon that branch of the question he would content himself by saying that he concurred wholly with what had been so ably said by the senator from Vermont (Edmunds). Mr. Dolph addressed himself to the last clause of the majority resolutions. That clause related to the discharge from the government service of ex-union soldiers and the filling of their places by men who had not rendered similar service to the country. Mr. Dolph contended that the provisions of the law intended for the protection of union veterans had been disregarded by the present administration. He said the discrimination against these veterans in removals and appointments these veterans in removals and appointments amounted to a practical nullification of the

The senate adjourned with Mr. Dolph still

holding the floor.

NOMINATIONS RECEIVED.

The president sent the following nominations to the senate to-day:

William I. Trenholm, South Carolina, now civil service commissioner, to be comptroller of the currency in place of Henry W. Cannon, resigned.

resigned.

Jno. H. Oberly, Illinois, to be civil service commissioner, in place of William L. Tren-Charles Lyman. Connecticut, now chief ex-

charles Lyman. Connected, now enter examiner of the civil service commission, to be civil service commissioner in place of Dorman B. Eaton, resigned.

John N. McDonnell, collector of customs for the district of St. Marks, Florida.

THE MORROW CHINESE BILL.
WASHINGTON, March 16.—The house committee on foreign affairs today, by a very close vote, (seven to six.) postponed consideration of the Morrow Chinese bill, and will instead of the Morrow Chinese bill, and will instead take up the president's message recommending the payment of an indemnity to China for the entrages perpetrated on Chinese subjects in this country. The chairman (Belmont, who east the deciding vote, declared himself opposed to the Morrow bill, on the ground of its being a violation of treaty obligations.

SPECIAL ORDERS NAMED.

The Silver Question to be Taken Up in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 16 .- Under the call of states the following bills and resolutions were introduced and referred in the house:

By Mr. Oates, of Alabama, amending the rules, so as to prohibit the speaker from reerving any resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee to accompany the remains of any deceased representative or senator beyond the corporate limits of the city of

Washington.

By Mr. Rowell, of Illinois, to amend the act to prohibit the importation of contract labor.

By Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, granting to the widow of Thomas A. Hendricks, late vice

president of the United States, one year's sal-ary of said office, less the amount paid to Hen-dricks in his lifetime. By Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina, to moderate the horrors and cruelty of the pun-ishment imposed for a violation of the internal revenue laws. revenue laws.

THE BLAIR BILL. By Mr. Reid, of North Carolina, a preamble reciting the passage of the Blair education bill in the senate, and the report that the house committee on education has postponed its consideration till the third Monday in April, a time when the session may be too far advanced to secure proper consideration of the bill, declaring that it is undemocratic, unrepublican, unjust and unfair to prevent action on the bill by unusual delay in reporting it to the house, and directing the committee on education to report the bill forthwith, with such recomnendation as it may see proper.

By Mr. Skinner, of North Carolina—To pro-

vide an inland water way from New York to By Mr. Cox, of North Carolina-To secure n equitable classification of government offi-

ers and employes in Washington THE SILVER QUESTION.

Mr. Bland, under instructions from the con

nittee on coinage, weights and measures noved to suspend the rules and adopt the fol-owing resolution:

That house bill 5960, "for the free coinage of silver," be made the special order for Satur-days the 20th and 27th insts., and Saturday April 3d, and the same to be again taken up April 3d, and the same to be again taken up Tuesday, April 6th, after the morning hour for the consideration of bills feported by committees, and so to continue from day to day until disposed of: provided that unless sooner ordered by the house, the previous question shall be pending thereon at 3 o'clock Thursday April 6th, this order not to interfere with the previous or general appropriation bills, except on Thursday April 8th, fixed for the final disposition of the order. position of the order.

Mr. Hiscock, of New York, demanded a s

ond, and the motion was seconded: 96 to 28. After some debate, the motion to susper After some debate, the motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution was agreed to: yeas 179, nays 57. The announcement of the result was greeted with a round of applause from the silver men. The vote cannot, however, be regarded as a test vote, in as much as such well known opponents of the free coinage of silver as Findlay, of Maryland and Bayne and Scott, of Pennsylvania, voted in the affirmative, while Blount, of Georgia, Curtin, of Pennsylvania, and Dougherty, of Florida, who at first voted in the negerty, of Florida, who at first voted in the neg ive, changed their votes at the solicitation friends, who desired that discussion should held. Had not this change been made, the notion would have lacked the necessary two

thirds in the affirmative.

Mr. Reagan, from the committee on co merce, moved to suspend the rules and adop a resolution making the inter-state commerc bill a continuing order for April 13th. Agreed to; yeas 195, nays 44. The house then ad-

New Banks Authorized.

Washington, March 16.—The comptroller of the currency today authorized the First National Bank of Orlando, Florida, and the First National bank of Ocala, Florida, to begin business, each with a capital of \$50,000.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

SOCIETY RESTING AFTER A VERY GAY SEASON.

The Strict Observence of Lent Throws a Pions Calm
Over the Capital—Society Catching up on Sleep
and Repairing its Digestion—Its Complex and Varying Elements—Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 16 .- [Special.]-The

apital, after a season of almost unprecedented gayety and extravagance, has suddenly subsided into a pious calm. Lent has come, and it is semewhat amusing to see how rigidly its orthodox requirements are observed by people who disregard almost all other religious regulations. In fact it is the proper thing in Washington society to adopt a strict Lenten code. It is "bad form" to indulge in the dissipations of fashionable life during this period. I am afraid "society" has no deeper reason for its compliance with the demands of this season of penance and reflection. But whatever be the motives for it a pause in the rush after pleasure motives for it a pause in the rush after pleasure is an excellent thing. The fearful pace of modern fashionable life in fast cities like Washington could hardly be endured by the nental and physical strength of the average man or woman for a period longer than what is now constituted as "the season." In Washington "the season" begins the first of November and extends to Lent. thus averaging about four months. Almost every day of those four months is a ceaseless round of social aging about four months. Almost every day of those four months is a ceaseless round of social diversions, almost every night is given with reckless abandon to the exhilerating gayeties which draws so heavily on puise and nerves, and which do not perceptibly elevate morals. One thing which makes the season such a rush here is the fact that most of the people who figure in its liveliest episodes came to Washington as pleasure seekers. They are the families of wealthy congressmen, young women "just out," and eager to see the world all at once; rapid young fellows with pockets full of money; faded beauties who are catching desperately at the receding phantom of delight; blase beaux men whose social palate requires peppering to as high a degree as do their worn out stomachs, load milliomaires delirious with sudden wealth, sharp foreigners who prey on the silly American adulation of their follies, plausible and audacious adventures who find a promising field in a city where society never can crystalize. Society everywhere in this country is necessarily complex, or mixed, as people in one city always sneeringly call the society of a rival city. Washington is hy reason of its rapidly those four months is a ceaseless round of social sarily complex, or mixed, as people in one city always sneeringly call the society of a rival city. Washington is, by reason of its rapidly changing population, especially subject to this mixing process. The people who have lived here a long time are eminently conservative in their social ideas, but even they are caught in the whirl of the season and before it is over are apt to know everybody. Washington is becoming not only a resting place for retired plutocrats, but also a retreat for literateurs and artists. There is [no better place in our country for the pursuit pf all ordinary studies, or for the observation of the life and characteristics of our own people, a work to which our literary men and women come with deplorable slowness.

men and women come with deplorable slowness.

Well, society has about finished its Washington campaign for the season of 1885-6. The men and women who made that season still linger, but on a changed scene. Occasional dinner parties and the humdrum of a prescribed routine of calling are about all that is left where but a few days ago there were clustering temptations to sprightlier entertainment. Even the theaters, which were the tamest attractions of the season, are now abjured as too gay.

Society is resting. It airs itself languidly on the smooth pavements, or catches the delicious breezes which are already faintly whispering of spring along lovely suburban drives. Lost hours of sleep are now repaid, and outraged digestion is relieved of interminable dinners.

interminable dinners.

Soon the crowd will begin to scatter. The London season will open in six weeks, and the number of Americans who seek its charms innumber of Americans who seek its custms in-creases every year. Those who don't go abroad in the spring will patiently await the opening of the gorgeous resorts in this country where American extravigance over-steps the mark of the most luxuriant of the European spas. Washington is socially "done" for the next seven or eight months.

F. H. R.

CONTROLLING THE TELEGRAPH.

Western Business. Washington, March 16.—In the house today a bill was introduced by Mr. Anderson, of Kausas, to amend the act to aid in the construction of telegraph lines, approved July 24, 1866. The act is amended by the addition of various sections, which provide as follows:

That whenever the line of any telegraph company which shall have accepted the prvisions of this act, shall have reached any telegraph station on the route of any land gran railroad and telegraph company, it shall have the right to require that every message passing over its line to such telegraph station, destined to some other telegraph station on or beyond the route of such railroad and telegraph com-pany, shall be received and transmitted with-out discrimination of any kind, as far as may be necessary, over the telegraph lines upon

The bill further provides that "every tele-graph company which shall have accepted the provisions of this act as herein before provided shall be, and is hereby, prohibited from engag-ing in the collection or selling of election news or other news, reports of current events

of the day, except the quotations of stocks and commercial markets."

Any wilful neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act shall operate, in each case, as a forfeiture of a sum not less than \$500, or more than \$1,000, to be recovered by the attorney-general in the name of and for the benefit of the United States. Also one by Mr. McCombs, of Maryland, to stablish postoffice savings banks as a branch of the postoffice department.

THE NEW OFFICERS. President Cleveland Tells How They Came to

be Appointed. WASHINGTON, March 16 .- The pre today, speaking of the nomination of Mr. Trenholm to be comptroller of the currency, and Lyman and Oberly to be civil service commissioners, said, they had all been selected without recommendations, and solely on his own personal knowledge of their character and capacity. All of them are now in the public service, and all have, by their performance of duty, attracted his attention and fur nished him personal evidence of their eminen fitness for the duties of the offices for which they are named, and what he regards as all important, their appreciation of the needs of the public service.

J. H. Oberly was a democratic member of the Ullipsic legislature of 1500 and 1500 and 1500 are 1500 and 1500 are 1500

the Illinois legislature of 1873 and 1874, and was prominent in securing the railroad legis-lation of that state. Senator Cullom was then speaker of the house, and in 1876, when he speaker of the house, and in 1876, when he became governor, he, remembering the prominent part taken by Oberly in railroad legislation, appointed him one of the railroad commissioners of that state. He held that position for four years, during which time many questions affecting railroad legislation were settled. In May, 1885, he was appointed by President Cleveland to to be Indian school superintendition, in which he made a good ent, a position in which he made a good record. Oberly is an editor by profession.

Favorable to Repeal. Washington, March 16.—The house committee on public lands today agreed to report favorably upon the bill to repeal the preemption timber culture and desert land laws.

IRISH LEGISLATION.

THE DISSENSIONS IN GLADSTONE'S

Messrs. Chamberian and Trevelyan Opposed to Buy ing out the Landlords, Though Not Opposing Home Rule—The Negotiations Looking to an Agreement—Foreign Notes.

LONDON, March 16 .- Despite all the stories to the contrary, it is learned today authoritatively that both Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, president of the local government board, and Mr. Trevelyan, secretary for Scotland, have placed their resignations in the hands of Mr. Gladstone. The premier has, however, declined to accept the resignations. His answer to the tender of them was a most conciliatry

one.

Mr. Gladstone suggested to both gentlemen that they defer final decision on the resignations until after a personal discussion of the question at issue between them and him. To this both Chamberlain and Trevelyan have assented. It is now known that the subject of despute is Gladstone's Irish expropriation scheme. The exact sum which will be required to buy out all the landowners of the country, according to the premier's plan is, 150,000,000 pounds. The proposition to increase the public debt of Great Britain that much in order to purchase peace in Ireland, is claimed by the radical leaders in the cabinet to be asking far too much for what will be obtained. There was to have been a special meeting of the cabinet today. It has, however, been postponed for the purpose of giving the resigning ministers time for reflection in the hope that both will change their minds. Their personal friends declare that neither Chamberlain nor Trevelyan will alter his purpose of refusing to participate in a government which is to be responsible for Mr. Gladstone's Irish land scheme. Both Chamberlain and Trevelyan were in their usual places in the house of commons today, and chatted with Gladstone.

The News says that Chamberlain and Treve-

Gladstone.
The News says that Chamberlain and Treve-The News says that Chamberlain and Trevelyan have written Gladstone a statement of their views on the land scheme. The cabinet council has consequently decided to postpone any action likely to lead to dissension. It is an honest effort, without acerbity, on the part of the majority and minority to arrive at the best solution for the welfare of Ireland. In the meantime both Chamberlain and Trevelyan will continue discharging their official duties. Trevelyan has invited the Scotch members of parliament to a conference tomorrow on the crofters' question. Chamberlain agrees to give Ireland home rule, but is opposed to buying out the landlords. The present crisis will probably postpone the date of Gladstone's statement to parliament on the Irish question.

Irish question.

Mr. Parnell is in poor health, and it is probable he will have to give up his idea of speaking at the national festival in London to-

The Londonderry and Beliast branches of the Irish national league in accordance with the advice of Parnell, will refram today from holding demonstrations likely to irritate the

Orangemen.

An attempt to break up the news stand monopoly enjoyed by Right Hon. W. H. Smith has failed. The house of commons this evening voted down the motion of Arthur O'Connor, member from Queens county, to open book stalls in all the railway stations to public competition.

Rejecting Bismarck's Schemes.

BERLIN, March 16.—The committee of the eichstag, to which the bill providing for the prolongation of the anti-socialist law was re-erred, after taking unfavorable action on the mendments offered by Dr. Windthorst, have ejected the whole bill.

The committee which have consideration of Bismarck's spirit monopoly bill, and which last week rejected the first two clauses, today voted against the remaining clauses of the bill thus rejecting the entire measure.

New Cardinals Named.

Rome, March 16.—It is officially announced that at the consistory to be held on April 12 next, the following dignitaries of the church will be made cardinals: Archbishop Taschereau, of Quebec; Archbishop Gibbons, of Baltimore; Mgr. Ferata, nuncio at Vienna; Mgr. DeRande, nuncio at Paris; Mgr. Rantpolla del Tindoro, nuncio at Madrid; Mgr. Messela, formerly nuncio at Lisbon. merly nuncio at Lisbon.

BOYCOTTING A POSTMASTER.

The Inhabitants of a Connecticut Town Trying to Starve Out an Official, WASHINGTON, March 16.—A special agent of the postoffice department has been sent to Madison, Conn., to look into a case of boycotting. It appears that the inhabitants of

that place are displeased with their postmaster and as his salary, belonging to the fourth class, is regulated by the number of stamps he canels, they are dotermined to starve him out All the merchants in the town are republi-

cans, and they have posted notices in their stores requesting the people to purchase stamps of them and leave their letters with them to be mailed. Every time the train passes through the town clerks are sent down to the station with packages of letters to mail in the postal car, and turn up their offensively parpostal car, and turn up their offensively par-tisan noses at the new postmaster, who comes down with an empty bag. There is a law which requires the mail agents on the train to receive all letters on which the postage is pre-paid, and there is no law to prohibit the mer-chants from selling postage stamps. The spe-cial is directed by Postmaster-General Vilas to take necessary measures to stop the boycott, but it is difficult to see what he can do.

MRS. COOLEDGE PLEADS GUILTY. The Celebrated Mellen Case Called in the, Boston Court.

Boston, March 16,-In the superior criminal ourt today District Attorney Stevens called court today District Attorney Stevens called the case of Anna D. Cooledge, charged with conspiracy to murder. Mrs. Cooledge came to the bar, and in a low voice pleaded guilty. She then sank into a chair, sobbing violently. District Attorney Stevens said this plea would take the case off the list of causes to be tried, and that he would not move for content at the case of the list of causes to be tried, and that he would not move causes to be tried, and that he would not move for sentence at once, Mrs. Cooledge was then removed from the court room. The indict-ment was not read, as it contained the names of persons from whom the government wished to conceal the fact that they have been in-dicted. It is thought that Mrs. Cooledge's sentence will not be a severe one on account of her plea, which will materially aid the gov-ernment in the prosecution of the other conernment in the prosecution of the other

SENATORS AT TABLE.

The President Entertains Half the Members

The President Entertains Half the Members of the Senate.

Washington, March 16.—The president gave a dinner tonight, to which half the members of the senate were invited. At the table Senator Saulbury sat on the right of the president and Senator Logan on his left. The ether senators present were McMillan, Gibson, Allison, Cockrell, Dawes, Conger, Camden, McPherson, Evarts, Hampton, Harrison, Walthal, Blackburn, Fair, Aldrich, Payne, Maxey, Cameron, Beck, Voorhees, Teller, Butler, Plumb, Colquitt, Dolph, Chace, Sabine, Kenna, Miller, Call, Manderson, Gray, Jones (Arkansas), Sawyer, Brown, Hale and Ransom.

A German Editor's Suicide,

JERSEY CITY, March 16 .- Professor Fritz Heider, editor of the Hudson County (German) Journal, committed suicide this afternoon by blowing his brains out, at his residence in Hoboken. Despondency from ill-health was the cause. THE TEXAN STRIKERS.

Men Refuse to Work-Polsoning the Wells-The Boycott.

Mabshall, Texas, March 16.—The train from New Orleans yesterday morning brought thirty men, some of whom were mechanics to go to work in the shops. They were marched to the superintendent's office and sworn to protect themselves and the company's property. They were then marched to the shops, the occupation of each was ascertained, and they were curolled and numbers assigned them. They then dined at the company's expense. The men were told before leaving New Orleans that everything was quiet, that no strike existed, and that they were wanted to take the places of men who had quit work. They claim that they were deceived, and that the situation was misrepresented to them, and as soon as they saw the condition of affairs they refused to work, and are now quartered among the strikers. The strikers, of course, were jubilant over the walk out of the new men.

were jubil ant over the walk out of the new men.

The men brought from New Orleans yesterday refused to go to work, and were today arrested and carried to Jefferson, where they were placed in jail. They are charged with contempt and intimidation and with defrauding the company, having accepted transportation from New Orleans under the promise of working. Two men were hung in effigy last night, and placards bearing the words, "Scabs, take warning," were attached to the figures. This act was not indorsed by a majority of the strikers. Very few mechanics are at work in any department. Two of the men in jail at Jefferson are German citizens.

NO CHANGE IN THE SITUATION.

St. Louis, March 16.—There is no change in the situation this morning at the Missouri Pacific yards. Numbers of the strikers are congregated just outside the yards, but maintain perfect quiet. The attempt to send out the Kirkwood accommodation train this morning failed, the fireman deserting the engine before it was attached to the train, and the engineer returned it to the roundhouse. No attempt has been made to resume freight traffic as yet. The situation in East St. Louis is unchanged, no strike having as yet occurred among the dissatisfied switchmen. Considerable anxiety is felt as to the outcome of this new complication, but the railway officials generally express confidence in their ability to adjust matters before their employes determine to strike.

SOME STRANGE STORIES.

FORT WORTH, Texas March 16.—The

adjust matters before their employes determine to strike.

SOME STRANGE STORIES.

FORT WORTH, Texas March 16. — The Knights of Labor have the upper hand here. The boarding houses and hotels which accommodate the men who take the places of the strikers are boycotted; even the butchers refuse to sell them meat. All this is true, yet the sentiment of the people is against the strikers, but business men are afraid of the boycott. John Tagarts, boarding house keeper, was boycotted yesterday. The waterman from whom he has been purchasing his supply of drinking water, refused to sell to him and he has to go two miles to secure water. His landlord, one of the richest citizens of Fort Worth, has ordered him to vacate his house. Yesterday poison was thrown into

water. His landlord, one of the richest citizens of Fort Worth, has ordered him to vacate his house. Yesterday poison was thrown into Tagar's water barrel, and one married woman and two little girls were poisoned and now lie in a critical condition. The case cited above is the worst yet reported, but there are others nearly as disgraceful. The people here are afraid to call their souls their own.

CITED INTO COURT.

PALESTINE, March 16.—In the district court today the Missouri Pacific railroad filed a petion in a suit against 104 members of the Knights of Labor organization in this place, alleging that the men named in the petition, together with about one hundred more, had conspired together and were acting in concert to prevent the running of trains over the International and Great Northern road, and the proper working and management of the railroad shops. It was also stated in the petition that said men were not employes of the railroad company, and by dint of persuasion and intimidation prevented those in the employ of the company, and by dint of persuasion and intimidation prevented those in the employ of the company, and by dint of persuasion and intimidation prevented those in the employ of the company, and by dint of persuasion and intimidation prevented those in the employ of the company from discharging their duties, and that by their interference, trespassing, etc., the company had been damaged in the sum of \$100.000. The petition closed with a prayer for an injunction against the men, which was granted by Hon. F. A. Williams, district judge, in chambers, and writs of injunction were at once issued and placed in the hands of the sheriff, who is now serving them. them.

MEN GOING EACK TO WORK.
St. Louis, March 16.—Receiver Brown, of
the Texas and Pacific railroad, telegraphs to Vice-President Hoxie that he has 67 men at work in the Marshall shops, thirty-four of them old employes who struck, and that he expects many more tomorrow. The shops at Big Springs, Baird and Ft. Worth, he says, have men enough at work for the present

NOTIFIED BY THE MARSHAL. Marshall, Tex., March 16.—United States Marshal Reagan last evening issued a circular

All persons not in the employ of the Texas and Pacific railroad company are hereby notified to keep off the grounds occupied by the yardsand the shops of said company at Sianshall unless they have business with the United States marshal or the officers of the railway.

cers of the railway.

A SHORT ANSWER.

CHICAGO, March 16,—The Times prints the following special from Denver, Col.:

Vice-President Potter, of the Burlington and Misouri railway, was telegraphed by the striking Knights of Labor that the Knights on the Burlington would strike if his road did not stop doing business with the Missouri Pacific. Potter's reply to the telegram was short but pointed, it being strike.

The Evening Journal's Clinton, Iowa, special says: "Word just reaches here from Sayanah."

rays: "Word just reaches here from Savanah, Iowa, that about 500 track builders on the new Chicago, Burlington and Northern railway have struck. They compelled the engineers and firemen of the construction trains to leave their cabs. The company is paying off the strikers, and they are drinking heavily, and are all aroad with clubs. No information has

strikers, and they are drinking heavily, and are all armed with clubs. No information has been received as to the cause of the strike."

OBSTRUCTED BY FIVE MEN.

OMAHA, Neb., March 16.—The Knights of Labor employed on the Missouri Pacific at this point are out, and no freight trains are moving on the Nebraska division. An attempt to move a train yesterday was prevented by five men, who captured the engine, returned it to the roundhouse and obstructed the track with the roundhouse and obstructed the track with several empty box cars.

THE STRIKING TAILORS.

THE STRIKING TAILORS.

DANVILLE, Va., March 16.—All of the employes of the tailor shops here are on a strike for higher wages. The employers decline to accede to the demands, and all business in that THE STRIKING CUMBERLAND MINERS.

THE STRIKING CUMERELAND MINESS.
BALTIMORE, March 16.—The inconvenience caused by the strike of the miners in the Cumberland region is beginning to be felt in Baltimore. A large number of coasting vessels are employed in the transportation of coal from this to eastern ports, but now few can obtain cargoes, and many are obliged to go to Newport News, where there is srid to be a large supply on hand. Two vessels left for that place this evening, and more will follow to take in coal. to take in coal. Death of a Confederate Admiral,

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 16,-Captain James ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 16.—Captain James I. Waddell, commander of the Maryland fishery forces, died last night at his home in this city of congestion of the brain. He was a native of North (arolina, aged 62 years. Captain Waddell graduated at the naval academy in 1849, having previously served at Vera Cruz against the Mexicans. He served in the United States navy until the war between the states broke out. He resigned and entered the confederate navy, being placed in command of the famous Shemandoah, with which he waged war against vessels in the arctic seas, destroying much valuable commance.

THE DEAD ENGINEER.

THE VICTIM OF SUNDAY'S WRECK BURIED TO-DAY.

Purther Details of the Accident-Particulars of the al-Born in Darkness-Presentation of wels-Peasting a Railroader-A Fatal Engine-Personal and General.

MACON, March 16,-[Special.]-Piece by piece the sad details of Sunday's tragedy are gathered. When the train bearing the remains of the dead engineer reached the carshed yesterday evening, several hundred friends and brother employes were there to meet the corpse. Tender hands removed the leng box from the express car and removing it to a baggage stall took out the coffin and bore it to the platform where it was placed in Wood & Bond's hearse, and driven to his home

in the city.

The wounded man, Jim Norris, was also on board, and swathed in bandages and carefully wrapped up, he was driven to the home of his mother, 149 Magnolia street.

He escaped the frightful fate which overtook his fellows, by swinging out on the engine to see if the cow was off the track. While swinging there he felt the thump of the engine crashing the life out of the animal, and was thrown out of the way by the shock of the engine as it left the track. After a few bumps over the ties, the engine cleared

A FIVE-FOOT EMBANKMENT, knocked down a fence, and threw a pile of dirt over a little four-year-old girl who was

dirt over a little four-year-old girl who was sitting in the porch of a small house, right opposite to where the accident occurred.

Engineer Gugle's head was crushed by the engine's trucks, and Ed Lewis, the woodpasser, was frightfully mangled.

Route Agent Johnson got out of the mail car in some way, and found Gugle dead and Lewis dying. Seeing the condition of the little girl, he extricated her from her awkward position

Today at 10 o'clock, the funeral services begun at the family residence, corner of Pine and Second streets. Rev. Dr. Winchester, assisted by Rev. Dr. Page, conducted the services according to the beautiful Episcopal rit-

ual.
The pall-bearers were T. W. Bennett, A. W. Gibson, Alex. Reynolds, J. A. Fuss, G. W. Wood, S. C. Hoge, H. McAfee, and J. E. Flanders, and J.

ders.

There were representatives from the Broth erhood of Locomotive Engineers present, and a large number of the employes of the Central railroad company joined the procession to Rose Hill, where the remains were in-

A FATAL ENGINE. The engine on which Will Gugle and Ed Lewis were killed has a dark history. Eleven persons have received fatal wounds while running it. Bud Mitchell, who is just getting up, came near meeting his death on it near Americus last year. W. H. Jones, of East Macon, ran on it many years ago. ran on it many years ago.

Presentation of Jewels.

Macon, March 16.—[Special.]—Many months ago the members of the Macon Lodge No. 5, Free and Accepted Masons, planned a scheme to surprise two past masters, George R. Barker and Jomes Boone. of that lodge, with a present

of past master's jewels.

Last night, without the knowledge of the Last night, without the knowledge of the favored parties, a meeting was held, and the beautiful jewels of solid gold, engraved with the various appropriate emblems of this mystic order, were presented by Worshipful Master Charles Damour in a neat address.

The jewels were made in Philadelphia, and cost a snug sum. They are said to be the finest ever brought to this tate.

ever brought to this state.

After the presentation an elegant banquet was served, and around the festive board the brethren squarely compassed the edibles in a level headed manner, and when all were plumb full they looked well to the east and well to the west and departed in peace, after having spent an evening of rare enjoyment.

Feasting a Railroader. MACON, March 16 - [Special.] - Colonel B. W. Frobell, of the Covington and Macon road,

is so very modest that he lets a good item grow cold, provided it concerns himself, ere the dear public are let into the secret. A few days ago he visited Monticello, near where the graveling force are now at work, and the people rose in their majesty and ban-queted him in most royal style. The colonel has passed through too many trying scenes to be easily taken aback, but when the feast was over and he had settled down to rest, a merry party of young ladies and gentlemen assem-bled in front of the house and gave a serenade

that caused the veteran's heartheats to increase at a fearful rate. He appeared and acknowl-edged the honor in a nice little speech. Then the host and hostess distributed cake and wine to the merry revelers, and the sleepy streets of the old Georgia town echoed with the merry music and happy laughter.

that caused the veteran's heartbeats to increase

Whipped but not Hanged,

Macon, March 17.—[Special.] — Willie Thomas, a negro lad fifteen years old was carried from his home on Sixth street near the rock warehouse and was soundly trashed yesterday evening. Rumors were circulated that he was hanged, but no foundation was found to corroborate them.

Change of Date

Macon, March 16.—[Special.]—The time of meeting of the Georgia State Sunday-school association in Macon, has been changed to the 12th, 13th and 14th of May. It was to have been held on the 20th of May, and would have continued three days, but the meeting of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church at Augusta on the 20th, has caused the change.

Our Cemeteries.

MACON, March 16.—[Special.]—Sexton J. J. Clay has put our cemeteries in excellent order and several rows of young elms have been set along the principal avenues. As the season progresses they will become a favorite driving place for Sunday evenings.

Dots and Dashes Macon, March 16.—[Special.]—Sam Muck, the desperado who had a row with Jim McGlaskey some time ago has been arrested.

The Macon and Covington road has been graded a distance of thirty miles. Forty

thousand dollars were paid to hands yesterday. Colonel Machen says it is on a real live boom. Deputy United States Marshal Charley M. Mosely has sent in his resignation.

Mosely has sent in his resignation.

Today Commissioner Erwin committed Joseph Ponder to jail in default of \$150 bail.

Ponder was arrested in Monroe county by Deputy Marshal J. H. King, and the charge is

Deputy Marshai J. H. King, and the charge is selling liquor on election day,
Work on the old Owl Creek church lot progresses finely, and a thorough system of drainage will be established there. The old fire eistern is to be filled up. The lumber for four new buildings is on the ground, and workmen are busy framing them.

The Floyd Rifles, the grand old military company of whom we are all mod has re-

The Floyd Rifles, the grand old military company of whom we are all proud, has recently added eighteen new members to its roll. On Thursday next, according to a note received from Dr. Powell, by the ordinary, six karmless lunaties will be returned to this county, in accordance with an act of the legislature passed last year.

Dennis Keating, W. C. Turpin, Charles Taylor and several others, left for a bird hunt to Coley's station, last night.

It is believed that 1,000 tickets for today's drawing in the New Orlean's lottery are held in Macon.

Personal and Social Gossip.

MACON, March 16.—[Special.]—Lieutenant
W. A. Wiley and Captain Pat McCafferty, are
home from New Orleans. Both report a good

Captain John M. Walden, of Fort Valley, for a long time with the Southwestern railroad ranagement, has been shaking hands with his friends in Macon.

Mr. P. H. Heidingfelder is visiting friends in Talbotton

Talbotton.

D. V. Reeves, of this city, left for Augusta hast night, to accept a position on the Augusta and Sandersville railroad.

Rev. R. J. Willingham passed through the

city yesterday on his way to Savannah, where he goes to attend a series of meetings at the First Baptist church. Ed Polhill left for McRae today. He will go

into the lumber business there.

L. R. Jeter, ticket agent of the East Tennessee road, is seriously ill from injuries received some years ago.

Mrs. Mix and Miss Mary Strain, of Albany

Mrs. Mix and Miss Mary Strain, of Albany
N. Y., are visiting Mrs. L. M. Erwin in this
city. They are related to Mrs. Erwin.

The sale of reserved seats for Lotta was
almost unprecedented. The play was highly
appreciated by a crowded house tonight.

Hon. W. H. Washington, solicitor-general of
the state of Tennessee, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Stevens, leave for a visit

Miss Clara Harris is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Whitfield, in Milledgeville. Mrs. Thomas, with her charming daughter, Miss Hortense, of Milledgeville, are visiting in

Miss Fannie Hall, of Wesleyan, will return to her home in Eastman, in consequence of se-

Miss Olive Herty, one of Baldwin's most charming daughters, returns to her home in Milledgeville after a pleasant visit to friends Miss Carrie Tyler, of Anniston, Ala., is visit-

ing Mrs. W. A. Crutchfield, this city.

Dr. E. W. Warren's condition continues to improve, and his friends hope to see the old war horse up again in a few days.

Colonel E. C. Machen, of the Covington and Macon road, is in the city.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

A Lady Badly Bitten By a Dog—A Railroad Meeting—Other Notes.

Columbus, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Mrs. Lyon, a lady residing in the Northern Libertics, was bitten by her own yard dog yesterday. Her hands and arms were badly lacerated by the vicious canine. The dog has been by the state of t

A railroad meeting will be held at Antioch, Stewart county, next Saturday. It is said that the president of the Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad has proposed to extend the road to Florence and Antioch, provided the people interested will subscribe two thousand

dollars per mile.

Mrs. Annie Delula, a poor widow lady, boarded the train here today, with her three little children, for Florida. Before the train had gone far, she discovered that she had lost her purse, containing \$32, all the money she had. She returned on the next train and appeared to be in great distress. Charles Green and Harris Holland, two ne-

groes, were arrested today, and lodged in jail for stealing waste from the Eagle and Phenix Columbus is to have a new city directory The work will be begun tomorrow.

AFFLICTED BY MEASLES. Ware County Suffering From a Virulent Type

of the Disease. WAYCROSS, Ga., March 16.-[Special.]-The measles are prevalent in Waycross and adja-cent country, and are pronounced by the physi-cians to be of an unusually malignant type. Several members of Colonel H. P. Brewer's

family have been down with the disease for two or three weeks. Rev. W. F. Lloyd, pre-siding elder of the Waycross district, is having them in his family at the present time. News comes from Falkston, a little town between Wayeross and Jacksonville, that every family has more or less sickness in it, and that the type of measles prevailing is unprecedently severe. So far, however, no deaths have re-

Yoked With an Ox.

BLAKELY, Ga., March 16.-[Special.]-A novel sight witnessed here is worth publicity. Mr. David Tyson, of Clay county, presumably disgusted with the worn out, unproductive red hills of that county, wished to move to and cultivate some of Early's fertile land the present year. Having at his command nothing with which to move except a two-ox wagon and a single steer, he at first was perplexed to know how to arrange his team. An idea struck him, and after loading his wagon with nearly a thousand pounds of plunder, he hitched himself in by the side of the ox, and for seventeen miles pulled his end of the yoke through streams and un hills until his desir through streams and up hills, until his destination was reached.

For the Benefit of the Queen City Fire Co. GAINESVILLE, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.]-A fair for the benefit of Queen City Steam Fire Engine company No. 2, was opened in the Hudson hotel building last night and will continue until Friday night. The object of it is to raise money with which to purchase uniforms for the new company. The committee from the fire company have secured the co-operation of the ladies, and the affair will necessarily be a success. All day yesterday the fair ones were flitting about from store to store soliciting articles for the fair, and the display last night indicated that they had been wonderfully successful. A large crowd was in attendance and all enjoyed the The interest will increase from night to night, and success is already assured.

Barnesville's New Hotel.

BARNESVILLE, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Today Messrs. W. P. Bussey & Co., the contractors, formally delivered the keys of the new hotel to its owner, Mr. Matthews, of Talbotton. He, in turn, surrendered them to Mrs. Remington, who has leased it for a year. It is to be formally opened on the 20th inst. The building was to have been completed by the 1st of October last, but the work was unavoidably of October last, but the work was unavoidably delayed from several causes, much to the chagrin of Mrs. Remington, whose lease was to have begun october 1, 1885. However, it is at last completed, and no town in the state possesses a finer one. It is a handsome brick structure, with nicely furnished rooms, handsome and commodious parlors, and a hostess who knows exactly how to tickle the palate of the "knights of the road."

Gainesville's Railroad Hopes.

Gainesville's Railroad Hopes.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—
W. J. Pollard, of Augusta, one of the directors of the Augusta and Chattanooga railroad, was in the city Sunday and Monday, and discussed with our people the prospects of the road. He was assured that Gainesville wanted the road and would do her part toward inducing the management to bring it here. Mr. Pollard feels sure that the road will be built at an early day, and expressed himself as well pleased with the spirit of our people in the matter.

The Simonton Bridge. ATHENS, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—W. B. Griffith & Co. yesterday made a contract with the commissioners of Clarke and Oconee counties to build the Simonton bridge, between Athens and Watkinsville, for \$5,600.

A Depot Completed.

MARSHALLVILLE, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.] An elegant new depot is about completed here, and adds to the appearance of the town very much, supplying a long-felt want to our citi-

Unfavorable for Corn Planting. ABBEVILLE, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—The last week has been very unfavorable for corn planting. There has been but very little planted. Some few say that they are done planting, but fear that they will have to plant

Pleased with the Change. FAIRBURN, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.] -Three inited States prisoners were transferred from the Fuiton county jail to the jail at this place yester day evening. They express themselves as well pleased with the change and their treatment here, There is sufficient room in the jail for 15 or 20 more.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

DAHLONEGA, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—
Mrs. Lydia Williams, an old lady living two miles
from town, died at her home, after a protracted
illness from dropsy, and was interred here in
Mount Hope cemetery.

BLACKSHEAR, Ga., March 16.-[Special.]-Little Ernest Moore, aged about seven years, young-est son of Dr. A. M. Moore, ex-representative of Pierce county, died very suddenly here. He was apparently well up to the night preceding his death. His remains were interred in the Black-

MURDER IN ELBERT.

ONE BOY CUTS ANOTHER TO

Disastrous Railroad Wreck Near Milledgeville—A Villain in Augusta Jail—New Hotel in Barnes-ville—Burned to Death—Sad Death of a Young Wife-Knocked in the Bye.

ELBERTON, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.] - About three o'clock yesterday evening, on the plantation of Dr. A. S. Oliver, eight miles from Elberton, Guy Brown was killed by Granville Simpson, Jr., both colored. The killing was done with a knife. There were two wounds on the body, either of which was fatal. Guy lived about one hour. No one saw the act, though there were persons near. Granville escaped. Coroner Berk held an inquest over the body, and the jury returned a verdict that he came to his death at the hands of Granville. A warrant for the murder has been issued for Granville. The deceased and the slayer were each about sixteen years old.

A RAVISHER IN JAIL,

A Hard Case Caught Up With on a New

Charge. AUGUSTA, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.]-The home of Bill Jennings, in the 119th district, three miles from Augusta, was surrounded by Sheriff A. S. Campbell and posse early this morning and Jennings was placed under arrest, brought to this city and lodged in Richmond county jail. Jennings, who is a married man and the father of a family, is charged with the rape of Mrs. Mulchay, a lady sixty-five years of age, whose husband swears out the warrant of arrest. The crime is reported of a most aggravated nature, and merit mmary punshment. Jennings was seen jail this eve ning and denies all knowled of the crime has been eluding arrest some time, and has just returned from Carolina, where he has been hiding. Jennings has already quite a reputation in this locality. He will be remembered as the man who was sent to the penitentiary from this county some time ago on conviction of forgery of a note for one dellar and fifty cents, with which to purchase whisky. The severity of the punishment excited interest in his case, and the local press, by constant agitation, succeeded in obtaining him a pardon. Jennings will be held for trial at the next term of Richmond superior court, and his chances for again joining the penitentiary gang are bright indeed.

Attempt to Derail a Train. EUFAULA, Ala., March 16.—[Special.]—The hand-car that brought the dead bodies from the wreck was returned to Batesville last night, and when eight miles from here, struck an iron rail, which had been put on the track for the purpose of derailing the fast night train. Two tramps were arrested, charged with the deed, and brought here today. The trial is set for Thursday

SEVEN CARS WRECKED.

The Passengers Make a Narrow Escape from Death.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., March 16,-[Special When the passenger train on the Eatonton branch of the Cental railroad reached the 183d mile post this afternoon, about half past five o'clock, the wheels of one of the freight cars jumped the track, and in about a minute seven freight cars, were torn and piled in a complete wreck. The express and baggage cars were badly smashed, the track torn up, and the freight and lumber scattered in endless onfusion. The engine and tender tore loose and run ahead about three hundred yards The passenger car was not much damaged. There were six passengers on board who were shaken up and scared but not much injured, A. R. Rozier, mail agent, was thrown out of his car and slightly hurt, but narrowly escaping a terrible death. The wreck consists of seven freight cars and nearly all the freight. Conductor Cooper came to Milledgeville in order to telegraph to Eatonton, then went back to the wreck and organized a guard for the

KNOCKED IN THE EYE.

The Mayor of Dahlonega Receives a Serious Blow.

DAHLONEGA, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Yesterday, just as Captain Allen and his family had entered a carriage and were about ready to drive to the cemetery with the remains of their little son, Edgar, the horses at-tached to the carriage became frightened, and tached to the carriage became frightened, and were about to get beyond the control of the driver, when Colonel Charters, the mayor, standing near by, caught one of the horses. Just then the horse held broke some part of his harness, and the carriage pole struck Colonel Charters just above his right eye, knocking him almost senseless and inflicting a very ugly wound. Dr. Kirkley happened to be in the Burnside house, and was immediately summoned and rendered the necessary surgical aid. surgical aid.

Burned to a Crisp.

Rome, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Mrs. Burney, aged sixty years, met with a horrible death this morning. Mrs. Burney lives with her sons, on a farm near Hammond's mill, this county. This morning, after her sons had left for their day's work, the lady commenced cleaning the ward. Sha built several free releft for their day's work, the lady commenced cleaning the yard. She built several fires to burn the trash, and it is supposed in passing by or over one of these burning piles, her clothes were ignited. She rushed out of the yard to a pool, but finding no water there, returned to the yard. She was afterwards found almost nude, her body from head to foot hunged to a crisp. foot burned to a crisp.

A Wife's Sad Death.

CLAYTON, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Mr. M. L. LaCount, who had been in Atlanta jail serving out a sentence for violating the inernal revenue laws, returned home on the Thinstant. He was completely paralyzed in his limbs, and was perfectly helpless. His young wife, in attempting to lift him from the bed to a chair. ruptured a blood vessel and died on the following Tuesday. She leaves two children, one being two years old and the other six months.

Dangerously Hurt.

ATHENS, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Mr. Ed Pittman was badly hurt today, by his horse running over him. He was standing in front of his horse at his planing mill. The animal became frightened and ran over him, knocking him down, the wheels of the wagon passing over him.

A Flood Tide of Matrimony.

CLAYTON, Ga., [March 16.—[Special.]—The marriage fever has recently struck that portion of the country known as the persimon district. The following parties were tied up for better or for worse last week: Mr. W. H. Harden, of South Carolina, to Miss Mary Wilkins, of Rabun county. The groom was advanced in life, being between sixty and seventy years of age. The bride was about "sweet forty-five." Mr. E. T. Galloway, justice of the peace, performed the ceremony. Mr. Sou pace, performed the ceremony. Mr. Sou Dannel to Miss Georgia Dover, both of Rabun county. Mr. H. C. Blalock, justice of the peace, officiated in this marriage. Mr. James Philyan to Miss Rosa Blalock at the residence of the bride's father, Alford Blalock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. S. Dick-

She Was Only Sixteen.

LEXINGTON, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Married, this morning at 8 o'clock, in the lower part of the county, Mr. Jim Christian, a widower of forty, and the father of three children, to Miss Lou Pass, a blushing bonde of sixteen summers, Rev. W. M. Coile officiating.

Old Enough to be Discreet. ROME, Ga., March 16, [Special.]—Norman Barton, aged 75, was married today to a lady of 25. THE FENCE IN CARROLL

Bungling at the Ballot Box Gives the Minority the Victory.

VILLA RICA, March 16.—[Special.]—On the 3d of March what is known as "the stock law" and of March what is known as "the stock law" was advertised by the ordinary to go into effect. Six months ago this (the second) district voted on the question of "for fence" or "stock law." The fence men seemed to be confused, to some extent, how to vote. Nevertheless, the notices were very plain and posted at every noted tree and cross road in the district. Some voted "for fence," while others voted just "fence," and when the votes were counted out "for fence" had so many, and "fence" had a few, and "stock law" had more votes than either, separate, and the ordinary declared the election in favor of the "stock law." The fence men in this district did not contest the election or have much to say about the subject until after the date fixed for it to become a law, and since that time they have been a law, and since that time they have been holding meetings at school houses and at private houses, drafting resolutions, and your correspondent has been informed that some of the younger men have made some rather bloody speeches. The excitement is growing intense, and many threats of damage suits are made.

The Wet Campaign in Clay. FORT GAINES, March 16.-[Special.]-The prohibition election which has been set for

April 8, is engaging the attention of all classes of our citizens, just now. "Wet or dry" can be heard at every street corner. Last Satur-day was a big day for the "wet side." The town was full of colored voters, and they seen ed unanimous for whisky. Governor Smith Will Not Speak. TALBOTTON, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.]

Governor Smith will not speak here, as announced. It is not known what the future will I Court Week in Hart.

HARTWELL, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]— Hart superior court opened this morning, his honor, Samuel Lumpkin, presiding, with Solic-itor General Howard ready to look after his part of the business. The judge's charge to the grand jury was

There is no very important cases to be tried this week, and we therefore look for rather a dull court, as farmers are very busy and will not loose much time unless they are compelled to do so.

Elbert Court Adjourns

ELBERTON, March 16.—Our superior cour adjourned Saturday night, after a hard weeks, work. A large amount of business was disposed of but the dockets were not cleared. Miss A. C. Smith obtained a verdict against the town council for over \$200 damage turning a part of her lot in the street. A tion for new trial has been made in the case. Most of the Elberton lawyers are attending Hart superior court this week.

Superior court convened here yesterday morning. Judge Harris presiding, Solicitor-General. H. M. Reid, present. There are no parties in jail. The dockets, both civil and criminal, are light, and it is likely the court will not con-

Court in Favetteville.

FAYETTEVILLE, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.]

Rabun Superior Court. CLAYTON, Ga., March 16.—[Special.]—Our superior court convened yesterday, Judge N. L. Hutchins presiding. The criminal docket is very light. It is not thought the court will continue in session more than four

A BORN THIEF.

days.

Story of a Kleptomaniac From Banks County -His Experience in the Army. We have heard of kleptomaniacs, but never

in our journey through this vale of tears did we ever see a man that was born a thief, and managed from his earliest years to keep from being caught. This thief flourished for a while in the quiet little county of Banks, and joined a company from that county and went to the war. Here his thieving propensitios came into full play, and he found better chances, to work than in the rustic retreats of Banks. He was a brave man, would fight in battle, and was quick to resent an insult. While in camp at Centre-ville he would crawl out of his tent in the dead hours of the night, and go and rob som of his comrades, and then visit another reg ment and steal something he had no use for He went to Richmond while the army was camped at Centreville, put on an officer's uniform and stopped at the American hotel. Her he got acquainted with several officers, and being a man of good address, soon got in with them. The officers stayed in his room that night. While they were under the influence of whisky and sound asleep, the Banks county man relieved them of all their valuables and took the train next mora-ing and came to camp. The farmers in the neighborhood of the regiment received his especial attention, and it would make no difference how well they treated him, he would steal something before he left. We well re-member, while encamped at Orange court house, it was very cold weather, and several of the soldiers got in with a farmer, who gave them permission to sleep in his house by the fire. The old farmer treated them kindly, and only charged a small amount for the room. The Banks county thief saw where the old fwmer put his money, and got up in the night and stole all that had been taken in from his farm. This natural born thief quit the army at Rapid Ann station and worked his way home, and the first thing he did after arriving at home was to steal a lot of salt. He was caught with the salt in his possession and put in jail. He was sentenced to the penitentiary for this theft, but broke jail and has never been heard of since. He would steal or fight for the fun there was in it. We remember at the fight at Garnett's farm, in front of Richmond, while everybody was trying to lie as flat as they could on the ground, to keep from being hit by a bullet, he would stand up and hold out his hand to get a wound, so that he could secure a furlough.

"ONE MINUTE, GOVERNOR."

The Predicament in Which a Pretty Woma Put the Executive of New York.

New York Correspondence Cincinnati Enqurirer. Stories of Fannie Smith Rich, the woman stories of rannie smith Rich, the woman who was shot in St. Paul the other day by the husband she had deserted, are as plenty in society as apples in autumn. Her father is still alive, a 'respectable,' and highly respected resident. The daughter first married a man named Trimble, and while he and she were together there was at least one story about her behavior that the neswpapers bushed up because of her father's high standing. In Paris she would have been a shining light; accomplished, beautiful and witty, she had the faculty of interesting the most reserved and soher men. Men she had always around her. Distinguished or humble, scholars or mere beaux, they all struggled to enjoy her conversation and fascinating manners. In Paris her behavior at most times would have been deemed merely eccentric. But when the cold lens of the morals of a little Dutch city like Albany were applied to it the women viewed her otherwise than as the men did. The most amazing escapade that is related of her here is that she once frightened a governor into signing a bill in which she took an interest She had called on him two or three times and he had treated her lightly and chaffingly, as a busy man might treat a spoiled child. Suddenly during her last visit she is said to have flung herself in his lap, with an arm wound about his neck.

"Now governor," she said, "I'll give you one who was shot in St. Paul the other day by the hus

ner last visit she is said to have using herself in his lap, with an arm wound about his neck.

"Now, governor," she said, "I'll give you one minute in which to sign that bill. Of course, I do not need to tell you what would happen should any one happen in here and see me seated thus"

The governor signed the bill. He is alive now and no good could come of saying which governor

Not for Sale Yet. From New York Star. I heard a prominent cotton broker say as he stood thoughtfully picking his teeth yesterday: "

stood thoughtfully picking his teeth yesterday: "I mean to give up the business. I claim to be a professing Christian, and one that does his brethren no wrong. One week ago Saturday the market was booming, with August delivery at 9.79; today it sold at 9.32, or a decline of one cent per pound. Now, the whole thing was a big gamble. Every man in the business, including the half of Wall street—churchgoers, too—played for a big stake, and the majority lost. I can't be a Christian and a cotton gambler, that's sure." But his seat isn't for sale yet.

GEORGIA GLIMPSES.

INDULGED IN BY THE PRESS OF THE STATE.

A Deranged Lady Attempts Suicide by Jumping Into a Well-Waynesboro's Park-A Burglary De tected in Griffin-A Shooting Afray in Clayton County-Other Items,

Ordinary Stewart, of Clayton county, has rented the old buggy factory in Jonesboro, in which to hold court, pending the erection of a new court house.

The Griffin News says that on Sunday night Officer Doe prevented the store of R. F. Strickland from being entered by a burglar. As he was patroling his beat, he heard a noise at the rear part of the dry goods establishment of Mr. Strickland, and on investigating it discovered a negro trying to effect an entrance with a bar of iron which had been broken from the grating in front of E. J. broken from the grating in front of E. J. Flemister's, Officer Doe fired three shots after the would be burglar, but failed to catch him with either, and after pursuing him on foot was forced to let him escape for the

Rome Courier: In St. Peter's church on Fri-day last, the Rev. Job Turner, a deaf mute himself, missionary of the Episcopal church to deaf mutes, read evening prayer in the sign longuage of the deaf mutes, the Rev. Mr. Pow-ers interpreting. The service in this language is beautiful and impressive. It was the first time the congregation had seen it so said, and many were much moved. Mr. Turner is a most energetic man, gentle and graceful. He travels over the United States, Mexico and the West Indies, going wherever there are two or three deaf mutes, to preach to them, and minister to them. He deserves much commen-dation for his good work. He has promised to read the service and preach on the first Sun-day, for which he has no appointment, of which due notice will be given.

The Rome Bulletin says that the wife of Green Williams, near Cedartown, made a desperate attempt at suicide last Friday. Her mind had been deranged for several months, and her friends have set considerable uneasiness as to her core in. Her people have kept a close eye upon the day mentioned standardized to elude their

the day mentioned should refer to ende their vigilance, and went out into the yard and threw herself into a well which is forty feet having about ten feet of water to see her just as she made the dangerous leap. Several men were fortunately near at hand, and efforts were immediately made to rescue her. Mr. Bob Brooks was let down into the well, and found that she was still alive and had sustained no fatal injuries. She anve and had sustained no latest injuries. She made a desperate resistance against his efforts to save her from drowning. He, braced him-self upon the curbing and succeeded in holding her head above water until sufficient as-sistance arrived to draw Mr. Brooks and the unfortunate lady from the well.

Jonesboro News: A reliable citizen of Pau Handle was in the city last week, and we called on him to hear the particulars of a shooting affray that took place in that part of the county, and learned the following: One night last week Mr. James 14. Chambers was shot. Our informant gives both sides as reported. About ten o'clock Mr. Chambers says that he was in a line part Mr. West Hone. says that he was in a lane near Mr. West Hon-derson's house going to his home from Sam Curtis, where he had been to collect some money, and was shot by some one from ambush. The other side is this: Eli Brown, who lives with a colored woman named Mandy Morris, says he shot a man about 12 o'clock that night; that he was in the house and heard ome one knocking on the front door trying to get in; that he refused to tell his name business, and that he went out the back do and turned around the corner of the house and shot the man at the door; said he didn't know who it was, but the man he shot slapped his hands on his legs and ran off. This is as we heard it. Mr. Chambers was shot in the thighs, six shot taking effect in the right leg and three in the left. His physician pronounces him in quite a critical condition.

Waynesboro Citizen: Mr. Joe Wilkins has made a beautiful park, containing about one acre, on Whitaker street, northeast of the cemetery, and has laid it off with walks and furnished it with nice, comfortable seats, and is preparing to make it beautiful with rare plants, flowers and trees as soon as the spring comes. It will be a most pleasant promenade when the warm summer evenings come. Mr. Wilkins is a gentleman of highly cultivated taste and of a most exquisite appreciation of the beautiful. He has 700 valuable plants and flowers with which he proposes to ornament his home and his park as soon as the weather will permit them to be placed in the open air.

John Coffee, who killed Deputy Marshal
Merritt, at Lula, is a descendant of General
John Coffee, of Telfair county, Georgia, who
was elected to congress on the general ticket in 1834. He died in October, 1836, on the eve of the congressional election. He was voted for throughout the state and re-elected, as his death was not generally known. Hon. W. C. death was not generally known. Hon. W. C. Dawson, of Greenesboro, was elected to fill the vacancy caused by Coffee's death. General John Coffee has been frequently confounded with General Coffee, who served on General Jackson's staff. The former was militia gen-

eral of Georgia. Augusta Chronicle: The recent agitation of the Chinese question in the newspapers has agitated the Chinese. They are not sufficiently informed in the 'Melican's language to understand that the drift of the articles that have appeared in the Chronicle has been to deprecate any improper course toward them, and they are very much excited. Two estimable ladies who are interested in missionary work among these strangerss within our gates reported to the Chronicle yesterday that their school was without scholars Sunday, and upon investigation the Chinamen were found locked up in a room in the city greatly alarmed and excited. One of them with tears in his eyes excited. One of them with tears in his eyes told them they were afraid to go out, and were alarmed lest their goods were to be confiscated or destroyed, and they themselves harshly dealt with. The ladies reassured them as far as they could, and called upon Mayor May in regard to them. The mayor informed them that any Chinaman paying his license and conforming to the laws of the city would be protected in the peaceful discharge of his business just as thoroughly as any other citizen. ness, just as thoroughly as any other citizen. Council had recently refused a petition to deny them business licenses, and there was no cause whatever for the present excitement

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!

Cures Consumption, Colds, Pneumonia, Influenza, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchi-tis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup. Whoop-ing Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, Inflamed and poisoned by the disease and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMP-TION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails.

nov28-d tues wed thur sun wky nx r m nol

HOLMES' SURE CURE MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE

ECZEMA.

Itching, Burning, Cracked and Bleeding kin Cured

by Cuticura! IT IS AT THIS SEASON, WHEN RAW WINDS and chilly blasts wake into activity eczema and every species of itching and burning skin and scalp diseases, that the Cuticura remedies are more successful. A warm bath with Cuticura soap, and a single application of Cuticura, the great skin cure, instantly allays itching, removes crusts and scales, and permits rest and sleep. This repetted daily, with two or three doses of Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, to keep the blood pure, the perspiration pure and unirritating, the bowels open, the liver and kidneys active, will speedily cure eczema, tetter, ringworm, psoria is, lichen, puritus, scald head, dandruff, and every species of itching, scaly and pimply humors of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair, when the blast physicians and all known remedies fail.

About two years since I was badly afflicted with a form of eczema, and ordinary medical treatment signally failed to cure me. I then used your Cutcura Remedies, and in a few weeks was perfectly cured. I think faithfully used they will cure the worst skin diseases known.

GEO. S. DICKENSON,
Nat. Home for D. V. S., Hampton, Va,

ALT RHEUM CURED.

I was tree bled with salt theum for a number of years so that the skin entirely came off one of my hands from the finger tips to the wrist. I tried remedies and doctors' prescriptions to no purpose until I commenced taking Cuticura Remedies, and now I am entirely cured.

E. T. PARKER. 379 Northampton St.. Boston, Mass. ITCHING, SCALY, PIMPLY.

For the last year I have had a species of itching, scaly and pimply humors on my face to which I have applied a great many methods of treatment without success, and which was speedily and entirely cured by Cuticura.

MRS. ISAAC PHELPS,

Cuticura Remedies are sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50c; Resolvent, \$1; Soap, 25c. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston. Mass, |Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases." PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes, and Baby Humors, use Cuticura Soap. SHARP AND SHOOTING PAINS, that seem to cut through you like a knife, are instantly relieved by placing a Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster over the spot where the pain originates. Elegant, original and infallible. 25c.

Schenck's Mandrake

ARE GUARANTEED TO BE THE BEST

System Regulators, Liver Invigorators,

Digestion Promoters, Bowel Tonics,

EVER PRESENTED TO PUBLIC PATRONAGE. THEY HAVE GAINED THIS "A 1" REP-UTATION BY FIFTY YEARS' SUC-

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ATLANTA BRIDGE WORKS

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TORPID BOWELS, DISCRDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Less of Appetite, Howels costive, Sich Head-ache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dixiness, Flattering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and domand the use of a remedy that aris directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Eidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "seavengers of the yellow," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nauses or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

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East Eleventh street, between Fifth Avenue
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Broadway. Convenient to all the best stores and
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SAUCE (THE WORCESTERSHIRE) Imparts the most delicious



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MISCELLANEOUS.

GENERAL SHERMAN AT SANDERS-

Phil Sheridan's Ingratitude—A Flourishing South Carolina Town Without a Charter—A Cousin's Perfidy and a Wife's Sorrow—Other Reading of General Interest.

When General Sherman passed through Sandersville, Georgia, he made his headquarters at the Gilmore house. Major Sparks gives the following account of the unpleasant fertures of the stay of the federals at the house

"At the time of Sherman's entrance into Sandeisville the house was occupied by Mrs. Harris and her niece, Miss Greene. Mrs. Harris had a brother, Andrew McConkey. Mr. McConkey had been in the confederate service, but was at home then on a furlough, by reason of a wound. Of course he had to skip out to prevent capture. As soon as the enemy had passed he returned and remained at home during the remainder of the war. It was this brother who told me of General Sherman's character as a brutal tyrant. Those who know character as a brutal tyrant. Those who know McConkey will bear me out in saying that he is not a man to exaggerate or bear malice on account of trivial matters. The entire property of the family was destroyed, but I never heard him say a word about that. But I've seen his eyes flash when speaking of Sherman and his officers as inmates of his sister's house. These officers offered every kind of tartalizing remarks about the people and their condition, and would sneeringly tell Mrs. Harris that "when we catch that brave brother of yours we'll fix would sneeringly tell Mrs. Harris that "when we catch that brave brother of yours we'll fix him." They seemed to take a positive pleasure in abusing and disfiguring the buildings and furniture. These things showed his utter lack of good breeding. But the worst of all was this: Miss Greene had a nervous affection that much disfigured her face. These fellows seemed to enjoy chafing her about her missfortine. At the table, if Miss Greene ventured to join that me they green remarks as these ware comto join them, such remarks as these were com-mon: 'Miss Greene that constant twitching of your rosy cheeks is very annoying to me; "my dear young lady, can't you smile without such a commotion in your facial nerves?" If that be not enough evidence to convict him of brutality I am mistaken."

A Virginian tells this of Phil Sheridan: "Of

A Virginian tells this of Phil Sheridan: "Of all the federal generals Phil Sheridan was the most ungrateful. When Sheridan was a boy his father, Mike Sheridan, with Phil worked on a turopike in West Virginia under A. T. M. Philler, a large contractor. Phil was a bright boy and attracted the contractor's attention and Mr. Philler resolved to help him. Just at this time Tom Corwin, of Ohio, was between two fires, politically, and dreaded to make an appointment to West Point. To help him out of the difficulty, and help young Sheridan into a good thing, he got Corwin to appoint young Phil to West Point. And that was his entrance into military life. During the war when Sheridan went into Virginia he made his headquarters at Mr. Philler's house. made his headquarters at Mr. Philler's house. After clearing up the country round he set fire to Mr. Philler's residence and left the whole place in ashes."

A TOWN WITHOUT A CHARTER. How a Thrifty and Beautiful Little City Lost

Its Charter. CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 15 .- [Special.] -Yorkville occupies an anomolous place among the municipalities of South Carolina. It is a the nunrepaintes of South Carolina. It is a town in name, but not in fact. It possesses several thousand inhabitants, among whom are many of the foremost citizens of the state. It boasts of pretty streets, capacious and substantial business houses, attractive residences and well appointed public buildings, stately churches and picturesque environments—but it is not a town, that is not ncorporated town-only a community
h hears the name it has borne upwards of
tury. And proudly has it borne this
it has furnished its quota of great governors, judges, statesmen, publicists, is and literati, and will doubtless show future a like fecundity in this direction. But the town is no longer a town. It is like a beautiful ship without a captain or a crew. It has no mayor, no aldermen, no tax collector, no town marshal, no police, no dignitaries of any descrip tion, yet it manages to get along comfortably and many citizens opine that the town is bet-ter off without them. The people now realize what nuisances these bloated office-holders are, nyhew, and seem happy and prosperous with-aut them. The merchants and artisans ply their business without a license, and do not pay a town tax, simply because nobody has the

authority to levy a municipal tax or the power to collect it. Nevertheless, the blood in the arteries of business circulates as before, and the visitor cannot discern any difference in the ways of the tradesmen. As usual, the place is frequented by drummers, and the merchants continue to buy and sell, regardless of the terrible fact that Yorkville is no longer a town. In short, everything goes on just as before, and the loss of the charter is not felt or realized. It is a good thing that this community is so peaceable and law-abiding, else the isck of peace officers might be sorely felt. It is a good thing, too, that there are no barrooms in the place, but it is a bad thing that there is not a street lawn anywhere to be seen! there is not a street lamp anywhere to be seen

The nocturnal pedestrian soon ascertains th's to his sorrow. But whether or not Yorkville enjoys the curious distinction of being a town without a charter or a beard of officers, it must continue so until till the meeting of the legislature next November, when the difficulty will be overcome and the mistake rectified. The town overcome and the mistake rectified. The town was deprived of its charter in a rather unusual way. At the last session of the general assembly the representatives from York, in view of the fact that the charter of the town would expire during the session, introduced the necessary bill to renew and extend the charter. During the hurry and flurry incident to the closing days of the session, the bill which had passed the two houses in vocations. closing days of the session, the bill which had passed the two houses in proper form and was ready for ratification, was carelessly overlooked by the committee or the clerks, and, after adjournment it was discovered lying upon one of the tables in the senate chamber. It had not been ratified by the two houses, consequently was utterly void. It was too late to remedy the wrong after the members had gone home, and neither the governor nor any other state officer had any power to rectify the error or afford the necessary relief. Thus it was that Yorkville lost its charter.

The most efficacious stimulants to excite the the appetite are ANGOSTURA BITTERS, prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article.

Western Gamblers' Superstitions.

Old Gambler in Butte Miner. Lots of men are ruined by not realizin' how lorg astreak of bad luck may last. I don't see pothin' ter prevent its lastin' forever.

They used ter say in war times that currency treked in a man's ear would bring him luck. I've seen many a man sittin' at a poker table with a little wad of our ency sticking out of his ear.

Another way to "woo fortune," as they say, is to put a chair back to the table an' straddle it—the

chair, I mean.

T're often known men to wear their stockings wrong side out hopes of bringin' luck.

Others think that turnin' three times round a

Chair'll do it. Ai. I've known no end of 'em that thinks there's luck in some one thing they wears—a hat, a coat, a pair of shoes.

I've seen a man very fond of dressin' set down to a table with as old and ragged a pair of pants on as ever you see, just for that reason. There's a faro bank dealer in town that won't deal'ess he has on an old brown straw hat. A big game was goin' on the other night, when he dis-covered he didn't have on his hat. He stopped the game and would not deal another card until be got his hat.

he got his hat.

Sometimes a player takes a notion that a certain party brings him bad luck. I see that shown not long ago in a farobank. A man tuat was playin', and nad lost sev'ral bets, looked up suddenly an see a man that he thought bringed him bad luck lookin' on. What did he do but cash a chip and get the man to walk a couple of blocks for some cigars.

ANY ONE TROUBLED WITH A COUGH OR COLD, will avoid much suffering and risk, by using Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, an old curative of C. F. STADIGER, Proprietor, & Name this paper. mario-dawkem flur m

MRS. NORTON'S STORY The Story of a Cousin's Perfidy and a Wife's

New Haven, March 14.—A sad-faced, middle-aged woman visited the law office of A. D. Penny with a story of cruelty and desertion. It was Mrs. Sophia J. Norton, of Woodtick, a village near Waterbury. Thirteen years ago she married Owen C. Norton, a joiner in this city. They went to Norton's farm, in Wood-city.

village near Waterbury. Thisteen years ago she married Owen C. Norton, a joiner in this city. They went to Norton's farm in Woodtick, and lived happily until a year ago. Mr. Norton, who was seven years his wife's senior, and now 38, was a generous-hearted, indulgent husband. They had three children.

A little over twelve months ago Miss Minnie Newton, aged 25, a cousin of Mr. Norton's, came to live in the Norton family. After her arrival Mrs. Norton says her husband continually neglected her, while his attention to the new comer increased. The family slept up stairs until last summer, when the husband compelled Mrs. Norton to sleep down stairs, out of regard for her health. The intimacy between the young woman and Norton continued until Mrs. Norton was well nigh broken hearted. In November they compelled her to enter a carriage, and she was driven to the State insane asylum at Middletown on the certificate of Dr. Barbour. Superintendent Shew at the asylum discharged her, pronouncing her perfectly sane, and giving her a writing to that effect. She has arrived home to find that her husband has fled to Florida and her family scattered. She will now institute suits alleging conspiracy to incarcerate her in the insane asylum, a high crime in this tute suits alleging conspiracy to incarcerate her in the insane asylum, a high crime in this state, also for the custody of her children and money for their support. Miss Norton is still at Woodtick.

"I do not like thee, Dr. Fell.

The reason who, I cannot tell."

It has often been wondered at, the bad odor this oft quoted doctor was in. "Twas probably because he, being one of the old-school doctors, made up pills as large as bullets, which nothing but an ostrich could bolt without nausea. Hence the dislike. Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Pleas-ant Purgative Pellets" are sugar-coated and no larger than bird-shot, and are quick to do their work. For all derangements of the liver, bowels and stomach they are specific.

Moody and Sankey are drawing such immense crowds in New Orleans that the Washington Ar-tillery hall, where they have their meetings, will not begin to hold the throngs.

Remarkable Escape.

Remarkable Escape.

John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Indiana, had a very narrow escape from death. This is his own story: "One year ago I was in the last stages of Consumption. Our best physicians gave my case up. I finally go so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours My friends then purchased a bottle of DR WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, which benefited me. I continued until I took nine bottles. I am now in perfect health having used no other medicine."

Statistics are said to show that over 90 per cent of mad dogs are retrievers, are animals so called, and that mongreis are much more liable to bydrophobla than dogs of pure breed.

Beautify your homes: finish the walls and

Beautify your homes; finish the walls and ceilings with Alabastine, white and twelve tints: cheaper and better than paint kalsomine or paper. Beautiful sample card free. By paint dealers everywhere. A. G. Candler, At-

The New Orleans creoles make a sleeping draught of lettuce leaves boiled to form a tea. The lettuce leaf tea is administered in large quantities before going to bed to cure sleeplessness. FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Trestise and \$2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

There is no less than \$1,000,000,000 of diamonds in America today. The most costly one is that of E. D. Morgan's widow, of New York—Governor Morgan. It has been offered for \$36,000, and is a 22 carat diamond.

A Reliable Article.

For enterprise, push and a desire to get such goods as will give the trade satisfaction. Sold by Sharp Bros., C. O. Tyner and Stillman & Co. The druggist leads all competition. They sell Dr. Bosanko's Congn and Lung Syrup because its the best medicine on the market for coughs, colds, croup and primary consumption. Price, 50 cents and \$1.00. Samples free. C. O. Tyner and Goldsmith & Co. and Goldsmith & Co.

The orange groves of Florida show the ravages made by his ky majesty, Jack Frost. The estimated damage amounts to about two millions of dollars in each. This succulent fruit will be a scarce commodity next season.

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, bleeding and itching piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's pile remedy, which acts directly upon the parts effected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Pin Sold by C. O. Tyner and Goldsmith & Co. ing organs. At times symptoms of indigestion

The Union Pacific is a heavy burdened corpora-tion. It owns and operates 5,140 miles of railroad, and its debt for each mile amounts to \$30,993 and is continually increasing. This is a pretty heavy load to carry. to carry.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain and cures wind colic. 25 cents

VALENCIA, March 14.—Mme. Patti, who appeared here in "Traviata," was loudly hissed, owing to hitches in the first duet. She at once theater and returned to her hotel, escorted by the police.

The Horsford Almanac and Cook Book. mailed free on application to the Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.





Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Vanilis, Lemon, Orange, Almend, Rose, etc., flavor as delicately and naturally as the fruit. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

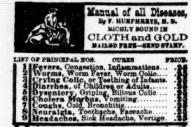
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GHATTAHOOGHEE RIVER BRICK.

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A SPECIALTY.

Samples and prices furnished on application; july 31ddwklv HUMPHREYS'



HOMEOPATHIO 10 Dyspepsia, Billous Stomach.
11 Suppressed or Painful Periods.
2 Whites, too Frofase Periods.
13 Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing.
14 Sait Rheum, Ersipelas, Eruptions.
16 Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.
16 Fever and Ague, Chills, Malans.
17 Pites, Blind or Bloeding, in the Head.
18 General Debility, Physical Weakness.
24 General Debility, Physical Weakness.
25 Nervous Publity.
26 Urymay Weakness, Wetting Bed.
27 Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation. 1

SPECIFICS. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid ou receipt of price.—RUMPHREYS'MEDICINE CO. 100 Fulton St. N.Y.

Atlanta Rubber Co.

26 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.,

JOBBERS OF

INDIA RUBBER!GOODS, BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, &c.

RUBBER CLOTHING. BOOTS AND SHOES DRUGGISTS, SUNDRIES, TOYS, &c. Leather Belting, Lace Leather, &c.

ASBESTOS, ISOAPSTONE, HEMP, and every description of PACKING. -AGENTS FOR-N. Y. RUBBER CO.
N. J. RUBBER SHOE CO., and the

GIBLIN AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHER Rend for Price Lists and Discounts.

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A COLLEGE FOR WOMEN. A COLLEGE FOR WOMEN.

BRYN MAWR, PA. Offers courses for graduate and undergraduate students in Sanskrit, Greek, Latin, Mathematics, English, French, Old French, Italian, Spanish, German, including Gothic and Old German—History, Political Science, Chemistry, Physics, Biology and Botany, Instruction given in Psychology, Logic, Ethics, Scientific Drawing, Hygiene. Fellowships given each year in Greek, English, Mathematics, History, Biology, Well equipped laboratories. Gymnasium, with Dr. Sargeut's apparatus. For Program, address as above, march2 d16t wed sat

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

I WILLRECEIVE CASH BIDS FOR THE ENTIRE stock of goods of Davis & Calloway, Americus, Ga., up to the 25th of this month, reserving the right to reject them all if not satisfactory. Americus, Ga., March Itth, 1886-8tock estimated at about \$10,000, at New York cost.

J.J. GRANBURY, Assignee.

STRIKERS DO NOT DETAIN PASSENGER TRAINS IN TEXAS. ALL MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS ARE RUNNING REGULAR. CHEAPEST EXCURSION RATES EVER KNOWN

TO SAN FRANCISCO

CALIFORNIA CITIES The Memphis and Little Rock The Great California Short Line.

THE DAISY ROUTE. Round trip tickets on sale March 15, 16, and 17. RATES. 64.15—Atlanta to San Francisco and return, good for six months. Straight tickets are now on sale laily at \$16.70 first class, and \$36.70 second class;

ten days limit.

Solid trains, Little Rock to El Paso. Attached first class and emigrant sleepers, Little Rock to California cities without change, giving passengers \$20 miles ride through the prettiest part of the Lone Star state and passing through the cities of Dallas, Fort Worth and El Paso en route. For tickets and further information write to or call on

further information write to or call on
R. A. WILLIAMS,
Southeastern Pass. Agent,
Pass. Agent,
Pass. Agent,
Pass. Agent,
Pass. Agent,
Pass. Agent,
Rock. Ark,
mari25t torccol



RECEIVER'S OFFICE, Exchange National Bank,

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office until Saturday, March 27th, 1886, for the purchase of the hereinafter mentioned property in its entirety, and also for pieces of parcels of the same-reference being had to descriptive list of said property-which lists, stating terms of sale, will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

signed.
The right to reject any and all bids reserved.
VIZ. The extensive and valuable property located in Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., known as the "Sea-board Cotton Compress Company of Norfolk, Va." Onisisting of:

1. The franchise, which, among other privileges, authorizes the storage of cotton and other merchandise, and the issue of negotiable receipts therefor.

chandise, and the issue of negotiable receipts therefor.

2. Its plant, which consists of three (3) first-class improved Cotton Compresses.

Two (2) Steam Tugs.

Three (3) Transportation Barges.
All the adjuncts necessary to a well-equipped establishment of this character. Its fire-proof Warehouses, seven (7) in number, of capacity for storage of 24,000 bales uncompressed cotton.

Its four (1) Frame Warehouses—Metal roofs—capacity, many thousand tons of Fertilizers, Salt, etc.

Its Wharves and Docks, which afford ample room for berthing at same time ten seagoing steam or sailing vessels. The area of Warehouse and Dock property in Portsmouth is about 614 acres, together with all its other property, which is fully described in the lists above referred to.

WM. H. PETERS, feb 16-till mh 27

Receiver.

'Emory College" Engine,

Built at Emory College Schoo of Technology.

OUR OWN DESIGN, NEAT, COMPACT, HIGH speed, few parts, easy to get at, joints all adjustable, first-class in every particular. Adapted to gin, mill and general farm work. Size at present made 5x7 cylinder, developing 6 H. P. and warranted to give 25 per cent more power than ordinary engines so rated. Inspection and comparison invited. Orders solicited. For further particulars address

1. S. HOPKINS,
President Emory College,
mar 12-diw and wky tf

Oxford, Ga.

FLORIDA HOME FOR 40C Warranty Deed for a 25x102 ft. Building Lot at St. Andrews Bay. Fla., will be sent by prepaid mail to each of the first 100 applicants who remits only 40c. to pay for acknowledging Deed by Notary Public. Write name plainly and in full to that Deed will be correct. A quick order insures choice Lot. This great offer is for the purpose of starting a Local Colony in your community. A good salary paid for your services in addition to this Free Lot. We pay all taxes for two years. Lots are selling at the Bay for from \$25 to \$300. With Deed will be sent illustrated pamphlets to distribute. Address St. Andrews Bay Railroad & Land Co. 227 Main St., Cincinnati, O., or St. Andrews Bay, Fla.

**Deed can be executed more promptly if you address the Cincinnati office.

mar16 d2t wkylt

DO YOU WANT,

AN ELEGANT SOUTHERN HOME A ND A MAGNIFICENNT STOCK FARM? OR an unexcelled site for a masurfacturing town, with nearly five miles of very fine water power? Or a very valuable Gold Property? Address J. H. NICHOLS. Nacoochee, Ga.

For Bale-Books, Stationery Ett, POR SALE—WE CARRY A STOCK OF SUPE-perior composition for making printers rolliers, which we sell at forty cents per pound. We are also prepared to have rollers cast. Address The Constitution.

Constitution.

A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES
with mortgage clause; costs sixty cents, and is a
good investment for the business man. We will
send the book, post paid, upon receipt of sixty
cents. Address The Constitution. DO YOU WANT A NICE RECKIPT OR DRAFT
book! We send a book containing one hundred receipts or drafts, post paid, upon receipt of
thirty-free cents. Address The Constitution.

Money Wanted.

WANTED-FOR A CUSTOMER-LOAN OF \$10, 000 for three or five years on a property worth three times the amount, in a near by, live town Party is first-class, and interest will be paid quarterly if desired. W. H. Patterson.

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid 66 Deg. Oil Vitrol, AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga DISTILLER OF GOAL TAR

Manufacutrer of Roofing and Paving Materials, Tarred Roofling and Sheathing Felts,

PERFECTION BRAND OF READY ROOFING. Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

BOOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC. No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR



AND BREAKFAST BACON. NONE GENUINE UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARKS, A LIGHT

The Opium Habit Cured in 15 Days

I CAN CURE THE OPIUM HABIT AND WILL charge nothing if I don't cure you, board included. Will cure you for less money than any other doctor in the world. For particulars address J. A. NELMS, M. D., feb2—dly Smyrna, Cobb county, Ga.

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ASTANDARD MEDICAL WORK FOR YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN. ONLY SI BY MAIL, POSTPAID. ILLUSTRATIVE SAMPLE FREE TO ALL,



Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Deblity, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all facute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 25 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 200 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—than any other work sold in this country for \$2.50 or the money will be refunded in reweinstance. Price only \$1.00 by mail, postpaid. It lustrative sample free to anybody. Sand now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the President of which the Hon. P. A Bissell, and associate officers of the Board the reader is respectfully referred.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. If will benefit all.—Loudon Lancet.

There is no member of society to whom the Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, gaardian, instructor or clergyman.—Argonaut.

Addiest the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. Walls and the treat Boster Meas. Great Medical Work on Manho naut.
Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr.
W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Bostou, Mass.,
who may be consulted on all diseases requiring
skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate disease
se that have baffled the skill of all HEAL an
treated successfully, without THYSELF
an instance of failure. Mention this paper.

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HIS IS THEONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING

Cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only
line running through cars into the city of New York
without any transfer whatever, svoiding the disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river.
No extra charge on the limited express, four fast
express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York,
New England and Canada; ask your ticket agent
for map and folder, or address

J. E. EEEVES,

General Southern agent, Cincinnati, O.

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ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE -AND-COLLEGE OF MUSIC. WIII Reopen Wednesday, September 2, 1885.
THE MUSIC AND ART DEPARTMENT ARE REspectively under the care of Mr. Alfredo Barki
and Mr. Whitsm Lycett. For circular, applying
Mrs. J. W. RALLARD,
Trinspal,

for Sale-- Aliscellaneons. A CID PHOSPHATE — DEALERS DESIRING phosphate for late demand can be promptly supplied by sending their orders to us, as we have a fresh stock of Pacific D. B., Phosphate and Adair's Acid on hand in Atlanta. Correspondence solicited. Adair Bro's. & Co., 27 W. Alabama st., Atlanta, Ga.

Anction Sales.

P. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER, 33 MARIETTA—
J. Thursday morning, 10 o'clock, in front of stre, will sell a 000 peach and apple trees, 10,000 nice strawberry plants, evergreens, etc., all warranted true to name, and nice, fresh, thrifty stock from a reliable nursery. The ladies will desire these goods.

Lesies goods.

B. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER—MRS. SELTZER, Sale of china resumes this morning. 10 o'clock. Ladies especially invited.

J. LEVI & CO., 20 PEACHTREE STREET, will sellyou today, 10:30 o'clock, fine hair matricesses, lounge, bedding, bureaus, kitchen sales, parlor suits, window shades, crockery, plated knives, spoons and forks, clocks, carpets, sloves, perch beaches, trunks, French plate mirrors, etc. All goods to be sold at auction hauled free of charge.

FOR SALE—WILL BE SOLD AT REDD & COX'S
I livery stable, No. 60 South Pryor street, Thursday morning, March 18, at 10 o'clock, to the highest bidder, six heavy draft wagons, harness and mules. Good bargains can be secured by attending

fotels.

THE GRANT HOUSE IS CENTRALLY LOCATED and the best family hotel in the city, with every modern convenience.

Dersonal.

WILL GIVE TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS RE-ward for evidence to convict the man who poi-oned my dog Bull. W. R. D. Thompson. DE YOUR OWN LANDLORD—STOP PAYING rent. Take shares in the People's Loan and Bullding association. Buy you a home. Safer than savings banks. Remember first regular meeting on Monday, 22d inst., for payment of dues and sale of money. Books for susseribing to the capital stock at R. M. Tidwell's, 29 West Mitchell; George O. Williams's, Marietta, and McBurney's, 15 North Broad street.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, HARRY KROUSE No. 2, Kimbail house, Wall street.

Business Chances.

POR SALE—A GOOD PAYING DRY GOODS:
Shoe, Hat and Clothing business on easy terms or part or all of the business. Address P. O. Box, 28 Gamesville, Ga.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, ENTERPRISING MAN with \$600 to \$1,000 to help extend a respectable, profitable and growing business. Address Erwin Webster, Macon, Ga., postoffice box 566.

Set to wed 4t

Instruction.

PROFESSOR AGOSTINI'S DANCING SCHOOL is now open at Concordia hall for the reception of scholars. Country Produce.

HAVE 100,000 POUNDS OF TENNESSEE PACK-ed Pork well trimmed, with the lard, jowls and heads of six or seven hundred hogs, now for sale. Address me at Sweetwater, Tenn. J. F. Owen. if

Money to Loan. MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR FARM

property at reasonable rates; no unnecessaritys; Alfred Gregory & Co., 24% Peachtree et.

Belp Wanted --- Male. W ANTED-A GOOD JOB PRINTER WANTED. For a pleasant position address, with references, "Job Printer," care Constitution. WANTED-TRAVELING SALESMEN-A FEW good energetic men in the South to sell deaters our popular N. Y. Cigars. References. Address, with stamp, Bartcher & Shaunon. 7 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

A TTENTION GENTLEMEN-SOMETHING NEW, just out. Men with little capital and out. of a job can make it to their interest to call at the Bartow house, from 8 to 12 Wednesday and Thursday, J. F. Lucas.

WANTED-MALE TEACHERS-PARTNER FOR boys' and girls' high school, New Jersey; president for college, Missouri. Large demand for male teachers for september. Southern School Agency, 20 S. Cherry st., Nashville, Tenn.

A GENTS — LOCAL AND TRAVELNG CAN
make from \$25 to \$200 weekly. Address
Imperial Fire Extinguisher Company. Stewart
Building, New York. Mention this paper.
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WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A
WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A
ings and learned in an hour; any person making
less than 10c. to 50c. an hour should send 10c. at
once for a package of samples of goods and 24
working samples (formulas) to commence on. Adess Albany Supply Co., Albany, N. Y.

Belp Wanted --- Female.

WANTED-LADIES AND YOUNG MEN HAV W ANTED-LADIES AND YOUNG MEN HAVing a few hours spare time each day, and wishing to earn money, can have work at their homes
in an entirely new business, strictly honorable
and genuine in every respect. The rules are simple and work easily done. We furnish all materials and send them carriage prepaid. We give
constant employment to those who wish it. Good
prices paid for work. No canvassing or peddling,
Address at once for particulars. Purity Manufacturing Co., 12 Howard street. Boston, Mass.

Situations Wanted--Male. WANTED—A POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER OR city solicitor for a job printing house in city.

Address E. R. H., Constitution. to fr six

WANTED—A SITUATION AS AN ENGINEER or any other work whereby I can support my family. Good references given. Address S. E. McConnell, 316 Rawson street, Atlanta, Ga. 1w-dh.ph

Situations Canteo-Female WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPH-er, type-writer and copyist desires a position. References. Address Miss C. Curle, 722 5th street, four ville, Ky.

Loui ville, Ky. th sun tu

Ware Draw A Middle Daged Lady, A Sirnation for the next school year as governess
and resistant arteacher in a southern young ladies
seminary, where her services would be partly renumerated by the education of her daughter in
the English branches, the Italian language and
music. References given. Address Teacher, Constitution office. Wanted--Miscellaneons.

WANTED-BUSINESS MEN TO SEND SIXTY cents to The Constitution for a book of 100 ironelad mortgage notes, waiving homestead and the garnishment of wages.

Agents Wanted. A GENTS WITH SMALL CAPITAL. WE HAVE Something new, no risk, large profits, special 30 day offer, write at once. Empire Co., 834 Canal street, N.Y. wed fri sun P. UBBER STAMP WITH YOUR NAME ONLY IS. The cits, marks linen, prints cards, etc.; 2,000 styles. Agents wanted. Circulars free. Model Rubbow Stamp Co., Baltimore, Md. dz wi A GENTS WANTED — ADDRESS ELECTRIC ALBIP & Stove Co., St. Louis, Mo., for circulars, cuts and terms of the 56 candle power Marsh Electric Lamp.

Boarders Wanted.

COUPLE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN FIND furnished room, every convenience, best of the board, 36 Calboun street. BOARDING BY R. M. WEST, 46 COLLING ST. House new and well furnished. Table good, rates reasonable. rates reasonable.

ON ACCOUNT OF THE INCREASED DEMAND
OF rooms the Ewell house, corner church and
West Ellis streets, has been enlarged by the addition of the adjoining house. A few more boarders
can be accommodated.

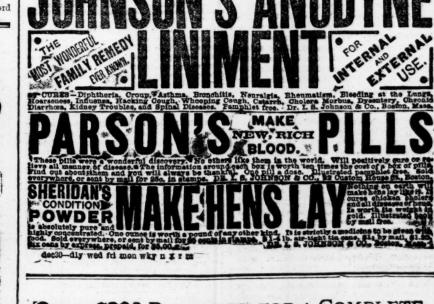
for Hent-Bonses, Cottages, Etr. FOR RENT-A NICE COTTAGE WITH SIX rooms, all the modern improvements. How and cold water, etc., at No. 99 Wheat street. Apply to William P. Hill, at 2½ Marietta street.

Rooms With or Without Board.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, with or without board; conveniencies. Apply No. 15 Washington street. for Sale--Real Estate.

FOR SALE-EDGEWOOD PROPERTY: 165 acres, fronting nearly 2,000 feet on north side Ga, railroad. E. W. Brooks.

£ost. Lost-Black SEITER, NAME "SHOT," WITH my name engraved on collar. Finder with please return to No. 27 Alabama st, W. F. Dickey.





ATLANTA, GEORGIA. THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAT

IN THE WEEE, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT \$1 PER MONTE, \$2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR. THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE ENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS, ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND NAKE ALL DRAFTS OB CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION.

Atlanta, Ga ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 17, 1886.

Indications for Atlanta and Georgia: Colder, followed by warmer, fair weather. South Atlantic States: BLUE. Stationary temperature; variable winds; weather in the interior; light rains on the coast. East Gulf States: Southerly to easterly winds; slightly warmer; fair weather.

THE name of Mr. W. L. Trenholm, as anticipated, was yesterday sent in by the president, to be comptroller of the currency. vice H. W. Cannon, resigned

wow that New Orleans has hanged two of its prominent citizens, let some of the northern cities hang a few of their well known murderers. Let there be reciprocity in this business if not free trade.

MR. CULLOM's speech in the senate, on the right of the senate to demand the opening of the president's private mail bag, was below mediocrity, and shows to what straits the republicans have been driven.

It is said that Mr. Blaine is "formulating" a new plan of campaign. "Formulating" is a good long word, but if it isn't varnished and ferruled, it will wear out forty years before Mr. Blaine becomes president.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND says he finds it impossible to get anything to eat south of Philadelphia. Under the circumstances, a great many people in this benighted section would like to know what George Alfred eats for a livelihood.

MR. MAXEY voiced the whole truth when he said that the complaint of the people was not that the president had made 643 removals, but that he had not made ten times that number. The people voted for a change in 1884, and they were entitled to it.

THE two-thirds vote by which Mr. Bland was permitted to name the days on which the silver question should be disposed of, shows that the goldbugs have no standing in the house of representatives. The coinage of silver will continue Jor the future as in the past.

It is announced from Talbotton that Governor Smith will not make his anticipated speech on the issues of the day.

A WASHINGTON newspaper, after describing how economically Judge Stallo, our minister to Italy, is living, declares that "it is sickening." Bosh! The whole trouble is that Judge Stallo will not allow himself to be led around by the nose by a parcel of American flunkevs in Rome.

CONGRESSMAN BLISS, of Brooklyn, had occasion yesterday to be thankful for the possession of a strong arm. An irate constituent, refused an interview, attempted to make the congressman come to time, when the latter went to work a la Sullivan, and drew blood on the first round.

A Rather Shabby Fellow.

A friend from Dayton, Ohio, encloses us a letter printed in the Dayton Journal by L. W. J., who was one of the late Ohio excurionists to this state. The letter is very abusive, and our friend writes, "The writer has won the contempt of us all by so returning the hospitality of your people. There is something in that. The Georgia farmers who so frankly met their Ohio brothers and threw open wide the doors of their homes to them, did not of course expect to put even the obligations of courtesy on the lips of their visitors. They expected the Ohioians to return home with much to criticise, and to speak frankly of what they had seen in the south. That much is always understood between gentlemen. But the man who accepts the hospitality of a home. however humble, and while sitting about its hearthstone, forges slanders with which to smite that home after he has left it, is a pretty shabby fellow and deserves the contempt of his neighbors.

The Dayton writer grows merry-as far as malice can be made to be merry-over the "half-handed way" in which Georgia farmers do their work. It is well to judge methods by their results. Twenty years ago the Georgia farmer had nothing. The war that enriched Ohio desolated Georgia. Homes, slaves, stock, fences, implements, houses everything was swept away. There was neither money or credit with which to replace them. A mortgage on land and crop only gave them the right to buy the necessaries of life at an advance of 50 to 60 per cent on the cash price. The richnorth hindered rather than helped the south. It sent us usurers and adventurers, who cut deep for blood and plundered at the point of the bayonet. In spite of all this, the Georgia farmer has prospered. From desolation he has come to plenty with amazing swiftness. Last year his cotton crop sold for \$44,000,000, or nearly double the value of Ohio's wheat crop, and more than the value of Ohio's corn crop. He raised 34,000,000 bushels of grain last year, and has 315,000 milch cows, while the census gives Ohio only 767,000. He has bought or raised 146,000 mules or asses while Ohio has (not including "L. W. J." only 19,000. He has 50,000 oxen while Ohio has only 9,000, and his farm implements, which L. W. J. so despises, are valued at \$6,050,000 while Ohio's only reach \$30,000, 000, with double Georgia's population. He has 1,560,000 hogs, while Ohio has only 3,141,000 hogs (not counting "L. W. J." He has 624,000 sheep, while Ohio has only 4,962,000, and still he don't count his wool-

The Georgia farmer has done wonders. Read over the figures given above. Remember that Ohio has twice Georgia's population and that one third of Georgia's population is colored. You will see that the white Georgia farmer is about as well off as his Ohio brother. And when we remember that the war, while it enriched the Ohio farmer, absolutely impoverished the Georgian and left him penniless and homeless twenty years ago, we certainly feel he is not deserving the ridicule "L. W. J." launches at his con tented head.

ain't worth keeping in." No doubt that is

just what "L. W. J." and his fellow-cranks

and spoilsmen do want. But Georgia has

no idea of leaving the union. She tried it

once, and was headed back. Now she is in

to stay. She has got part and parcel in this

government and she is going to have her say

about running it, just like the rest of the

family. And she is going to help the honest

folks of the north and the south keep the

fingers of L. W. J. and his sort out of the

public treasury. She took a hand in the job

of turning them out last November year,

and she will be on hand every time there is

any danger of their getting in again. We

suspect this is really what is making L. W.

J. sick. If so, he may count on a very long

The Georgia Midland.

Captain English, chai man of the Atlanta

committee that went to Columbus in be-

It is clear that Atlanta has lost her oppor-

tunity in not promptly making up the one

hundred thousand dollars asked for by the

Columbus directors. We are firm in the be-

lief that she will yet have a chance to re

trieve this lost opportunity, and that one

hundred thousand dollars will secure an air

line between Atlanta and Columbus, no

matter to what other point the Georgia Mid-

land may go. One thing is certain. When-

ever Atlanta raises one hundred thousand

dollars, she has friends who will take that

subscription and build a road directly out of

Atlanta to the nearest available point on the

Georgia Midland, and if this gap cannot be

filled by arrangement with the directors of

the Georgia Midland, as we believe it can be

even if they build to Griffin, it can be built

under independent contract. There is noth-

ing to do at present but to await develop-

ments, and there is reason to believe that

these will be swiftly and definitely made.

Merchandise Postage.

The bill of the Iowa senator to increase

the rate of postage on fourth-class matter,

from one cent per ounce to two cents per

ounce, has met an avalanche of remon-

strances from the eastern cities. The bill is

in the interest of interior merchants and the

express companies, and is against the inter-

est of the large retail houses in New York

and other eastern cities that transact a large

business with the people through the con-

veniences of our parcels post. To raise the

rate of merchandise postage to the rate ex-

acted for letter postage would be very dam-

aging to such houses as Macy's or Wanna-

maker's or Jordan and Marsh in the eastern

cities. Such houses are not fighting the bill

bill that would make life harder along the

frontier and in all other places that are not

within easy distance of good markets. They

plead, in other words, the cause of the peo-

The bill may be ill-advised and even in-

jurious, but the people will not suffer if it

becomes a law. It has not left the hands of

the senate committee, and its prospects of

passage are not considered good. From a

strictly revenue standpoint, it is claimed the

bill should be voted down. Not that the

postage directly received meets the expense

of carrying in the mail bags light-weight

goods of almost every description, but the

correspondence that is involved and the

transmittal of the money demanded go to

swell the postal receipts very considerably.

A New York merchant, whose firm uses the

mails freely in sending goods to customers,

recently stated that it is usual to receive

and reply to three or four letters of inquiry

before they receive the order for the goods

that 65 per cent of their remittances are

either by registered letter or money order,

paying the government 12 cents and 10 cents

respectively, for fee and postage, and that

they send fully 65 per cent of their packages

as registered fourth-class matter, paying 10

cents registry fee upon each, in addition to

The bill has many noisy and active oppo-

nents, and it is scarcely worth discussion,

because it seems to be marked for defeat. If

Senator Wilson should succeed in pushing it

through the senate, the house would be apt

to leave it untouched when it closes up the

Southern Iron.

The Chattanooga Tradesman furnishes ac-

curate figures of the output of furnaces in

the Chattanooga and Birmingham districts

in the month of February. The Chatta-

nooga, Citico, Rockwood (2 stacks), Sewanee,

South Pittsburg (2 stacks), Rising Fawn and

Cherokee furnaces, turned out 5,795 tons a

week-making 23,180 tons in the month. If

this rate could be maintained through the

year, the Chattanooga district would alone

furnish over 300,000 tons; and if present

prices are improved upon, or even hold

good, there is no reason to believe the year's

output will fall much short of the amount

In the Birmingham district the Alice,

Eureka, Woodward, Mary Pratt and Sloss

furnaces produced last month 16,100 tons.

One of the stacks of the Eureka furnace was

not in blast. Birmingham has eight stacks

Chattanooga nine. At least two, and prob-

ably four, furnaces, will be put in operation

in the Birmingham district this year. This

would bring the output at Birmingham fully

up to that of the Chattanooga furnaces. The

total annual capacity of the two districts

would then be 600,000 tons. This is the

maximum of the present year's operation.

The year's product of the two districts may

Attacking an Evangelist.

Once a preacher could say what he pleased,

and his hearers listened in decorous silence.

Now they talk back. When this is not done

it is a common thing for some dissatisfied

Out in Macon, Missouri, the Rev. Edward

James, a Baptist evangelist, is in very hot

water. For some time past he has been hold-

d out in the Sam Jones style, and de-

counced card playing, theater going, dancing,

intemperance and other vices. Speaking of the Episcopalians and Catholics he said that

ing successful meetings. Recently he branch-

be safely estimated at 500,000 tons.

We have fallen upon evil times.

person to write a card.

he regular postage.

work of the session.

on that ground, however. They say it is a

half of the Georgia Midland road.

We print elsewhere an interview with

For forty days you observe all the forms and cere-monies of your church, at the end of which time you return to your wickedness, your vices and your But "L. W. J.'s" letter has its sting in its villainies again. Catholicism he denounced in stronger tail. It closes with the statement that if "Georgia, with her sand, and red clay, and terms still, stating that the niggers and poor white trash" tries to secede

Catholics persecuted for conscience's sake and uslaved liberty. from the union again, he will throw up his bat and say, "God speed her out, for she

He also pitched into the Jews with unwarrantable severity.

After half a dozen of these sermons Macon boiled over. People assembled on the street corners and denounced their spiritual teacher in unmeasured terms. Mr. James met the enemy. He com-

menced a series of burning discourses on wickedness, bigotry and ignorance. A counterblast was promptly forthcoming. It was in the shape of a printed circular,

signed by a prominent Catholic priest. The first paragraph was as follows: To all whom it may concern: Macon City, Mo. has just now within her corporate limits a phe nomenon in the shape of a traveling preacher, who gives promise by his extravagance, bluster and lying to eclipse even Ingersoll, and throw Sam Jones in the shade. Whilst lacking the sophistry of the Truer and the buncombe of the latter

cher, James seems to possess the brazen effront The evangelist's attacks upon the Catholics and the Jews were then denied and refuted. The circular concluded with these

remarks: It is a shame-a disgrace, that respectable citiens should tolerate hireling fanatics of this man's type in their midst, to the detriment of the com

In the belief of its writer, the evangelist mus ave got his inspiration as well as his commission the fellow down stairs—the devil.

We have a very dangerous lunatic in our midst The appearance of this spirited document naturally created intense excitement. For the present, Evangelist James is maintaining an ominous silence. His admirers say it is the calm that precedes a storm, and confidently predict a cyclonic outburst. The situation justifies the gloomiest forebodings, and the authorities may yet be compelled to interfere to preserve the peace of the community.

THE people of New York city have more fun than you can shake a gutta percha cane at Even Hubert O. Thompson has a dog named

THE recent brutal prize fight near the metropolis was conducted under the auspices of some of New York's prominent society men. The society ladies were not on hand because it wouldn't be nice to wear lowwaisted dresses on such an occasion.

"GATH" pretends to know more than any iving man about the south and her people As he has never written any facts in his de scriptions of southern life, having long since allowed his memory to be swamped by his imagination, the extent of his alleged information remains a sealed book to his readers. When "Gath" touches southern topics he always writes like a man with a griev nce. In a recent letter he says:

ance. In a recent letter he says:

I notice, for instance, that George Vest, now a senator from Missouri, in nearly all his speeches refers to the lineage of the south. I shall not turn to a dictionary to know what lineage means. The true meaning of that word is aristocratic descent. Neither Vest nor anybody in the fouth has any right to the word lineage. The James boys, who were killed in Missouri some time ago, probably thought they had lineage. It is nonsense. All great lineage begins with some bastard, and that is the story of all aristocratic descent, whereas American families probably escaped the bastardy by their ordinary and commonplace character. Whoever can escape the ravisher of history by living on ever can escape the ravisher of history by livin the by-road passes down the straightforward scent, but whoever is at the top, whether her n be Zenobia or Cleopatra, projects the bastard I Lineage is one of the phrases which corrupts publican society.

While there are many grains of truth in this, "Gath," as usual, has stepped over the border line between truth and falsehood, and written himself down an ass in the bargain If the Historic Muse ever runs against this profaner of her shrine she will in all proba-

A ST. Louis doctor, who composed "The Arkansaw Traveler," is old and in needy circumstances. Joseph Forso, of Cincinnati, who emposed the same tune, is old and poor. let charity do her worst.

TALLEYRAND was a sharp old fox. He made it a rule never to reply to any charges against him in a newspaper. This made the newspapers reckless, and they published all sorts of stories. People soon found out that Talleyrand had been slandered, and the consequence was that in after years, when the truth was published against the cunning diplomat, nobody would believe it. They simply said: "Here is another infamous lie about Talleyrand," and passed on to something else. HARLEM, New York, has a new bank. Is

this another argument in favor of suspending coinage.

In New York the Methodist Episcopal and Protestant Episcopal churches will next week go into open antagonism on the temperance question. Each desires to impress its way of reform on the state legislature, with a view to influence the members in the forthcoming enactment as to liquor. Some change of the existing law is certain. The church tempernce society is an organization of Protestant Enisconalians, headed by Assistant Bishop Potter, and embracing most of the city rectors and it advocates moderate drinking instead of total abstinence. It has sent to Albany a bill fixing high license for alcoholic beverages, and the ministry is requested to promote that measure in the pulpit and elsewhere. The Methodists are strong for total abstinence. At this week's meeting of the city pastors of that denomination it was voted to preach in favor of submitting a constitutional amendment to he people prohibiting the manufacture and sale of rum in the state. These sermons will be followed by special meetings during the week, and the sentiment thus aroused will be directed upon the legislature.

THE New York World has an article on Centralizing Tendencies." The way to put stop to these tendencies is to elect honest and patriotic men to congress. We charge the north nothing for this cue.

EDITOR PULITZER has spent only six days in congress. No doubt he is disgusted with the whole business.

THE dime novel is as deadly when it strikes grown man as it is when it holds the small boy in its clutch. The latest victim is Ben Lancaster, of Sanderson, Florida. Ben is a small farmer, and until recently has been liked and respected by his neighbors. Sometime ago he contracted the vicious habit of reading dime novels. The usual results followed. He began to neglect his farm, and slouehed around with a waxed mustache, a brigandish hat and a pistol in his hip pocket. He went on from bad to worse. He quit the farm and spent his days sleeping in the swamps, while at night sally forth, wearing a mask, robbing travelers on the highway, and attempting to assassinate those against whom he had a grudge. The other day his neighbors hunted him down and captured him asleep many of the former would never get to in the woods. The highwayman was a mere

heaven unless they died during Lent. In one of his sermons he said: wreck. His face had an imbecile look, and his pants were tucked inside of his socks, pinned to the same with wooden pegs. He now languishes in jail awaiting trial.

> REED MORRISON the great tariff statesman is beginning to perceive that his new bill will go to meet its horizontal predecessor, so to

SOMETIME ago in one of our large cities doctor had the brutality to tell a society lady that she was not suffering from heart disease, as she imagined, but from indigestion. He added insult to injury by advising her to do her household work. Of course this was not to be thought of, but in a moment of weakness the lady consented to split her own kindling wood every morning. She was as good as her word, and regularly went at her task with gloved hands. In three months she was so rosy, buxom and happy that she dismissed her physician, thereby causing a worthy man to lose a profitable patient.

IT is now settled that the dyspepsia Americans is not caused by the food they eat, but by their manner of eating it. The man who is anxious, nervous, thoughtful and in haste will always have dyspepsia, no matterwhat he eats. The man who allows his mind to rest, and gives himself up to the emjoyment of his meals, will escape dyspepsia, even if he lives on inferior food.

THE experiment of forming a universal language to be spoken by all nations will be watched with interest. The name of the new tongue is Valapuk. A lively Parisian correspondent says of it:

tongue is Valapuk. A lively Parisian correspondent says of it:

M. Kerkhoffs is the Peter the Hermit of the new philological crusade. He is a Russian, and like all his countrymen, is a Mezzofanti in his way. I do not know if he speaks fifty-eight idioms, but he speaks six of the chief tongues of Europe as easily as a pig squeaks or a blackbird whistles. Valapuk is a commercial language; is quite common in Holland; in six towns of France it is professed; Chitta is examining it, and it is to be hoped Parisians will take to fit this is likely after their success in "Javanese." In the Valapuk dictionary there are 13,000 worts—enough even for a mandarin to stuff into the pigeon holes of his brain. The words are composed of linked idioms most familiar in English, German, French and Italian. But there is no royal road to learning it. The vocabulary has not a resemblance to a telegraphic dictionary of addresses. Thus, "President of the Republic" is "Bistedal." That's a name sufficient to conjure up the Orleanist princes or Pion Plon himself. Servant is "Dunel," woman, "Vom;" goody day, sir, "Glidi sol." How do you do, "Lico stadols." Let a grocer or bar place in their window the time-honored notice: lei on parle—Valapuk, the single word "Valapuken," and the crowds will come te purchase it by the pound or pint. Like all knowledge, the secret lies in getting it into your head and keeping it there.

SENATOR HARRIS once said he would have to put red-hot coals on Garland's back to get him to move, he was so lazy. way to make a turtle move. But the attorney general's cuticle seems to be made out of boiler iron, with seven rivets to every quarter

PERSONS AND THINGS.

C. P. HUNTINGTON, the railroad king, takes wodays' rest each week. He says it pays. WITH Gladstone, Bismarck and Emperor William all ill at once, the season opens rather

A DETROIT preacher has just wooed and won a widow possessed of thirteen children and \$1,000,000. There is hope for Jones.

THE Dr. Douglas nominated by Governor

Hill to succeed T. C. Platt as a quarantine commissioner, was General Grant's physician. COLONEL NICHOLAS SMITH, whose first wife

was a daughter of Horace Greeley, is reported to be following Mary Anderson about the country in per-sistent pursuit of her hand. LELAND STANFORD'S gift of his estate in

California, valued at twenty millions of dollars, for the purpose of endowing a college is the largest lonation ever made by a private citizen. A CRITIC with a statistical turn of mind calculates that by the time Miss Murfree gets through

with her story in the Atlantic she will have hauled he moon several hundred times over the Tennesse EDMUNDS'S "boom" for 1888 is now fairly launched. He will probably get his accustomed three dozen votes in the convention of his party, and then his name will lapse, as usual into

THE Bon Marche, the great dry goods house of Paris, has found advertising in America so satis actory that they have given another order t place their business announcements in all t principal cities of the United States and Canada. MR. SAMUEL MORLEY, lately member of par liament for Bristol, has adopted the allotment sys-tem on his Leigh estate near Tunbridge Wells, cut-

ting the land into twelve rod plots, which he lets to bona fide workingmen for 12½ pence per rod per More than 3.500 babies have been entered or the international baby contest in Paris. The avorite for the prize in the heavy-weight class is a ooy named Sidoyne Vallez, a Belgian by descent

he age of five years he is four feet one inches in height and weighs 185 pounds A DISPATCH from Washington to the Jack-sonville Herald says the Catholic priests at Detroit are doing all in their power to induce Senator lones, of Florida, to return to Washington, and that it is definitely stated he will return next week. He has ceased calling at the house of the lady he is trying to marry, or even sending her flowers or notes.

A NUMBER of senators and representatives will start off on another junketing trip next week The Coast Line rai road, which has just put on a ine of steamers from Tampa to Havana, and which s destrous of obtaining the mail contract, has in vited the members of the postoffice committee of house and senate to take a trip to Cuba, and a number of them have accepted. The excursion will start next week.

REV. T. DE WITT TALMAGE, D. D., pastor of the Frooklyn tabernacle, preaches, it is believed, to more people than any other minister in this country. He has three brothers, as follows: Rev. J. V. N. Talmage, D. D., of China; Rev. James R. Talmage, D. D., of Kingston; Rev. Goyn Talmage, D. D., of Port Jervis, N. Y., all of whom are eminent in their profession and are occupying important positions in the ministry.

No ides can be formed of the great demand or pretty actresses with a magnificent wardrobe the wardrobes is the first consideration now-a Davenport, Modjeska, Aimee, Judic, and Dauvray are the most tasteful and expensively dressed women on the stage. Mary Anderson, Clara Morris and Ada Rehan, three of the very best American products, are the most tastelessly dressed among actresses. Anderson has improved since her return from Europe, but before that her gowns were "frights." days. Davenport, Modjeska, Aimee, Judic, and

GENERAL NELSON A. MILES, who is said to be booked for the next major generalship in the regular army, was a clerk in a crockery ware store regular army, was a clerk in a crockery ware store on Washington street in Boston, but just passed his majority, when he enlisted for the war of rebellion. He had trouble in his own company, of which he was second lieutenant, and got himself transferred to staff service, from thence taking commard of a New York regiment. He was wounded at Chancellorsville, and rose rapidly thereafter. After the war was over, he had serious thoughts of coming back to his state to engage in politics. His plan was then to settle in Westminster, which was the home of his parents, and at empt to enter congress from the district which subsequently nominated Governor Washburn to represent it. Fortunately for himself, he changed his mind and remained in the army, where he has won distinction which promises him high rank at an unusually early age.

WITH THE CHILDREN. Baby Was Better Acquainted. Jamie (aged eight)-I'm going to get baby to

ay my prayers for me.

Mamma—Why don't you say them yourself? Jamie-'Cause God will pay more 'tention to baby Mamma-Why so! Jamie-'Cause baby's just come from heaven a tile while ago, and he's better 'quainted with God than I am.

A Boy's Pretty Idea. Johnny had a baby sister who was a particu-larly bright child, writes W. J. Lampton in the Merchant Traveller. After a short time on earth the fittle one went back to her home bedue. One night shortly after her death the chil-iren were looking at the stars, when Johnny cried

"Oh, see the pretty stars! and one of them is baby sister!"
"Which one?" asked another of the children.
"The brightest one, of course," proudly answered
Johnby, settling all further questions.

THE CHICAGO REVIVAL. The Two Sams Report Progress-The Outlook Better Than in Cincinnati.

From the Chicago Inter-Ocean. Though the Rev. Sam Jones comes from a section where the people are generally supposed to be lazy, he is nevertheless just now one of the busiest men in Chicago, and his work covers the entire United States. He is an object of universal interest, and is one man whom notoriety does not seem to spoil. He is at home to everybody, and his nanner never seems to change, while his good hu

A reporter for The Inter Ocean, bent on having a

mor is perrennial.

A reporter for The Inter Ocean, bent on having a chat with Mr. Jones, rapped at his room in the Sherman house yesterdry afternoon, and was told to come in, which he did, only to find that the Rev, Samuel was sleeping. He had thrown himself across the bed; and was apparently eujoying his first afternoon of freedom for the week.

Mr. Taylor who is Mr. Jones' private secretary, offered to give the reporter any information that he could, and walking up to a table that was littered with books and papers, he said: "Perhapyon can find something here that will be worth mentioning," and then explained that the papers were letters and copies of letters that the evangelist was constantly in receipt of.

"They come at the rate of about sixty a day," said Mr. Taylor, "from all parts of the United States, and they are on all imaginable subjects."

While the reporter was scanning these epistolary treasures, Mr. Jones awoke, and the scribe took the opportunity of asking him a few questions, before the arrival of Professor Swing, whose card had just been sent up. Mr. Jones said, in reply to a question about the progress of the meetings:

"I'm very well satisfied so far. The results have been better than I anticipated, and the meeting have broken up sooner—the people have come together sooner than ever before. In Cincinnati we didn't get things to looking as well as they do here in the same time, and we thought it was a great meeting."

"You think the religious feeling is rapidly per-

eeting."
"You think the religious feeling is rapidly per-

ng the people?"
s, indeed, and we will do a big work."

"Yes, indeed, and we will do a big work."
"How many converts have there been?"
"We've received upwards of 500 names so far, and on Friday night over 150 came up and professed. Oh yes, we're going on splendidly."
"How do you stand the work."
"It stand it better this week than I did last. That moving about was pretty hard on me, out I'm getting along all right now."
At this juncture the interview was terminated by the entrance of Professor Swing, whom the Rev. Sam announced he would hug "if the brethren wanted him to," and the Rev. Dr. I. W. Joyce, of Cincinnati. The gentlemen talked a few moments and then went out to meet an appointment previously made.

and then went out to meet an appointment previously made.

The reporter then paid Mr. Small a visit, and found him bending over a table full of

BOOKS AND FAPERS.

Three or four little ones played about the floor and seemed utterly oblivious to the literary labors of their parents. Mr. Small said he thought the outlook for a great Christian work very good. He had not attended the rink meetings very much, but was of the opinion that a sentiment was being created there that would be irresistible. The noon meetings, he said, were phenomenal in point of attendance, and it was proposed hereafter to get some practical results out of those meetings by opening inquiry for all who desired to receive spfritual advice.

From a Washington Letter in the Troy Times The utter recklessness of the female portion of Washington society is often remarked by persons of experience. There is a freedom among strangers that is never shown by the well meaning young women of other cities. Society is fully as kaleidoscopic as politics. You do not always know who is who in either sphere, and a great deal is taken for granted. The modes of flirting which are known in the north, and which are supposed to be innocent, though to some extent mischievous, are altogether too slow for Washington. A great many cheeky young society men here are in the habit of introducing themselves to ladies, and they are not often snubbed. Women who move in respectable circles are accustomed to send notes to members of congress with whom they have no acquaintanceship, soliciting private interviews. Usually they want an office, but are not above accepting gifts from these men. It is very difficult to draw the line between the good and the bad. Anybody attempting to do so is apt to become terribly confused. Probably the great mass of people here, as in other places, mean well, but they are extremely reckless in their social conduct. These remarks are not intended to reflect upon the virtue, but upon the discretion of the female population of Washington. Ladies of good standing here do with impunity things which would cause them to be socially ostracised in other cities. The utter recklessness of the female portion

He Told What His Mother Said.

From the Texas Siftings.

A lad in school was found guilty of a serious A lad in school was found guilty of a serious infraction of discipline, and was directed by his teacher to tell his mother when he got home what misdemeaner he had committed. The next morning the schoolmarm called Johnny to her desk when the following dialogue ensued:

"Well, Master Johnny, did you inform your mother what infraction of discipline you were guilty of yesterday, and the reprimand and punishment you received:"

"Yes m," was the sententious reply.

"Well, and what did your mother say."

"She said she would like to wring your neck for

Well, and what did your mother say?"
She said she would like to wring your neck for You." No more discipline reports were sent home to that A Judge Who Drew a Fine Line.

From the Liverpool Mercury. An amusing story is now being told in Lon occasion of those strong minded ladies who are so fond of crowding into the law courts whenever any particularly sensation or horrible case is on trial. The counsel for the prosecution was about to examine a witness in detail on matters generally mentioned in the press as "unfit for publication," when the judge asked the "dadies." of whom there were a large number present, to be so kind as to retire for a short space of time. Thereupon ensued a general uprisal and rustling of dresses, lasting for some minutes, after which it was seen that about one-half only of the female andience had left. "And now," said Justice Maule, "that the ladies have retired—usher, clear these women out of the court." occasion of those strong-minded ladies who are s

A Loss of Confidence,

From the Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. The information has just arrived that "the The information has just arrived that "the very heated passages in the dispute between Senators Morgan and George last week were omitted from the Congressional Record. It is very sad to see the prestige of the Record as a news-gatherer thus declining. Formerly it was such an enterprising journal that it frequently printed speeches which were never delivered, but we are very sorry that it neglected to notice such observations as were actually made by senators. These observations, too, were animated and spicy, and would have tended to give snap to our contemporary's columns. It should never lose an opportunity to print everything of a sensational nature which occurs in congress, or we fear it will lose all its occurs in congress, or we fear it will lose all it subscribers. It has no poetry or jokes, and if i suppresses semations what will become of it?

ECHOES OF THE PEOPLE,

King Alfred and His Lanterns. Effie P., Rome, Ga.: Can you give me the origin of lanterns?
King Alfred the Great was a very methodical man, and divided the day into equal parts, that he might give certain hours to certain work. His verbed of keening time was to contain work. method of keeping time was to notch huge can tles, and tell the time by their burning. The wind

The Oregon.

You say the Oregon lies in twenty-two fath-oms of water, and that a portion of the masts are visible. How many feet under water is the vessel? Sixty six feet.

Gould's System.

O. P. M., Roswell, Ga.: 1. How many rail-roads compose the Gould system and what are they? 2. Is a man responsible for the damage done to other men's property by his children if he is ab-sent when it is done? 1. The Missouri Pacific, Texas Pacific, the Mis-

souri, Kansas and Texas, and all their branches including the Iron Mountain.

2. The doctrine of the law is that the parent is never liable for the willful tort of his child Prevention is Better Than Cure

E. L. C., Atlanta, Ga., Editors Constitution: I note several cases of diphtheria reportedlin the city. A gargle of prophylactic fluid, diluted in water, is a sure preventive against diphtheria. If children are made to use this gargle, two or three times a day, they may be considered safe against this terrible disease. Prevention is better than

Pres-ent or Pre-sent. EDITORS CONSTITUTION-As a precedent

against your definition and pronunciation of the word present when used in addressing a note (given yesterday in your reply to P. H. W.), permit me to cite you to the letter written by Hudibras to his lady love. After carefully scaling the letter, the learned as well as valiant knight superscribed it as follows:

t as follows:

"For her ladyship,
Of all her sex most excellent,
These to her gentle hands present.'
Then gave it to his faithful squire,
With lessons how t'observe and eye her.''
Rome, Ga., March I.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

General Gossip and Editorial Short Stops Caught on the Run.

The cotton seed oil industry has already be-

come important enough to attract the favorable attention of the great financiers and speculators who crush out competition and form rasping mo-nopolies, by organizing the affairs that are vari-ously known as "associations" and "pools." The truth of the business is that cotton seed oil is a very important product. Refined a little it is as good as, or even better than, olive oil, and can be used for all the purposes for which olive oil is used. There has been considerable fuss made recently because of the discovery of a harmless fraud on the part of some of those who are interested in the manufac ture of cotton seed oil. Some of these firms or persons have been engaged in shipping cotton-soed from this country to Marseilles for having the oil pressed from them and refined. This done, the oil was bottled and labeled as superfine olive oil, re-shipped to this country and sold. The label bore the name of Antonini & Co., Leghorn, and the fraud was found out, not because the cotton seed oil was in any respect inferior to olive oil, but owing to the fact that some consul or other called attention to the fact that there is no such firm at Leghorn as Antonini & Co. No doubt there will always be a prejudice in favor of olive oil, but it is a well-known fact that immen quantities of crude cotton oil are exported every year consigned to the imanufacturrs of olive oil. Undoubtedly this oil is refined and returned to these shores as pure olive oil, and is appreciated as such at the Boston clubs and other feeding places where the palate is supposed

I suppose the first cotton seed oil ever manufactured in this country was made by N. Foster Browne la Canadian, who, when the war broke out, was principal of the female academy in Eaton-ton. Browne was not only an ideal instructor, he was a useful man in various ways. He was an enthusiastic chemist, and in the course of his experiments, and refined a number of bottles of cotton-reed oil and placed them on exhibition at one of the stores as samples of one of the re-sources of the new confederacy. In that day and time. Mr. Browne labored under the disadvantage of having come from the north, and he was regarded with a good deal of suspicion by a great many people. He left Eatonton, went to Richmond and entered the confederate naval service.

"Constant Reader" reopens an old wound thus: "Innocuous desultude" are the president's words as printed in the New York Herald. Your articles 'Implicity of style, says 'desultude.'" Alas! our correspondent reopens a half dozen old wounds. We had hoped that the delirious wealth of unaccountable and inexcusable errors to be found in the article "Implicity of Style," (which ought to have been "Simplicity of Style") would emain unnoticed. Whatever may be thought, the matter must be alluded to gingerly, for there is no telling at what hour of the night the Vigilant Com positor and the eagle-eyed proof-reader may put their deadly machinery in motion and tear out the very bowels of the editorial page, and hang them n the back fence to wither and grow stale. If the antics of these worthy men are to be talked about, let the talking take the shape of whispers.

The statement is made in one of the literary of literary manuscripts and autographs is to be catalogued and will soon be offered for sale. The average hunter of autographs is a person who is not entitled to any very great respect, excepting always the girls and young lady collectors, but it sometimes happens that a collection of literary man-uscripts and autographs takes an important shape. But these instances are rare, so rare indeed, that the really valuable collections may be counted on the fingers of one hand. Mr. Osgood was not an autograph hunter, he was a collector, and he formed his collection with great judgment the most valuable in existence. I had an opportunity, a year or two ago, of looking over this co lection, or, rather, a small part of it, for I had but an hour or two to spare. The collection is not only a rare one, but is interesting from every point of view. It is rich in manuscripts, letters and verses, There is an unpublished poem by Keats, and letters from a great number of prominent literary men. There are also manuscripts of Dr. Holmes's "Autocrat of

Speaking of literary collections reminds me of a very curious one that has been made by a crank in New York. When Vanderbilt died the newspapers all over the country contained long mortuary notices of the millionaire. In some instances these notices were strung out to a frightful length. While these notices were appearing, a New York man conceived the idea of embodying all the matter in a scrap-book, and to that end he gathered as much as he could. The collection embraces the obituaries and com-ments printed in the American, English and French papers. This matter would fill about four hundred columns of THE CONSTITUTION. This shows how stupendous the newspaper men can be when they are given a fair showing.

the Breakfast Table," Emerson's "Representative

Men," a story by Hawthorne, and a great many

others. It seems a pity to disperse such a collect

It is so difficult for newspaper men and the public to regard Mark Twain as anything but the in-carnation of a huge joke that there seems to be a tendency to smile over the announcement that the publishing firm of which he is the head, is to publish the memoirs of the pope. The truth is, Mr. Twain is one of the ablest and most serious minded of business men, and he can give points to the smartest publisher in this coun-

The Mother of De Lesseps' Children. Paris Letter in Chicago Tribun

Mme. De Lesseps would be a luminary if it were not for her maternal cares. Twelve living children and five dead ones in eighteen years time are drawbacks to gayety; but she keeps open house and is so hospitable that not unfrequently she does not know the names of those who crowd her salons and whom her husband invites on the most casual acquaintance. Ferdinand is the model of trimmers. He was a pet of the Tuilerles in what he terms the "days of the tyrant," and is now hand and glove with the republic, as he will be with the d'orleans if he lives long enough to see those frauds come in. He is jubilant now, less over the Panama undertaking than over the gain of a suit wherein he obliged the Princess de Beauvan to restore a bath-tub which she took away with her when M. De Lesseps bought that lady's hotel for 700,000 francs. He has compelled her to pay, moreover, \$392.50 damages caused by the removal of the same. It took eighteen months and cost \$500 to establish the veritable proprietorship of that tub. are drawbacks to gayety; but she keeps

The Girl's Good Memory. From the Washington Critic.

It was at a K street residence and the young man had been going often and staying late, until the girl felt the monotony. One night about 11. o'clock the conversation dragged, and for a minute or two he sat in a cogliative mood with hand to his forchead. "I had something pleasant to tell you," he said

"I had something pre-finally.
"Yes," she responded inquiringly, "what was it?"
"Um—um—let me see," tubbing his head; "I
can't just think what it was,"
"May be it was 'good night,'" she suggested.
He looked at her for a minute but never finched;
then he went away, and up to date has not been
back.

Gold-Locks' Seasons. "It is Winter on grandpa's head." The little girl, Gold-Locks, baid, erched like a bird on the round of his chair, brushed and patted his soft white hair.

Then, tired at last, she crept Into his arms and slept; And her cheeks grew red as a rose, so warm Was the nest of his close enfolding arm.

Before she scarcely woke, Or opened her eyes, she spoke: "I feel your heart beat, grandpa, dear, And it's just as hot as Summer here."

Ah, loving thought! We smiled
At the wisdom of the child.
For though snows do lie on his dear hair,
His heart has only summer there.
—Clara Doty Bates, in Youth's Companion.

HE GEORGIA HE ATLANTA CO

TURNS FROM C Interview with Br-May

glesby and F. P. Rice, ent from Atlanta to Colu he directors of the Georg ects for getting the road sterday at 1 o'clock.

"Atlanta's delay in con tion of \$100,000 has enda bave been an absolute cer more prompt. That is Georgia Midland to Atlant us directors of the roa riffin, and could not ent rom Atlanta. The balan could be raised now in a ure the road, but Atlant pportunity until it is dou ne at present. "You do not consider t

"Not at all. I still bel built to Atlanta when it policy is to go to Griffin Lecust Grove, and ther Tennessee system. I a lief that it will come lanta is the natural po may possibly go to (i) think there is a part tually Columbus and nected by an air-li have been comu route in thirty days, commenced before no the one hundred thou as a month ago. But who did not subscrib scribe felt that they h Locust Grove, and then scribe felt that they hable to give, and the sall we can do is to aw next few weeks will s ome will be."
Mr. G. Gunby Jor
Green passed throug
their way to New Yo

Reducing SAN FRANCISCO, Pacific railroad compandedule of rates tod Chicago \$35; New Yor chicago \$35; New You much of these a rebate the destination. As a known it was met by which issued a schedu to Kansas City \$25, Chi Boston \$47, on which the making net rate the shouthern Facific com Jan bean reduced on

so been reduced NEW YORK, Ma the Chesapeake and gross earnings, \$43 648; net earnings decrease, as comp year, of \$26,357 in ting expenses, and gross earnings were Chesapeake and Ol Lexington and Big Ohio and Southwes

A MILLIO

Great Improve BIRMINGHAM. The rumor circui Pratt coal and iron and dollars, H. F. er of the company much for the m means the establis ningham, which ly in Alabama re Work began pany was ree

and cover about the company to six miles from the Seven Young New York T READING. and announce the Mormon They met wi from the sta themselves t marry rich and ease. well-to-do

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Companion

an Interview with Ex-Mayor English-What the Committee Did in Columbus-A Conference with the Directors-The Probability of the Road Coming to Atlanta-Etc.

Captain J. W. English, H. T. Inman, J. G. Oglesby and F. P. Rice, the committee who went from Atlanta to Columbus to discuss with the directors of the Georgia Midland the prospects for getting the road to Atlanta, returned yesterday at 1 o'clock. Captain English

"Atlanta's delay in completing the subscrip tion of \$100,000 has endangered what would bave been an absolute certainty had she been more prompt. That is the getting of the Georgia Midland to Atlanta. At last the Columbus directors of the road are committed to Griffin, and could not entertain a proposition from Atlanta. The balance of the \$100,000 could be raised now in a day if it would se-cure the road, but Atlanta has slept over her opportunity until it is doubtful whether she can get it at all or not. Nothing certainty can be done at present. "You do not consider the case hopeless?"

"Not at all. I still believe the road will be built to Atlanta when it is built. The present policy is to go to Griffin, and from Griffin to Locust Grove, and there unite with the East Tennessee system. I am still firm in the beief that it will come to Atlanta, because Atlanta is the natural point for it to make. It may possibly go to Griffin also, but I do not think there is a particle of doubt that eventually Columbus and Atlanta will be connected by an air-line route, Work could
have been commenced on such a
route in thirty days, in fact, would have been commenced before now if our people had raised the one hundred thousand dollars even as late as a month ago. But there were many persons who did not subscribe. Those who did sub-scribe felt that they had given all they were able to give, and the matter lagged until now all we can do is to await developments. The next few weeks will show what the final out-come will be."

come will be."

Mr. G. Gunby Jordan and Chief Engineer
Green passed through Atlanta yesterday on
their way to New York, having come up with
the Atlanta committee from Columbus.

Reducing Railroad Rates. SAN FRANCISCO, March 16,--The Southern Pacific railroad company has issued the following schedule of rates today: Limited to Omaha \$30, schedule of rates today: Limited to Omaha \$30, Chicago \$35; New York \$50 and Boston \$52. On each of these a rebate of \$25 is allowed on reaching the destination. As soon as the cut was made known it was met by the Atlantic and Pacific, which issued a schedule, making the price limited to Kansas City \$25, Chicago \$30, New York \$15 and Boston \$47, on which there is rebate of \$25 allowed, making net rate the same as that offered by the Southern Pacific company. Emigrate rates have also been reduced on all roads.

NEW YORK, March 16 .- The statement of the Chesapeake and Ohio system for January shows the Chesapeake and Ohio system for January shows gross earnings, \$137,143: operating expenses, \$133,-248; net earnings, \$107,065. These figures show a decrease, as compared with the same month of last year, of \$26,357 in gross earnings, \$15,055 in operating expenses, and \$11,322 in net earnings. The gross earnings were contributed as follows: By the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, \$261,169; Elizabeth, Lexington and Big Sandy, \$59,278, and Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern, \$117,266.

A MILLION FOR BIRMINGHAM. Great Improvement Prophesied for the Iron

Interest. BIBMINGHAM, Ala., March 16.-[Special.]-The rumor circulated freely this afternoon that McCombs, a New York capitalist, had loaned the Fratt coal and iror company tweive hundred thousand dollars, H. F. DeBardelaben, the former owner of the company, said; "If it is a fact, it means much for the mineral section of Alabama. It means the establishment of a steel plant near Birmingham, which will do more good here than anything I know of." Mr. McCombs is investing largely in Alabama real estate, and thinks the future is

eyond comprehension. Work began today on building the Birmingham Work began today on building the Birmingham and Pratt mines street railway lines. The company was recently formed, and will be in operation this summer. The road will circle the city, and cover about eight miles. It is the intention of the company to extend the line to the Pratt mines, six miles from the city.

BETRAYED BY ALLEGED MORMONS.

Seven Young Pennsylvania Girls Taken to New York Through False Representations. New York Through False Representations.

READING, Pa., March 16.—Several weeks ago, two elderly men, wearing long white beards, called upon the farmers of this section and announced that they had been sent by the Mormon church in Utah to make converts. They met with little encouragement, however, from the staid old farmers, and next devoted themselves to the young women, to whom they represented that, by moving west, they could marry rich Mormons and lead lives of luxury and ease. They persuaded seven daughters of well-to-do farmers to embrace the Mormon faith, and the parents of the girls reluctantly gave their consent. The strangers agreed to pay the fares of the young women to the west and more than a week ago they left for New York.

At the latter place the strangers said they At the latter place the strangers said they would meet other missionaries, in company with converts to the Mormon faith, and the entire party would then start for Utah. Nothing was heard of the party for nearly ten days. Four of the young women have since returned and related a sad tale of how they had been deceived. According to their story they were told that they would have to remain in New York for a few days for rest. They were taken to an elegantly furnished liouse. in New York for a few days for rest. They were taken to an elegantly furnished house, which they were told was a boarding place. Their plain clothing was taken from them and they were furnished with elegant costumes. The alleged Mormon missionaries merely proved to be agents of these disreputable places. Three of the girls refused to return with their companions.

The girls were the daughters of Amos Gaul, John Sauer, John Rosthermele, Dauiel Mueller, Gerge de Turk, Jesse Rothenberger and Thomas Moore, The matter will be in-

Mueller, Gerge de Turk, Jesse Rothenberger and Thomas Moore, The matter will be inquired into by the officials of Reading, Easton, Pottsville and Allentown. The girls who returned say that the pretended Mormon missionaries disappeared soon after their arrival in New York, and that they were entirely under the control and direction of the woman in whose house they were placed.

HE WILL ENFORCE THE LAW. Portland Liquor Men Didn't Get What They

Portland Liquor Men Didn't Get What They Voted For.

PORTLAND, Me., March 16.—The indications are that the liquor dealers of Portland will not find their condition bettered by the change just made in the municipal administration. A majority of them supported Chapman in the recent election. That was not due to pleates on his part, but to their desire to rebuke last year's administration and to obtain the removal of Marshal Andrews.

Andrews has been removed, but it looks as though that would do them little good. Ezra Hawkes, the new marshal, is said to be a thoroughgoing temperance man, a member of

thoroughgoing temperance man, a member of the order of Good Templars and a Quaker. the declares it to be his purpose to enforce the liquor law thoroughly and impartially. He said that it has not been so enforced for the past year, although he admitted that much more was accomplished than under the preceding administration. His attention was called to the fact that since the election certain liquor declars have been renovating their es-

COWHIDED BY A WOMAN. A Tensational Incident on the Streets of

NATHVILLE, Tenn., March 16.—[Special.]—
A sensational affair occurred corner of Church and Summer streets this morning, which was no less than a well dressed lady using a buggy whip with all her power on the person of Mr. George Walley, a saloon keeper near the Masonic theater. Walley left the saloon in company with William B. Walwork, walked toward Summer street, and on reaching the corner Walley was suddenly and vigorously assaulte by a lady who subsequently proved to be Mrs Mary Kiber, a widow lady living on Nort Vine street. He naturally-enough beat a precipitate retreat. After using her whip of Walley, Mrs. Kiber coolly turned and walke off in the direction of her home. Mrs. Mar Kiber, a widow lady, has been living with he family on North Vine street since the deat of her husband, four or five years ago. Rumors of a discreditable character gained circulation, alleging undue intimacy between Mrs. Kibe and W. B. Walwork. The rumors camp to the ears of Walwork, and he was also informed that George Walley had been giving currency to them. Walwork informed Mrs. Kiber of what he had heard. Mrs. Kiber determined to take the matter into her own hands, and give the supposed author of the determined to take the matter into her own hands, and give the supposed author of the stories a cowhiding. She accordingly procured a whip and securing the services of Walwork as a decoy, succeeded in alluring her victim to the spot selected, where she inflicted the punishment described. Mrs. Kiber was arrested on a charge of assault and battery, and will be

arraigned tomorrow morning. Mr. and Mrs. Woods on the Stand. NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 16,-[Special.]-In the celebrated seduction trial at Fayetteville today the testimony of J. G. Woods, the defendant, was taken, which consumed nearly the whole day. It was not startling or sensational, but was merely a succession of denials. He denied in minute detail almost every solitary statement of every witness for the prosecution. Mrs. Woods, wife of the defendant, also begun her testimony, which was in the nature of corroboration. Her testimony will be concluded tomorrow.

NORVIN GREEN TALKS.

He Denies that Discriminations are Made in

He Denies that Discriminations are Made in the West.

Washington, March 16.—The house postoffice committee to-day heard President Norvin Green, of the Western Union, upon the alleged monopoly of the telegraphic facilities of the Pacific railroads. He said that when the roads were built, the charters contained provisions allowing the Overland Pacific, the California State and the United States telegraph companies to reconstruct or remove their lines, and it was also stipulated that the roads might contract with the telegraph companies and authorize them to establish telegraph lines for the public accommodation and panies and authorize them to establish tele-graph lines for the public accommodation and the use of the roads in lieu of their own lines. The Western Union now included all the companies named. Therefore, the Western Union wires ran over the Pacific roads, not by the company's consent, but by its right under act of congress. There was no doubt, the doctor said, that the Pacific railroads were doctor said, that the Pacific railroads were bound to take messages from all companies, nor was there any doubt that they were prepared to do it. Their superintendent, Dickey, was in the room, and had told him (Dr.Green) that not a single message had been offered by a competing line. that the two railroad companies were always ready to take any message offered. The doctor said frankly that the Western Union had put up the Mutual Union to compete with the opposition company, but it was a remarkable fact that the public was not so auxious for cheap service as for good not so anxious for cheap service as for good service. The Western Union now regretted that it had not allowed the postal telegraph bill to pass a few. years ago, because it would have been like the rest-it could have done no

business. Premiums for Cotton Raisers. JACKSON, Miss., March 16 .- The legislature today unanimously passed resolutions com-mending the cotton states' agricultural con-test, to be held in 1857, to the people of Missistest, to be held in 1857, to the people of Mississippi, and all the cotton states, as worthy of their most cordial support. This contest has been inaugurated by the National Cotton Planters' association, through whose efforts, and under whose auspices the world's exposition, of New Orleans, was organized. Nearly \$200,000 is offered by the association premiums for plans of farm residences, gin houses, stables, agricultural implements of all houses, stables, agricultural implements of all kinds, and for the greatest acreage yield of cotton, grain and grass crops. President More-head, of the association, who is here, says that enough money has been raised to insure success. The contest will be held in a city in the

cotton states offering in money and other con siderations the greatest inducements. He Should Have Been a Landlubber. WASHINGTON, March 16.—An application was made today by Emel Kuhblank, a native of Germany, who served in the United States navy, and received an honorable discharge, for letters of citizenship under the act of July 17, 1862, which provides for naturalizing aliens who have received an honorable discharge from the armies of the United States. It was denied by Judge James, on the ground that the act in question did not apply to persons who had served in the navy. The case was who had served in the navy. The case was certified to the court in general term to be heard on the first instance.

From New York to Florida.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—In the house to-day, Mr. Skinner, of North Carolina, introduced a bill to provide an inland water way from New York to Florida, as a means of military defense, and for commercial purposes free from the dangers of ocean. It appropriates one million dollars to be expended by the secreta-ry of war in laying out and constructing a line of inland navigation from the Neuse river via Besufort harbor, North Carolina, to St. John's river Floride.

The Suicide Rescued.

The Suicide Rescued.

Lockfort, N. Y., March 16.—The body of L. G. Dewitt, who fell from the ice mound at Niagara falls a week ago, Sunday, and lodged on the ice below, was secured this morning after several day's labor in cutting through the ice. Dewitt was a drummer for Thompson & Co., liquor dealers, of New York city. The body has been clearly visible for two days, and has been watched by crowds. The head was crushed, and the brains had oozed out. There was found on the body \$19.50 and a watch, which had stopped at 6:17, although the accident happened at nine o'clock.

Diamonds on the Oregon.

Diamonds on the Oregon.

New York, March 16.—The master and purser of the steamer Fulda today filed a libel in the United States district court against the owners, at present unknown, of seven cases and one package of diamonds which were taken off the steamer Oregon when she sank off Fire island. The libel states the value of the diamonds at \$200,000. The purser of the Oregon brought them ashore, having taken them from the steamer's safe.

Collision in the Savannah.

SAVANNAH, March 16.—The steamer Nacoochee, from New York, and William Crane, from Baltimore, were in collision in the river below the city about 5:30. The Nacoochee's main rail and upper deck water way was broken. The Crane was only slightly damaged.

The following letter relative to the forma tion of a Chautauqua club in Atlanta is self ex-

said that it has not been so enforced for the past year, although he admitted that much more was accomplished than under the preceding administration. His attention was called to the fact that since the election certain liquor dealers have been renovating their establishments and apparently getting ready for a brisk trade, but he thought that it merely proved that some people were making a very foolish outlay of money.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—An order was issued from the war department today, retiring Major-General Pope. It is understood that the nomination of his successor, and of two brigadier generals, with the consequent prometions, will be made tomorrow.

In the tonducting the time that the nuclear that the consequent prometions, will be made tomorrow.

GETTING IN SHAPE.

NEWS NOTES FROM DIFFERENT CITIES OF THE LEAGUE

augusta Fully Organized with O'Brien as Manage Manager Goldsby, of the Nasevilles, Deals with Beard and Marr-Notes From Ma-con, Atlanta and Other Places.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 16 .- [Special.] - Reardon, Toy and H. Kappel arrived today, making nine of the Augusta club which have reported for duty. At a meeting of the directors of the Athletic association held tonight, John O'Brien was unanimously elected mana ger of the team, and the gate keeper and other officers of the grounds elected. John O'Brien officers of the grounds elected. John O'Brien bad no opposition for manager, and his election has been an assured fact. To O'Brien belongs the credit of Augusta placing a nine in the field, and his unanimous selection is not only wise because of his superior judgment and splendid administrative ability, but a merited compliment to one who has worked hard and successfully to secure good ball for Augusta. The club, under his management, has commenced practice and so far, come up to expectations. The first game will be played with the Louisvilles next Tuesday, and Augusta is confident of showing up better than did Savannah in a like contest.

Not This Year-S'mother Year.

From the Nashville American.

A prominent Memphian, who was in the A prominent Memphian, who was in the city yesterday, remarked that the Memphis people were all "cussing" the Nashville club, because they think Nashville is going to win the pennant. He says that the Memphians all think that Nashville will come out first, Savannah second, Memphis third and Atlanta fourth.

Beard and Marr as Disorganizers.

From the Nashville American. Two of the Nashville baseball team are at present in rather bad odor. The directors of the club authorized Manager Goldsby to order the players to report in this city on the first of March for practice, upon an allowance, until the first of April of one dollar per day for expenses. It seems, however, that Beard and Marr, who have been engaged during the winter in the saloon business in this city, concluded that it was beneath the dignity of their reputation to accept such paltry allowance. They at once began to sow the seed of their dissatisfaction amongst the new players, and the result was a written demund from Beard and Marr, signed also by several others, for regular salaries, beginning on the day of the first exhibition game. The communication received the prompt rejection that it merited from the tone in which it was written. All of the players except the two originators of the move acknowledged their willingness to play on with the present rate of allowance. Beard and Marr, however, asserted that they wouldn't play in the coming exhibition games, and nothing could be done with them. Manager Goldsby, yesterday afternoon at practice hour, informed them that they need not not report any more, even for practice. The present rate of pay will be discontinued for them.

Goldsby stated last night that Beard and Marr Two of the Nashville baseball team are at

The present rate of pay will be discontinued for them.
Goldsby stated last night that Beard and Marr would play after the first of April. If they did not come up to requirements in every respect, he would not have them in his team. They are good players, but no team can win if run by discorganizers. There are others equally as good who can be secured.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 16.—[Special.]—A large audience greeted the first game of baseball played this season. The game was between the Louisville and Charleston league teams, resulting in favor of the former by a score of 7 to 5. The indications of today are that the sport will be immensely patronized during the season.

Philadelphia Baseballists Coming South PHILADELPHIA, March 16 .- The Philadelphia baseball club have left the city for Charleston S. C., and will play in the south until the latter part of the month. So far only four games have been definitely agreed upon, two with the Charles-ton club on March 26 and 27, and two with the the Baltimore club at Baltimore on March 29 and 30. The club will take fourteen men.

Baseball Notes.

Two colored base ball clubs, the Diamont H lis and Atlanta college boys, played an interesting game of ball yesterday afternoon on the college grounds. The Diamond Hills won by a score of 9 o 0.
Miller and Decker, of the Macons, will bat the

Miller and Decker, of the Macons, will but the Detroits, Friday, in the latter's game against the Macon club. Mallory will play 1 b, Driscoll, 2 b; Corcoran, 3 b; Walsh, s.s.; Connolly, rf.; Harter, cf.; and Beeler, lf.

The Savannah Times says the Louisvilles beat the Atlantas five straights last year. Atlanta won two out of the five games by scores of 9 to 4 and 18 to 3. The Times is off its base.

IT RESULTED FATALLY.

A Lovesick Musician Resorts to a Ruse by Which to Win His Girl. MINNEAPOLIS Minn, March 16 -Charles MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 16.—Charles Grant Turner, of Currie, Minn., a musician and composer, was found dead in bed at Fling's hotel. At the coroner's inquest it was shown that he contemplated creating a sensation by attempting suicide, and hoped to regain the affections of his lady love. He gave the key of his trunk to a young lady, and also a letter, in which he told her what to do with his effects and where to bury him. The letter was to be opened in an hour after her arrival home. As he had made similar threats before, however, the young lady did not think he would commit suicide. There is no doubt that he took laudanum to create a sensation, and that he expected that she would relent and that he expected that she would relent and come to his relief before it was too late. He also requested the hotel keeper to call him at half-past seven a. m. He was called, but the servant did not notice his condition.

Successful on the Third Attempt. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 16.—[Special.] A remarkable suicide occurred at Washington. in Rhea county, Tenn., today. Thomas Houston, a wealthy farmer, while laboring under a fit of mental aberration, jumped into a well, but the water being too shallow to drown him, he climbed out, and then attempted to end his existence by dashing out his brains against a stable. He made a second failure and finally succeeded in taking his life by hanging him-

The Losses Paid.

The Losses Paid.

CHICAGO, March 16.—The United States express company to-day settled all outstanding claims involved by the robbery of their safe on the Rock Island road, and paid over \$21,100 cash. "That is exactly the amount of money that was taken," said Wygant. "The jewelry did not amount to much; its value is hardly worth talking about."

Fighting Three Hundred Wolves. LAWRENCE, Kan., March 16.—A farmer came here with the report that he had discovered a cave on his farm that was inhabited by prairie

came here with the report that he had discovered a cave on his farm that was inhabited by prairie wolves, and from what he could find out, they smounted to about three hundred. He had killed a few, but they would not come out, and he was afraid to enter the cave. Preparations were made to raid the den.

A large party arrived at the place, and turning the dogs loose, one or two of them rushed into the cave and were at once torn to pieces. A force of men then began operations, and in a short time had a hole in the cave back of the wolves. Two men entered with all the dogs that could be found, and advanced on the rear of the wolves. The dogs became tired and beat a retreat, and the men, after firing a few shots, also got out.

After an all-day's skirmish the hunters decided to make a dash and drive out their prey and kill as many as possible. All drew back from the front and kept quiet and two men entered again in the rear. This time they succeeded in cansing a stampede, and in a short time the cave was empty. The shooters did some good work, and by the time they were through about one hundred wolves strewed the ground. The others escaped, and the party returned minus four dogs. It is supposed the animals wintered in the cave.

Big Suit for Damages.

Big Suit for Damages.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 16.—[Special.]—The administrator of John E. Johnson, who was killed in the Billy Flint accident on the road some time ago, filed a suit for damages today for \$4,000. Young Johnson was a brakeman. He was killed on thit. Young Johnson was a business of the condition of the commissioner Thompson for robbing the mails. He was committed on a bond of \$300. He failed to give it.

Excited About Tobe Jackson. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 16.—[Special.]— The excitement in the city tonight is over the rumor that Tobe Jackson, the Cartersville dynamiter, is here. The report if that he came to the city on the Georgia Pacific train. He hung on the truck under the mail car in the rear of the engine. The negroes are much stirred about the rumor.

SIDEWALK TALKS.

Spirit of the People as Caught Up by the

Scribes Yesterday.
CHIEF DEPUTY MARSHAL MITCHELL. "The people need not be measy. John Coffee, the murderer of Deputy Marshal John Merritt, will be caught if he remains on the ground. Just wait till Capitain Nelms gets well, and he will shell the woods."

SUPERINTENDENT SLATON:- "There is considerable sickness among the teachers and pulls of the public schools. We have five teachers sick now, Mrs. Walsh, Mrs. Prescott, Mrs. Echols and Miss Hillyer. None are dangerously ill, but are unable to attend to their duties. A number of pupils have been sick with measles."

SELERIFE THOMAS. "Heroids," that Faller.

unable to attend to their duties. A number of pupils have been sick with measles."

SHERIFF THOMAS—"I consider that Fulton county jail is one of the best kept and cleanest prisons in the state. The deaths which have recently occurred in the jail cannot be attributed to any lack of cleanliness, ventilation or mismanagement at the jail. All the United States prisoners are now out of the jail, and there has been no one sick since they left. It is just simply this: 'these mountaineers can't stand close continement. The jail is open to the inspection of any one."

Mr. J. H. GOLDSMITH, clerk of the city council.—'In the next week or two the Atlanta liquor men will begin to show what they think of the validity of the liquor law. On the last of this month the first quarter of the year expires, and the saloon men must come up and pay their liquor license for the second quarter which ends in July, or close their saloons. Several saloons dropped out with the last quarter of last year, but it is impossible to say whether those now going on will continue or how many will stop. The next fourteen days, however, will tell that story."

Mr. GEORGE FORBES, of the county clerk's collect.

fourteen days, however, will tell that story."

Mr. GEORGE FORERS, of the county clerk's office.—"I think it would be a good idea for the city to buy the present court house and use it as a city hall and offices for the city officials. It would suit admirably for that purpose, and the city badly needs such a building. In many ways it would be advantageous to the city to buy it. It is too small in almost every way for county purposes. The clerk's office is not more than half large enough. The office of the clerk of the county commissioners is entirely too small, as is also the tax collector office. In fact, the ordinary's is the only officer in the building who has more than half enough room."

Colonel Baum—"If the aldermanic board

COLONEL BAUM-"If the aldermanic board Colonel Baum—"If the aldermanic board concurs in what the council has agreed on, I will begin work Thursday on the permanent improvement at the artesian well. A place seventeen feet deep will be excavated for the machinery, and a water tower eighty feet high will be built, with a tank on top that will hold. Soo gallons of water. Two engines will be kept to guard against accident. We will not depend on gas engines either. It will take six weeks or two months for getting everything ready for distributing the water, and in the meantime the artesian well will not supply any water. When the permanent fixtures are in you will not be able to tell ours from a flowing well."

Mr. W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS—"I have been

Mr. W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS—"I have been chaliman of the relief committee of the city council for nearly two years, and consequently know nearly as much about the indigent people in Atlanta as the next one knows. A great many of these people manage to make a bare living by peddling needles, pins, buttons, etc., or by running a lunch counter or a fruit stand. Now in every case these people are given free licenses, and without them they cannot operate, and consequently would be a burden on the city. I am not an advocate of free license, but as long as I am chairman of the committee I will give them in accordance with the precedent set. I mean this: If I find that a one armed, old man who is needy has been given a free license, I will give every other one armed needy man a free license, everything else being equal. You see there is no set standard for these licenses. Now the city gives away a great deal in the course of a year by granting these permits. It is a puzzling question and one that should be studied carefully. MR. W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS-"I have been

THE UNITED STATES COURT.

Call of the Docket-Cases Dismissed-Cases

In the United States circuit court yesterday considerable business was transacted. The following cases were dismissed for want f prosecution: The Clark's Cove Guano company vs, Abel,

Ane Clark's Cove Guano company vs, Abel. Ragsdale & Turner; Gause, Arnold & Co., vs. A. F. Manning; W. H. Inman vs. Kenner, Tibbs & Eaken; H. H. Huggins vs. Henry J. Long; Stix, Krouse & Co. vs. Black Bros. & Nunnally; Holmes Sells, Henry Hightower.

John W. Cox and O. W. Compton each had a general register the East Transcrate Viscinia and

case against the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, but they were dismissed along with the rest. Motion for a new trial was filed in the case

of C. J. Camp vs. the Richmond and Danville railroad for personal injuries.
On the criminal side of the court, Thomas Glenn, Whitfield county, plead guilty to illicit retailing, and Judge McCay gave him one month in DeKalb county jail and one hundred

dollars fire.

In the district court, Louis Ivy, Gilmer county, plead guilty to violating the internal revenue laws; and was sentenced to one month in Hart

Judge McCay completed the call of the common law cases in the circuit court. No cases were set for trial later than the 15th of April. as within a few days after that time he ex-pects to leave the city to be gone some time, It is understood that he is going to California for the benefit of his health.

Next Tuesday the equity docket will be Mr. W. P. Hill was admitted to practice in the circuit and district courts. Mr. Hill is re-lated to District Attorney Hill.

The Virginia Methodists. STAUNTON, March 16.—The Baltimore M. E. conference completed its labors tonight. The reachers to be 107; membership, 35,297; value of church property including parsonages, \$1,026,000; paid foreign and domestic missions, \$12,600; paid preachers and presiding elders, \$16,000. Next conference will be held at Leesland

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 16.—[Special.]—A plot was made today by the prisoners of the city prison to revolt and run away from the guards, at the slag crusher. The ringleaders were discovered and placed in the county jail.

Assignment of Galbraith & Co. Memphis, March 16.—W. B. Galbraith & Co., cotton factors, doing business at No. 11 Union street, made an assignment this morning. Liabilities \$73,000, assets, including two plantations and an interest in 300 bales of cotton, and book accounts, aggregate \$101,000.

Her Dog Saved Her. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 16.-J. E. Walter, he master of train services of the Louisville and

Nashville railroad, has a dog he values highly. The dog is a Newfoundland, and has been raised by his owner from a small puppy. Mr. Walter has a little girl who is fond of the animal, and the affection between the two is interesting.

fection between the two is interesting.

A few mornings since the little girl was left in the room alone by a large fire in the grate. She went too near the blaze, and the dog opened the door and entered. He went to her and began to pull her away by catching her clothing in his teeth. The two companions played about the room for sometime, until the little girl grew tired and sleepy. She went too near the fire again, and the dog could not get her away. He pulled at her clothes for some time, but could not attract her.

her clothes for some time, but could not attract her.

He then hurried to her mother's room and began to act straugely by rubbing against her hand and catching her dress, pulling her toward the door. She caressed him and told him to go away and find little Nellie. He made a strauge whining noise with his mouth and then slowly walked back to where the little one was sleeping unconscious of her great danger. The dog made another attempt to rouse her and failed. He then crouched down beside her, between her and the fire, taking care to protect her well. Mrs. Walter entered the room a few minutes later and found the noble dog in this position whining and erying while the hair was being singed from his back. Little Nellie was sleeping sweetly.

Inneral Notice.

BARRETT-Little Rubie Barrett, the infant daughter of Mrs. R. T. Barrett, now Mrs. R. H. Stevens, died at half past ten this p. m, at the residence, 22 Bush street. The funeral will take place Thursday at 10 o'clock a. m. The friends of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Stevens are respectfully invited.

BARRETT—The friends of J. B. Turner, J. W.
Nelms, C. F. Elliott, V. M. Barrett, W. W. Mitchell, W. H. Turner are respectfully invited to attend the funeral. Rev. Dr. Bowden will attend the funeral of the deceased. Atlants, March 16th, 1886.

Taylor, Wylie & Bliley. Metropolitan undertakers and funeral directors embalming and preserving a specialty. No. 26 W. Alabama street. Telephone, 719. Jno. F. Barelay

A CITY HALL.

ALDERMAN COOPER STARTS THE BALL FOR ONE.

He Introduces an Ordinance in the City Council Ap-propriating \$10,000 Annually for Five Years, the Money to be Devoted to the Purchase of Ground and Erection of a Hall.

Mr. Tyler Cooper's proposition in the general council last Monday to create a fund of \$50,000 by setting aside \$10.000 a year, for the purpose of buying ground and building a city hall, was freely discussed upon the streets

vesterday. The proposition met with universal favor and will be generally sustained by Atlantians, Mr. Cooper is a member of the finance committee, the second member of that committee, and is as familiar with the city's financial condition as the treasurer himself. He has studied the problem carefully, and asserts that his proposition is not only feasible, but that it is proposition is not only leasible, but that it is the most desirable way to bring about the re-sult desired. Yesterday Mr. Cooper was asked what plans he had matured upon the question. "None." he answered. "In fact, I have formulated no plan except that I think a step should be taken in that direction, and I simp-ly want to put the ball in motion. That was the object I had in view when I introduced the resolution."

"And you think the plan can be carried out?"
"Of course I de. Truth, I have no doubt about it, and about the propriety of it there can be no question. Atlanta should have a city hall. We have leased the chamber of commerce building where we are now located for five years, and my idea is that at the expiration of our lease the city should have a building of its own to at once move into."
"And can you do this?"
"Oh, yes, I have told you we could. My proposition is to set apart in May of each year

"Oh, yes, I have told you we could. My proposition is to set apart in May of each year when the apportionments are made the sum of \$10,000 until the fund shall make \$50,000. It can easily be done from the income of the city, without infringment on any department of the city government, by economic management and painstaking care on the part of the committees. Every one who has served in council will appreciate and recognize the fact that the general inclination of committees that the general inclination of committees i that the general inclination of committees is to exhaust their appropriations not wastefully and uselessly but in keeping with the idea that the money is appropriated for the purpose and is just as well to spend it."

"You appear to think councilmen are extravagant."

"Oh, no; and I mean no reflection on the purpose of any other council but are simply."

"Oh, no; and I mean no reflection on the present or any other council, but am simply giving the practice of municipal bodies generally. In fact, my experience and observation is that the present council has been exceedingly careful and cautious in the matter of expenditures. A continuation of this husbanding of the city's resources will work out the end. The city has saved, through the able management of Mr. Gramling, chairman of the finance committee, during the last and of the finance committee, during the last and a portion of this year, by a reduction of inter-est on bonds, the neat sum of \$8,000 per year. By such management as this in other departments, there will be no trouble in the matter."

Alleged Lynchers Discharged.

DANVILLE, Va., March 16.—The parties indicted in Patrick county, charged with lynching J. C. Wilson, for horse theft, have been discharged for lack of evidence. This is the first case on record where persons have ever been indicted for lynching. Your Pale Face,

your sunken eye and haggard countenance are unmistakable proofs of exhausted vitality. Read the "Science of Life," published by the Peabody Medical Institute, Boston.

CENTRAL PROPERTY! On Mitchell Street.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES, ON WEDnesday afternoon, at four o'clock, March 17th, an eight-room house and lot, 45 feet front on Mitchell street, and one vacant lot 35 feet on the same street, with a 10-foot alley on east side, as shown by the plat. Also, two vacant lots on the alley and in rear of Mr. Pork's and Ed Werner's houses, on Washington street.

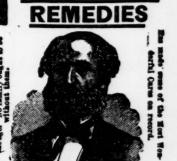
in rear of Mr. Fork's and Ed Werner's houses, on Washington street.

This property is first class. It belongs to the "Sisters," and is ordered sold to pay a debt. The titles are indisputable. The entire property is very desirable, close to the capitol, churches, high school, and streets that have water, gas, and all the advantages of property in the very heart of the city. Capitalists who wish to invest and parties who want homes are all invited to procure a plat, examine the premises and attend the sale. Remember the day and hour of sale.

TERMS—One-half cash; balance twelve months with eight per cent.

4th,7th,10th,14th,17th. 5p G. W. ADAIR.

CLINGMAN'S POBACCO



THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO OINTMENT THE MOST EFFECTIVE PREPARA-TION on the market for Piles. A SURE CURE for Itching Piles. Has never fulled to gre prompt relief. Will cure Anal Ulcers, Abscess, Pistols, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Eing-worms, Pimples, Sores and Bolis. Price 50 etc. THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO CAKE

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO PLASTER Prepared according to the most scientific principles, of the PURENT SEDATIVE INGREDIENTS, compounded with the purest Tokacoo Flour, and is specially recommended for Conce, Weed or Cake of the Breast, and for that class of tritant or inflammatory maiadies, Aches and Frains where, from too delicate a state of the system, the patient is made to bear the stronger application and Pains, it is invalently in the stronger application and Pains, it is invalently. Ask your druggist for these remadies, or write to the CUNGMAN TOBACCO CURE CO.

NOTICE TO CAPITALISTS.

I will sell on the premises, At 3:30 p. m., Wednesday, 17 March, '86,

THE KERSHAW PROPERTY, on West Hunter street, within a few feet of THE NEW STATE CAPITOL.

This desirable piece of property, fronting 100 feet on south side of Hunter street, extending back 156 feet, has been much sought after since the building of the capitol begun, but it is only now that the owner would consent to sell. All property in this immediate neighborhood will greatly enhance in value as the capitol nears completion.

In the immediate vicinity of this property are the elegant residences of Dr. J. B. Baird, Captain Henry Jackson, Mrs. Dr. Bozeman, Dr. A. W. Calhoun and Major Campbell Wallace, the Angier Terrace, and the Episcopal church. The Metropolitan street railroad cars to and from the Grant park pass the property each way every twenty minutes. See plaits showing dimensions and localities. Titles perfect. Terms, one-half cash, belance 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest at 8 per cent per annum. See plats showing exact location.

R. H. KNAPP, Real Estate Agent.

mh 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

Absolutely Pure.

Amnsements.

Opera House.

1UESDAY & WEDNESDAY | WEDNESDAY | March 16 and 17. | Maxinee at 2:30

CHAS. C. MAUBURY, Supported by a Spiendid Dramatic Company, in the Great London and New York Success, FRANK HARVEY'S GRAND DRAMA,

—THE— WAGES OF SIN.

"The moral is so sound that it stands side by side with the most powerful sermon we ever heard."—Glasgow Mail. Glasgow Mail.
Usual Prices. Reserved Seats at Wilson & Bruckner's.

11 13 14 15 16 17

MATINEE AND NIGHT, SATURDAY, MARCH 20.

POWERFUL DRAMATIC CAST That characterized the original Success.

Grand Double Ballet! Three Star Premiers?

Signora CARLOTTA BRIANZA,
Signora EUGENIE CAPPELENI,
Mile. ELIZA CARULLO, Assisted by an army of auxiliaries, coryphees, se-NEW ELEGANT COSTUMES AND SCENERY! The Most Complete Production

Ever Given. Usual Prices. Reserved Seats at Wilson & Bruck-er's. ma 14, 17, 18, 19, 20.

DR. C. F. DEEMS. DR. CHARLES F. DEEMS, PASTOR OF THE church of the Strangers, New York, will lecure in Atlanta next

TUESDAY EVENING AT DEGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE. Pr. Deems is one of the most noted men of the day, and will be greeted in Atlanta by a large audience. The subject of his lecture is a popular one:

'Before Marriage and After." Those who attend may expect an intellectual and humorous treat. Tickets are on sale at Wilson & Bruckner's book store.

niilaniina JEWELRY,

WATCHES, Art Goods.

J. P. STEVENS,

34 Whitehall Street.

German Lutheran Church

Whitehall and Forsyth Streets.

I WILL SELL AT 2 O'CLOCK SHARP, ON THE premises, on Wednesday, March 17th, that splendid property at the junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets. It is a first class location for a grocery, beef market or any business. This property is in a thickly settled, first class neighborhood. Macadamized street on both sides. Street cars, gas, water and sewerage all down in street. It must be sold for cash to pay a legal obligation that knows no delay.

mar 14, 15, 16, 17.

Auctioneer

G. W. ADAIR.... 9 Acre Block.

WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES ON THURSday, the 18th inst, at 2 o'clock, p. m., sharp, a nine acre block divided into two blocks, bounded by Jackson, old Wheat, Boulevard and Irwin streets as shown by plat. This is the largest vacant block lying nearest the center of the city, and is peculiarly adapted to a subdivision, and should command the attention of a syndicate, who can grade and divide it into 46.50 feet front lots and sell on time at a large profit. The Gate City street cars run on the west side and the Boulevard drive is on the east. A ride out in that portion of the city will show the vast improvement in nice cosy homes all around and in the vicinity of this block and farther out on that plateau extending to the corporation limit noted for pure air and water, having so many advantages for nice, healthy homes above sewer objections. The titles are in the Cotton States Life insurance company, whose board of directors have ordered sale.

One block will be sold with privilege of both.

ordered sale.
One block will be sold with privilege of both.
Remember the day and hour of sale.
Terms: One-third cash, balance 6 and 12 months, with 8 per cent interest.

11 to 18d

G. W. ADAIR.



RAILROAD TIME TABLE. Time Card prepared by Station Master J. S. Arm-trong, of the Union Passenger Depot, showing the arrival and departure of all trains in the city: CENTRAL RAILEOAD. ARRIVE. 10 Savannah* 7 22 am Barn'sv'll* 830 am To Macon*..... 2 45 pm "Savannah*... 9 85 pm "Savannah*... 9 85 pm To Ba'nesville*. 4 30 pm | GEORGIA RAILROAD | 8 00 am | Covington | 755 am | To Augusta* | 8 00 am | To Decatur | 9 55 am | To Decatur | 9 55 am | To Decatur | 10 0 pm | To Augusta* | 245 pm | Clarkston | 8 00 pm | To Augusta* | 245 pm | Augusta* | 5 40 pm | To Augusta* | 8 15 pm | Covington | 8 15 pm | Coving BICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD, rom Gain'sy'e. 8 25 am | To Charlotte*... 7 40 am "Charlote*... 12 40 pm | To Gainesville... 4 00 pm "Charlo'e*... 9 40 pm | To Charlotte*.... 4 45 pm GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY. From Bir'g'm*... 7 20 am | To Birming'm*... 8 05 am "Bir'g'm*.... 4 00lpm | To Birming'm*... 4 30 pm EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,

Trains marked thus (*) are daily. All other train daily except Sunday.

BROKER AND DEALER IN

Bonds & Stocks,

I buy and I want to buy all kinds of Bonds and Stocks. Shall be pleased to accommodate any one wishing to make investments. Am authorized agent for sale State of Georgia new 4½ per cent Bonds. Securities for sale.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN.

The GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY Capital & Surplus \$300,000. Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand With interest

Three per cent per annum if left four months. Four per cent per annum if left six months. 4% per cent per annum if left twelve months.

A. P. TRIPOD.

Painters' Supplies,

WINDOW GLASS

Lubricating Oils, Etc. 13 BROAD STREET.

KOUNTZE BROTHERS, BANKERS,

No. 120 Broadway, - - - - New York. DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS RECRIVED FROM ankers, merchants and others, and interest

allowed on balances. Advances made to correspondents on approved business paper or other good collateral. Letters of credit issued. Collections made. Gov-ernment bonds and other securities bought and

W. H. PATTERSON, BOND AND STOCK BROKER

24 Pryor Street. WANTED-

State, City and Railroad Bonds and Stohks. Georgia State 41/2 per cent Bonds.

Loans on city residences and business, property

FINANCE AND COMMERCE Bonds, Stocks and Money.

ATLANTA, March 16, 1836,
The near approach of tax return day—April 1—
has created quite an active demand for non-taxable securities, in consequence of which the market is very bare of them.

The new Georgia 41/2

quite freely, and the price has been advanced to 107 and interest. These bonds commend themselves to investors because of their absolute safety and the long time they have to run. At the present price they net 4½ per cent, and the probability is that the price will be further advanced within a short time

New York exchange buying at par; selling a STATE AND CITY BONDS. R. B. BONDS. Bid. Asked. Bid. Asked. Ga. R. 6s, 1910.1081/2 110

DIU.	ALD AUG	Cite Te Out Toronto.	
New Ga., 4%	7.1	Ga. R. 6s, 1922.109	111
30 year107	108	Cen. R.78,1893.111	113
Ga. 6s104	106	C. C. & A. 1st114	115
Ga. 7s 18861013	6 102	A. & C. 1st123	125
Ga. 78, gold 112	1131/6	A. & C. inc 105	107
Ga. 75, 1896,122	124	M. & A. ind100	103
8. C. Brown107	109	W. of Ala. 1st106	108
Savennah 5s., 99	101	do. 2d112	114
Atl'ta 8s, 1902.125	127	Ga. Pac. ind108	110
Atl'ta 8s, 1892113	115	Ga. Pac. 2d	
Atl'ta 7s, 1904, 120	122	mortgage 47	49
Atl'ta.7s, 1899.118	116	E. T. Va. & Ga	
Atl'ta 68, L. D, 109	111	1st consol 5s 75	- 80
Atl'ta 6s. S.D. 101	104	RALLEGAD STOCE	8.
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Augusta 78108		At. & Char 98	95
Macon 6s110		Southwest'n "119	121
Columbus 58., 94		S. Carolina 5	10
ATNANTA BANK 8		Central 77	70
Atlanta Nat'l.200		Central deb 93	100
Merch'ts B'k_108		Ang. & Sav119	121
B'k State Ga120		A. & W. Pt 97	99
Gate City Nat. 100	105	do. deb 163	105
RAFLEGAD BOX		C. C. & A 30	85
Ge P Se 1997 100	100	U. U. W A 00	-

6s; 1397.107 109 · NEW YORK STOCKS.

eks as Reported at the New York Stock

NEW YORK, March 16.—The stock market today has been extremely dull and almost without any other feature. The total sales were 295,990 shares, of which St. Paul, Reading, Lackawanna, Wester Union, Lake Shore and Omaha contributed 210,000 shares. Prices in the morning were irregular, but after the opening there was a weak tone, which was recovered before 11 o'clock, at which time the highest pieces of the day were generally reached. From II to 12 o'clock the market was steady to heavy with only very slight changes. After midday it was firm, as a rule, to the close, but late in the afternoon transactions were so limited as to make quotations little more than nominal, except for the stocks mentioned. St. Paul closed %, per cent higher. Reading isdown 1% per cent, although other Coalers are a shade higher. The remainder of the first was divided between gains and losses, of % to % per cent. highest prices of the day were generally reached.

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	his & Char	. 35	Western UD	Asked.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, New York—The tone, while firm, was rather dull today for the future months, still the market advanced and closed 5@8 points higher. Spots, middling 94ce.

dling 91/8c. Net receipts three days 30,812 bales, against 21,058 Net receipts three days 30,812 bates, against 21,098 bates last year; exports 42,149 bates; last year 21,462 bates; stock 914,258 bates; last year 730,595 bates. Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

September 9.0% 9.08 9.11@ 9.12
November 9.08@ 9.04 9.07@ 9.08
Closed barely steady; sales 108,600|bales.
Local - Cotton steady at unchanged prices:
Good middling 9½c; middling 8½c; strict low middling 8½c; low middling 8½c; strict good ordinary stains Sc; tinges 3%0.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

BECKIPTS.

23 ordinary 7%c; ordinary 7%c; middling

Georgia Railroad. Central Railroad. Western and Atlantic Railroad... West Point Railroad... E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Railroad.... Georgia Pacific Railroad.... Total..... Receipts previously. .153,900

154,333

120,227 34,106 Actual stock on hand The following is our comparative statement:
Receipts today
Same day last year.
Showing an increase of.
Receipts since September 1.
Bame time last year.
Showing a decrease of.

NEW YORK, March 16-C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotion futures today, say: It was a feature-less market beyond a little local manipulation, in which the bulls carried the greatest advantage, and closed the tone steady at five points advance. Strengthening Liverpool and favorable interior town movement afforded some assistance, but falled to draw out a new demand, and the support came from longs bidding against a careful offering and a a want of opposition among the bears. By Telegraph.

a want of opposition among the bears.

By Telegraph.

LIVERFOOL, March 16—12:15 p. m.—Cotton dull and in buyers favor; middling uplands 1/8; middling Orleans 15-16; sales \$,000 bales; speculation and export 500; receipts 27.000; American 26:600; uplands low middling clause March and April delivery 452-64, 45-64; April and May delivery 4 51-64, 50-64; May and June delivery 4 57-64, 4 58-64; June and July delivery 4 60-61, 52 August and September delivery 5 1-64, 5 -64; fitters opened dull but steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 16—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 6,800 blaes; uplands low middling clause March delivery 4 53-64, buyers; March and April delivery 4 53-64, buyers; March and April delivery 4 53-64, buyers; April and May delivery 4 55-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 58-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 58-64, buyers; Suptember and October delivery 5 1-64, buyers; April and May delivery 4 63-64, buyers; April and May delivery 4 55-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 1-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 55-64, sellers; March and April delivery 4 55-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 1-64, value; August and September delivery 5 4-64, sellers; Suptember and October delivery 5 5-64, sellers; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, March 16—Cotton firm; sales 214 bales; middling uplands 9%; middling Orleans 95-16; net receipts 119; gross 5,029; consolidated net receipts 119; gross 5,029; consolidated net receipts 119; gross 5,029; consolidated net receipts 1,321 bales; gross 960; stock 42,459; sales 551; exports coastwise 176.

BALTIMORE, March 16—Cotton steady; middling 9%; net receipts 100 bales; gross 960; stock 42,459; sales 551; exports coastwise 176.

BALTIMORE, March 16—Cotton optic; middling 9%; net receipts 12 bales; gross 4,181; sales none; stock 63,10.

BOSTON, March 16—Cotton quiet; middling 914; tet receipts 12 bales; gross 4,181; sales none; stock 6,310.
WILMINGTON, March 16—Cotton steady; middling
\$5, net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales none; stock PHILADELPHIA, March 16-Cotton dull; middling

9%; net receipts ?14 bales; gross 214; sales none; stock 19,142; exports to Great Britain 107. stock 19,142; exports to Great Britain 107.

SAVANNAH, March 16—Cotton steady; middling 854; net receipts 744 bales; gross 744; sales 650; stock 46,129; exports coastwise 1,338.

NEW ORLEANS, March 16—Cotton firm; middling 89-16; net receipts 4,519 bales; gross 5,928; sales 4,090; stock 341,662; exports to Great Britain 4,930; to France 3,387; to continent 800.

MOBILE, March 16—Cotton steady; middling 89-16; net receipts 248 bales; gross 248; sales 700; stock 40,653; exports coastwise 601.

MEMPHIS, March 16—Cotton steady; middling 854; net; receipts 239 bales; shipments 1,691; sales 5,200; stock 129,221.

AUGUSTA, March 16—Cotton opict; middling 854.

AUGUSTA, March 16—Cotton quiet; middling 8%: net receipts 210 bales; shipments—; sales 276. CHARLESTON, March 16—Cotton quiet; middling 8%: net receipts 808 bales; gross 808; sales 300; stock 51,898.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution. CHICAGO, March 16-Trading was more or les restricted in all directions today because of the less attractive features presented in the market, but after the first dash at trading there was a disposition to let the market recover itself. Pork was a shade stronger than yesterday, mainly by purchases on the hypothesis that a reaction was quite certain o follow yesterday's break. The market, while devoid of much of interesting talk which sprung during yesterday's advance, was firm and

A more unsettled feeling ran through corn which was in very heavy receipts—736 cars. Trading began with wheat pretty thoroughly controlled by the bears. May opened \(\frac{1}{2} \) coff, the situation being weakened by mild, spring like weather. The close at 1 o'clock was about steady, a good many shorts having covered when they saw prices disposed to advance.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, March 16, 1886. The following quotations indicate the flu

on the Chicago board of trade today: WHEAT. March 9 75 9 75 9 75 9 75

Flour, Grain and Meal.

May 31%. CINCINNATI, March 16—Flour heavy and lower: family \$1.10@\$4.25; fancy \$1.40@\$4.60. Wheat heavy and lower: No. 2 red 92@93%. Corn heavy; No. 2 mixed 37% 68. Oats unchanged; No. 2 mixed 32%

LOUISVILLE. March 16—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red 94. Cora, No. 2 new mixed 33@38½; do. white 59. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 33.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, March 16—Provisions dull and easy. Pork \$10.50. Lard 5.85. Bulk meats, loose lots, long clear 5.05. short ribs 5.40. short clear 5.60; boxed lots, long clear 5.65; short rib 5.40. short clear 5.70; boxed lots, long clear 5.67.46.5.70; short clear 5.70; barch clear 5.90; hams \$4.611.

CHICAGO, March 16—Provisions, mess pork March 5.90; 5.90. 714. May 5.97. June 6.02.46.6.714. Boxed meats quiet; dry salted shoulders 3.004.00; short rib 5.206.5.226; short clear 5.006.5.65.

LOUISVILLE, March 16—Provisions steady. Bacon, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats, clear rib 5.75; sides 6.00; shoulders 4.4. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 3.5; short rib 5.00. Bacon firm; shoulders 4.5; short rib 6.05; short clear 6.4.

ATLANTA, March 16—Bulk clear rib sides 5.70. Bacon, sugar-cured shoulders 7.5; sugar-cured hams, 10 b average, 110; do. 14 b average 10%c. Lard—Last tierces, refined 6.40.

NEW YORK, March 16—Pork quiet; old mess spot 59.874,6810.25. Middles steady; long clear 51, Lard 20.4 points higher; western steam spot 6.25.60.271...

Naval Stores. WILMINGTON, March 16—Turpentine firm 1014 rosin firm: strained 90: good 'strained 85: tar firm at \$1.20: crude turpentine firm; hards \$1.20: yellow dip and virgin \$2.15. and virgin \$2.15.

SAVANNAH, March 16.—Turpentine firm at 48; sales — barrels; rosin quiet; strained and good strained \$1.05@\$1.10; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, March 16.—Turpentine dull at 49; rosin, strained \$5; good strained \$5@90. NEW YORK, March 16—Rosin firm at \$1.05@\$1.10 turpentine dull at 48.

Live Stock Live Stock

ATLANTA, March 16—The market is active, especially for mules. The supply of mules is equal to the demand at the following prices: Mules—14 to 14½ hands \$90@\$110; 14½ to 14½ hands \$110@\$125. Horses—Market quiet; supply; plug \$55@\$90; drive \$100@\$140. CINCINNATI, March 16—Hogs steady; common and light \$3.00@\$4.25; packing and butchers \$1.00 @\$4.10.

Fruits and Confectioneries

ATLANTA, March 16 — Apples—\$2.00@3.00 \$ bbl
Lemons—\$3.00@3.02 \$ box Oranges—\$3.50@3.30 \$ bbx.
Coconuts—33/264. Pineapples—None,
Bananas—\$1.00@\$2.00. Figs—16@18e. Raisins
—\$ box \$2.75; new London \$3.75; ½ box \$1.75; ½ box
90c. Currants—77/268. Cranberrie—50e \$ gai: \$14
\$ bbl, California Pears \$5.00 \$ box. Citron—15@40c.
Almonds—20c. Pecans—12c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Dried Fruit—Peaches
2@3c: apples 2c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, March 16— Eggs — 10@11c. Butter—Jersey 25c; Tennessee 15@20c. Poultry—Hens 25@27c; chickens 18@20c cocks 15c; ducks 22½@25c. Dressed Poultry—Chickens 10@12c; turkeys 15@16c, Irish potatoes—\$2.50@\$2.75 @ bbl. Sweet Potatoes—65@75c. Honey—Strained 6@7c; in the omb 12½c. Onions—3.00. Cabbage—2@2½c; Florida 3@3½c.

Hardware,

Hardware.

ATLANTA, March 16— Market steady. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule-shoes \$5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½ @20c. Iron-bound hames \$4.00. Trace-chains 30.67 foc. Ames shovels \$5.50. Spades \$9.50@\$13.00. Well buckets \$4.00. Cotton rope 16c. Swede; iron 5c, rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 15c Nails \$5.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$7.50; painted 6c. Powder, rifle, \$4.00; blasting \$7.75, Bar-lead 7c; shot \$1.65.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, March 19— Leather— Steady; G. D
22@25c; P. D. 21@24; best 25@28c; whiteoak soldoc; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c.

ATLANTA, March 16—Bagging—Jute, 1½ Ba 10%c; 1¾ Bs 10%c. Ties—Delta \$1.35; arrow \$1.30 pieced \$1.16. Miscellaneous.

Ja C. HENDRIX.

"J. C. HENDRIX & CO., Auctioneers.

"J. C. HENDRIX & CO., Auctioneers.

"J. C. ACRES DIVIDED INTO FOUR DAIRY AND DO ACRES DIVIDED INTO FOUR DAIRY AND DELeon and Angier Springs, only a few hundred yards from street car. Will be sold at auction, on Monday, 28th instant, 1889, at 3 p. m. This is the most conveniently located property for garden and dairy farms that can be found around the city. Lying on the Johnson road and Williams's mill road is accessible by road, and being only three or four hundred yards from two streetcar lines makes it almost inside property. It is surrounded by property of T. M. Clark, W. M. Pendleton (the old Pat Calhoun place). Mrs. Knight and others. Is accessible by streets and roads from every direction, has fresh running branch on three of the lots, some valuable springs, also fruit trees, etc. On lot No. 3 there is a two-room house. This property is not offered on speculation. The owner, Mr. J. W. Englett, has more land than he can cultivate, owes some money which he desires to pay, and has directed us to sell the property. Go out and examine these tracts before the day of sale. Mr. Englett lives on the adjoining ground, and will take pleasure in showing the property. Terms ½ cash, balance in 12 months, with 8 per cent interest. Before the sale parties desiring can purchase at private sale. Titles absolute. Sale positive. Take Wheat street car line at Kimball house, 2:30 p. m. Get off & Angier's springs. Only short distance to property. See plat at our office.

"J. C. HENDRIX & CO."

ORIGINAL OPIUM CURE

NO CURE! NO PAY!

MEAN WHAT I SAY, IN FOURTEEN DAYS
my patients are all well. My remedy is infallible and known only by myself. Address.

A. P. BROWN, M. D.,
Saysona Cobb county. Go. Smyrna, Cobb county, Ga. mari-dly Name this paper.

Ask your retailer for the Griginal #3 Shoe
Beware of Imitations. None Genuineu JAMES MEANS'



THE GEORGIA PACIFIC R'Y

BIRMINGHAM, THE THROUGH CAR LINE—

WEST.

Atlanta to San Francisco, First Class \$46.70.

Atlanta to San Francisco, Second Class,

\$36.70. LOW RATES TO All Arkansas and Texas Points

For maps, rates, etc., call on or address B. F. WYLEY, JR.,
General Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.
G. S. BARNUM, G. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
ALEX. S. THWEATT, T. P. A., Atlanta, Ga. S. B. WEBB, Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.



BEAVER, STIFF OR SOFT, Cleaned; Dyed, [Repaired and Shaped in New Styles. mar10-d3m wed sun

HUNNICUTTS Rheumatic Cure!

THE WONDER OF THE AGE! Cures RHEUMATISM And all other troubles of the

BLOOD AND MUSCLES, No matter how long you have suffered, Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Cure WILL RELIEVE YOU.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, University of Georgia.

THE CHAIR OF

"Natural History and Agriculture"

in the University of Georgia willbe filled July 1886. Salary \$2,000, and residence on the Expe rimental Farm.

All applications must be sent to

LAMAR COBB, Secretary, Johann Hoff's Malt Extract,

THE ONLY GENUINE IMPORTED BY EISNER & MENDELSON,

318 and 320 Race Street, Philadelphia. 1

OFFICE OF W. W. LAMB, M. D., 1249 HANOVER STREET, PHILAD'A., Dec. 6, 1884. DEAR STRS.—I have used Johann Hod's Malt Extract for the past five years in my private practice, and have found it to be the best health-restoring beverage and tonic nutritive known. I have found it especially good in persons convalescing, from fever, in cases of dyspepsia, for mother's nursing, and in cases of weakly children and also in lung troutrobles. My attention was drawn by the immense importation semi-monthly, and about a million of bottles imported fly you have passed my inspection in the Custom House satisfactorily for the past five years. Nours respect-M. Line he past five years. Wours respully, W. W. LAMB, M. D.,

Chief Drug Inspector U.'S. S. Port Philadelphia. None genume without the signature of Johann Hoff and Moritz Eisner on the neck of each bottle. FOR SALE BY JOS. JACOBS,

Nov 15 sun wed Electric Belt Free To introduce it and obtain agents we will fer the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electre Galyanic Suspensory Belts, Price & positive and unfailing our for the positive and unfailing our for a 5000 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate agenuine electricourrent. Address stonce ELECTRIO EBLT AGENCY, P. O. BOX 178, Brooklyn, K. Y. Name this paper. jan12-tue thu sat wky

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Name this paper. jani2—tue thu sat why

Name this paper. jani2—tue thu sat why

CLEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPETior Court of said County—The petition of Junius
G. Oglesby, and Thomas D. Meador, of the firm of
Oglesby & Meador, of William J. Tanner, Charles
E. Currier, and William A. Heath, of the firm of
Tanner, Currier & Heath; and of Benjamin F. Wyly,
and Allison L. Green, of the firm of Wyly & Green,
all of the city of Atlanta in said county
shows that have associated themselves to
occumpany" for the purpose of becoming incorporated by that name, and in their
Corporate Capacity, and as a Corporation, by that
name, to bur, sell, and deal in meat, grain, groceries, and all other article bought or sold by provision dealers or grocers; and to manufacture any
goods or articles appertaining to, or bought or sold
in conducting said lines of business, including the
right of slaughtering animals for food, and curing
and packing meats, and the right and power of
adding in any such businesses conducted by others—
—That the amount of capital they wish to be authorized to employ in the business is three hundred
thousand dollars, of which sum, fifty thousand dollars will be actually paid in before commencing
business, and additional amounts to be subscribed
and paid in from time to time, as the business may
require, to the full extent of said authorized capital—That their principal place of doing business is
said city of Atlanta, but they desire the privilege of
establishing branch offices whenever, and wherevethey may find it to their interest so to do.

Petitioners further show that it is their desire
that they and their associates and successors be incorporated under said name of "Atlanta Provision
Company" for the period of twenty years, with the
privilege of renewal at the expiration of that time,
for the purposes aforesaid, and with all the rights
powers and privileges set forth, or that may be
exercised under the laws of said State, by such
Can DLER, THOMSON & CANDLER. And petitioners will ever pray, &c.
CANDLER, THOMSON & CANDLER.

Petitioners Attorneys, Filed in office March 16, 1836. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. A true extract from the minutes of Fulton superior court. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE, RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILWAY SYSTEM.

The Great Through Car Route, With Double Daily Trains And Through Sleeping Car Service Complete

BETWEEN THE SOUTH AND NORTH. 72 MILES SHORTER AND 8 HOURS QUICKER THAN ANY OTHER ROUTE

TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST. Richmond and Danville Railroad Time One Hour Faster than At-lanta City Time.

Schedule in effect Jan. 17th, 1886.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express,
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7140 a m	4 45 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time	8,40 a m	5 45 p m
Arrive Lulu	11 00 a m	8 10 p m
" Seneca	12 57 p m	10 42 p m
H Greenville	2 30 D m	12 15 8 10
" Charlotte	625 p m	500 a m
" Charlotte	801 p m	6 39 a m
" Greensboro	9 35 p m	8 30 a m
" Danville	11 26 p m	10 36 a m
" Lynchburg	210 a m	150 p m
41 Charlottosville	4 20 a m	4 20 D III
Washington	8 40 a m	9 15 p m
ii Paltimora	IU US a m	11 20 0 10
Work Vork	3 20 p m	6 20 a m
" New York	10 30 p m	300 p m
Arrive Burkeville	3 57 a m	200 p m
44 Norfolk	11 000000	II contoon
GAINESVILLE ACCOM Leave Atlanta city time. Arrive Gainesville. RETURNING. Leave Gainesville city time Arrive Atlanta.	**************	610 p n

Only 31 Hours Transit ATLANTA TO NEW YORK. The only line running Pullman Buffett and Sleeping Cars, without change, Atlanta to New York via ing Cars, without change, Attains to New York washington.
Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance in these cars. Train number 53 has Pullman Buffet cars New Orleans to Washington.
Train number 51 has Pullman Buffet and Sleeping car, Atlanta to New York. Two Daily Trains for Athens, Georgia,

EXCEPT SUNDAY. BERKELY, Gen. Pass. Agent. Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga. C. W. CHEARS, C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, .Ga Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt. Richmond, Va.

NORTHEASTERN BAILROAD.

Commencing Monday, January 18th, 1896.

Commencing Monday, January 18th, 1896, the following schedule will operate on this road. Trains run by 75th meridian time—one hour faster than Athens time. No. 53 | No. 51 No. 53 | No. 51 8:45 a m | 5:00 p m 9:40 a m | 6:07 p m 10:53 a m | 7:30 p m 1:40 p m | 10:40 pm 1:55 p m | No. 52 DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Leave Tallulah Falls..... Arrive Clarkesville...... Leave Atlanta.... 8:00 a m 8:45 a m | 5:45 p m 8:40 am | 5:45 p m 11:10 am | 8:35 p m 12:20 pm | 9:45 p m 1:35 pm | 10:45 p m

KENNESAW ROUTE WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. NO. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.

No. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays. Arrives Chattanooga. 4
NO. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.

3 has Pullman palace sleeping cars, Jackson to St. Louis via Savannah, Atlanta, Nashville No. 14 runssolid to Rome. No. 11 has Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga. No. 19 has through first class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change, via McKenzie and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without

SOUTHBOUND. NO. 4 EXPRESS-DAILY. .10 32 am 2 25 pm Stops at all important way stations . NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY. Leave Chattanooga.....

Arrive Atlanta

NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga.

Arrive Atlanta. Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.

and through coaca change.

No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.

JOS. M. BROWN,

Gen'l. Pass, and Ticket Agent.

ALTON ANGLER.

and Ticket Agent.

Assistant Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agent, B. A. ANDERSON, Gen'l Superintendent. STATE OF GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—TO be the superior court of said county: The petition of the Capitol City Land and Improvement company of Atlanta, Georgia, respectfully shows that they were incorporated by the superior coart of said county on the 25td day of April, 1884, and that under their charter they are authorized and empowered to buy and improve real estate and to sell the same to aid purchasers in building houses and improving said property, to lease or rent real estate and to accumulate profits for the stockholders, that the amount of capital stock required under law in such cases made and provided, has been paid in and the company is now carrying on the business for which it was incorporated. Petitioner would further show that they have now a large amount of money on hand uninvested, and which they cannot invest under their present charter so as to realize profit to their stockholders they, therefore, desire to wider and increase the scope of their business with this view and in order that they may invest the money now on hand as well as all such moneys as may hereafter be received by thems so as to secure profits to their stockholders, they pray that their charter may be amended by adding the following, to wit: To subscribe, to purchase, own and hold bank and other stock, bonds and secureties, and your petitioners will ever pray, etc.

WEIL & BRANDT, Atty for Petitioners.

Filed in this the 13th day of March, 1886.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—TO

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton supe-

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufauta Railroads.

All trains of this system are run by Central or (20th Meridian time).

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 6th, ISS.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, DEC. 6, 1885, PAS senger trains on these roads will run as follows

GOING FROM ATLANTA GOING FROM ATI

I.v. Atlanta D No 52

Ar. Thomaston D E S

"Carrolton D E S

"Bacon D No 52

"Augusta D No 17

"Savannah D No 52

"Jacksonville

"Perry D E S No 21

"Bok To Gaines D E S No 25

"Blakely D E S No 25

"Blakely D E S No 25

"Eufaula D No 1.

"Columbus D No 5

"Montgomery D No 1.

Lv. Atlanta D No 2.

Av. Thomaston D E S.

"Carrollton

"Macon

"Augusta 6:25 p m Montgomery
Atlanta D No 54... 200 p 0

COMING TOWARDS ATLANTA.

Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D. 17:22 m

"Jacksonville via Albany 8:40 a m

"Savannah D No 51 8:40 a m

"Savannah D No 50 12:20 p m

"Albany D No 26 345; a m

"Fort Gaines D E S No 25 10:05 a m

"Porry D E S No 22 2:00 p m

"Euianla D No 2 10:55 a m

"Columbus D No 6 11:40 p m

"Montgomery D No 2 7:40 a m

"Augusta D No 18 10:25 a m

"Macon D No 51 5:40 ped

"Thomaston.

"Carrollton D 5:00 a m COMING TOWARDS ATLANTA. 5:00 a m 9:30 p m Ly Jacksonville via Savannah D.

"Jacksonville via Albany.

" Savannah D No 58

"Albany.

"Blakeley.

"Fort Gaines... 8:20 p t 8:10 p m Montgomery Augusta Macon D No 53... " Savannah..... " Albany D......

Ar. Atlanta D No 1... ...12:40 p m

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

Office General Manager Augusta, Ga., Nov. 21, 1836.
Commencing Sunday, 22d proximo, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.

FAST LINE. NO 27 WEST-DAILY. Leave Augusta. Leave Washington.... Leave Athens.... Leave Gainesville.... Arrive Atlanta.... NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta. Arrive Augusta.

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST-DAILY.
L've Atlanta... 8 15 pm L've Augusta... 9 45 pm
Ar. Augusta... 5 50 am Ar. Atlauta..... 6 45 am DECATUR TRAIN,
(Daily except Sundays.
L ve Atlanta..... 9 35 am L've Decatur
Ar. Decatur......10 05 am Ar. Atlanta...

ROME & CARROLLTON R. R.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ROME, GA., March 10, 1886. No. 2 No. 4 Daily Except Sunday.

No. 3. No. 1. Leave Cedartown..... Arrive Dyars..... Arrive Lake Creek...

of East and West railroad, and at Rome with Rome railroad and with E. T. Va. & Ga., E. E. J. D. WII LIAMSON, President

A DEMAND
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EVENTS 1

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buggy, ALMOS

SPRING STYLES

Our Merchant Tailoring

DEPARTMENT

COMPLETE!

NOW

n & Mont-

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, MARCH 17.

HAS. C. MAUBURY, ATTHE OPERA HOUSE TO-NIGHT IN "WAGES OF SIN"—MATINEE AT 2:30, AT NIGHT 8 P. M.

THROUGHTHE CITY.

Pencil Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

A DEMAND FOR SEED.—The seed stores of the city are doing a much larger business this season than they have for many years. All of the stores are crowded the entire day, and an immense quantity of vegetable seed is being sold. A visit to them would convince any one that the average Atlantian intends to have his own garden and raise his own vegetables. The price this year for garden seed is said to be a shade lower than last.

A LITERARY TREAT.—A musical and literary festival was given at the residence of M.C. Kiser, on Peachtree street, last night, under the auspices of the Ladies Benevolent association of the First Baptist church. The attendance was large and the entertainment passed off most satisfactory. The proceeds will be devoted to charitable purposes. A full report of the entertainment will be given in Sunday's Constitution.

FUNERAL OF DR. J. J. CALDWELL.—The funeral services of Dr. J. J. Caldwell were held

yesterday morning at ten o'clock from Trin-ity church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Lee, in a beautiful and impressive manner. The deceased was a member of Trinity church

for a number of years, and the minister spoke touchingly of his Christian virtues. A large number of the physicians of the city attended

the funeral in a body. The remains were laid to rest in Oakland cemetery.

THE NEW COUNCIL CHAMBER .-- The furni

ture in the old council chamber was torn out yesterday and removed to the new chamber. The chamber has not been finished yet, and the furniture was only removed from the old

chamber in order to turn it over to the work-men who will begin constructing the offices at ence. The new chamber when finished will be the handsomest and most convenient one Atlanta has ever had. Besides being better arranged than the other it will be larger and decidedly more pleasant.

THE DENCK BENEFIT .- The young men of

the Young Men's Christian association are going to give Professor Denck a benefit con-cert next Friday night in their rooms, at which

one of the choicest musical programmes of the season will be presented. The occasion will be graced by the presence and help of several of Atlanta's best musicians. It is hoped the

affair may prove a success in every way, as Professor Denck's nightly contributions for the past month to the pleasure of many young men of our city have been exceedingly gener-

THE JACKSON CASE.-Col. Towers, principal

keeper of the state penitentiary department, says that he has heard nothing from the authorities at Augusta relative to the case of George T. Jackson. He is of the opinion that

George T. Jackson. He is of the opinion that Jackson is still out on bond, awaiting the action of the court. Jackson will have to be resentenced, and then the principal keeper will be notified of Jackson's being ready to go to the penitentiary to serve the term of seven years, which was his sentence when he was convicted. So far no lessee has made application for him. If none is made it is more than likely that Jackson will go to the Dade county mines.

THREW A STONE THROUGH A WINDOW.

THREW A STONE THROUGH A WINDOW.—
Yesterday a heavy stone was thrown through a window in the ladies' car on the Central train which left the city at 6 o'clock. The stone crushed through the glass, and, breaking the blind, dropped in Mr. C. W. Wells's lap. The noise made by the breaking glass was heard by every one in the coach, and created quite a panic. In less than a minute every blind in the car was down. The train was moving at the rate of thirty miles an hour when the stone struck the window. Mr. Wells says that he had rather have been in the Dixie

says that he had rather have been in the Dixie editorial rooms than in that seat by the win-

CHANGING THE GAUGE.-The Western and

Atlantic railroad will today commence work changing the wheel gauge of its freight cars. The cars, as fast as the wheels are made to apply to the new track gauge, will be put on the sidlings near the fair grounds where they will still the still t

remain until the change of the gauge of the southern railroad lines goes into effect. It is estimated that the wheel gauge of seventy-five

cars can be changed in a week. New wheels and trucks for passenger coaches are now in the shops of the company ready for use. These will not be put under the coaches until the last

week in May.

Sunday's Constitution.

Railroads. DEC. 6, 1885, PAR will run as follows

10:40 p m

6:00 a m 12 noon 12:00 p m 4:33 p m 7:10 p m 2:45 p m 4:01 p m 2:16 pm 7:25 p m to Savaunah No 2 to Jack Passengers for vania, Ga., take 2 make close con S F & W Ry for soints. Train No V R R. Train 62 S F & W R'y for LANTA.

> 5:00 a in 9:30 p in 8:20 p in 8:10 m

3:35 a m 7:32 p m 4:10 a m 6:00 a m

.12:40 p m ah to Macon in at Atlants and western sleeping and A. Savannah, Ga

AILROAD AD COMPANY, Sa., Nov. 21. 1885.

o, the following

MR. W. E. DELOACH DEAD.—Mr. W. E. De-Loach, brother of A. A. DeLoach, the manu-facturer, died Monday afternoon at six o'clock, after an illness of one weeks' duration. Pneu-monia was the cause of Mr. DeLoach's death. Mr. DeLoach came to Atlanta only a few months ago to take charge of the shops of A.

A. DeLoach & Co., and was not extensively known in Atlanta, but with every one whom he met during his brief life in this city he TRAINS.

made a most favorable impression. His brother, Mr. A. A. DeLoach. and his sister, who came up from Wesleyan Female college, to be with him in his illness, were at his bedside when he died. He had joined his destiny with Atlanta, and by his death the city loses a promising young man. Mr. DeLoach was about twenty-two years of age. His remains were sent to Bullock county for interment. THE BABY FOUND.—Mrs. McKenzie has found her three-year old child, from whom she was so eruelly separated Monday afterpoon. The baby was with its father when Mrs. McKenzie came upon it. It appears that when McKenzie left the saloon from which his wife had attempted to lead him, he went direct to the house he had rented. There he found the negroes with the baby and the furniture. The furniture was placed in the house and then McKenzie carried the child inside to await the arrival of his wife, but Mrs McKenzie WEST-DAILY. agusta..... 9 45 pm anta...... 6 45 am 7 25 am 7 55 am10 10 am and then McKenzie carried the child inside to await the arrival of his wife, but Mrs McKenzie did not know where her husband was, and with an aching heart kept up a search for him all night. Early yesterday morning the real estate agent who rented McKenzie the house read the account of the separation of the mother and baby and notified the police department where the McKenzie house was, and in this way Mrs. McKenzie found her baby.

arkston... 2 36 pm ecatur.... 3 01 pm anta...... 3 30 pcm signaled, stop at Sundays.
Ve passengers to
y: Grovetown,
on, Norwood, Barreensboro, Madngton, Conyers,
ese trains make
southeast, west,
d carry through

TON R. R ENT'S OFFICE, March 10, 1886.

were thus engaged, the tank suddenly overflowed. The driver sprang to the valve to
close it, but unfortunately turned it the
wrong way, when the heavy iron goose-neck
connecting the hose with the tank, was
thrown over with great violence, just missing
Mr. Kimball's head, and coming down with
crushing force upon his foot, mashing it very
badly. Mr. Kimball managed to get to his
buggy, which was near by, and was taken
home. His physician, Dr. Orme, thinks that
careful treatment will bring him out all right
in a few days. n a few days. ALMOST A FATAL FALL.-Chas. T. Padget a young white man who lives near Chatta-nooga, fell from the rear platform of an East Tennessee passenger train vesterday afternoon 00 a. m. 3:30 p. m No. 1. No. 3.

nooga, fell from the rear platform of an East Tennessee passenger train yesterday afternoon near the Jones street bridge, and was quite seriously hurt. Padget was standing on the rear platform of the north bound train, looking at the city. Just as the train reached the bridge it slackened its speed quickly, and then suddenly plunged forward again. This reverse motion caused Padget to lose his balance, and being unable to recover himself, he fell. His body struck the track with great force, and the man was knocked senseless. He was picked up by some train hands and carried to the Georgia Pacific depot, whence he was sent to the Ivy street hospital. The man was quite seriously hurt. His face and hands were hadly cat up by the rough ballast upon which he fell. He will be able to leave for his home in a day or two.

ACCIDENT TO MR. J. C. KIMBALL,-Mr. J

Accident to Mr. J. C. Kimball.—Mr. J. C. Kimball, who has but recently gotten up from quite a severe illness, met with an accident yesterday morning that is likely to lay him up for some days. Mr. Kimball was standing near one of his large sprinklers while it was taking water, near the Jackson building, giving some directions to the driver. While they were thus engaged, the tank suddenly overflowed. The driver sprans to the value to

LAWSHE'S LAY.

FOUND BY CAPTAIN MANLEY AND HIS BEST PATROLNAN.

Jim Lawshe, the ex-Convict, Found in Pos Stolen Goods-The Goods Reclaimed and Law-she Arrested-Other Arrests in the Same Case-Lee Peacock's Fine-Etc.

The case of suspicion against Jim Lawshe, has developed into a full pledged case of barglary in which a half dozen persons are im plicated.

The case has been most arefully and suc cessfully worked by Captain Manley and Patrolman Poole.

Friday afternoon last, Captain Manley was informed that two negro men had been trying to sell some boxes of tobacco on Peters street and that the tobacco was evidently stolen as they asked less than half price for it At first the captuin paid no attention to the statement, but later in the day he was approached by a negro woman who told him

TWO NEGRO MEN HAD SECRETED the boxes in her yard for a short while the night before they attempted to sell it. The negro women did not know who the men were, but she informed the captain that one of ther was wearing a new pair of shoes which screeked terribly. Captain Manley then began searching for the tobacco and when he once obtained a clew had no trouble in tracing the two darkies who were carrying the boxes to Jim Lawshe's store on Green Ferry avenue but when the officers entered the house the found Lawshe so drunk that he could not talk. Captain Manley decided to search Lawshe's place and with Patrolman Poole went all over the building from basement to garret, but failed to find the tobacco. In the cellar, how-

ever,y the found

A DEEP SQUARE HOLE,
about five feet deep in the floor. The hole was securely covered up and only an accident dis-covered it, but down at the bottom of the hole a large keg of lard and four buckets of candy were found. The fact that these things were hidden under the ground aroused the suspi-cion of the officers, but they did not say any-thing to cause Lawshe to think that he was suspected. After leaving Lawshe's store Cap-tain Manley returned to Peters street to make a more thorough search for the tobacco. Soon after reaching the street he came in contact with Sidney Dobbs and Wade Smith, two

as suspicious characters. Dobbs was wearing

as suspicious characters. Doobs was wearing a pair of shoes that screeched loudly, and when the captain observed this he decided to arrest the two, hoping that he was on the right track. With Patrolman Poole's aid the two negroes were soon landed in the city prison, but no information of a satisfactory character could be drawn from them. That night the captain succeeded in tracing the captain succeeded in tracing the tobacco to a store on Peters street. The merchant told Captain Manley where he had purchased the tobacco from, and tefore dark William Brown and Sol Turner were arrested and four boxes of tobacco were found. From the prisoners Captain Manley learned enough to induce him to believe that the negroes, belonged to a regularly organized gang, but he was unable to learn from them to whom the goods belonged. In investigating the affair the captain ascertained that

several box cars
on the East Tennessee road had been broken
open recently and that four boxes of candy
had been stolen. The boxes were described to
the captain, and the description fixed the theft the captain, and the description fixed the theft upon Lawshe, who was arrested Sunday. Lawshe denied knowing anything about the candy or the tobacco, but one of the prisoners told enough to induce Captain Manley to think that Lawshe was at the head of the gang. On yesterday the officer was notified that several boxes of tobacco had been stolen from a box caron the East Tennessee road. The tobacco, which had been recovered, was then shown to the agent of the reed who pesthen shown to the agent of the road, who pos-itively identified it, and to him three of the boxes were surrendered. Yesterday, too, John Pool was ascertained to have had a hand in the affair, and he was arrested.

How it Looks.
Captain Manley is of the opinion that the gang has been organized, and at work, for some time, and to them he can now trace half the car robberies that have occurred recently. Lawshe, it appears, is at the head of the gang. Lawshe is the same Atlanta boy who was sen to Albany several years ago for counterfeiting money. Two years ago, Lawshe was released from prison and came to Atlantawithout money He went to work and behaved himself, and in a little time got a start. He now has a stor fairly stocked with goods on Green's Ferry

HIS DOG POISONED Dr. Thompson, who lives on Fair street, is mad. For years past the doctor has owned the finest mastiff in the third ward. The dog the inest mastiff in the third ward. The dog was known by every body in the ward and was highly prized by Dr. Thompson because he was a valuable dog. Night before last some miscreant gave the dog a dose of cold poison and yesterday morning when Dr. Thompson went to the dog's kennel to feed him he found him stiff in death. The doctor reported the watter at police headquarters and offers a rematter at police headquarters and offers a reward of \$50 for information leading to the party who poisoned the dog.

ANOTHER DOG. Mr. W. F. Dickey, on Alabama street, had a fine dog stolen from his place yesterday, and the police department is now looking for that

A LOST WATCH. A LOST WATCH.

Irby, the contractor, yesterday visited police headquarters and left the description of a fine gold watch which was stolen from him night before last. Mr. Irby offers a liberal reward for the recovery of the watch.

LEE PEACOCK'S CASE.

Lee Peaceck, the young man who got so gloriously drunk day before vesterday on Mericals.

riously drunk day before yesterday, on Mari etta street, and was arrested by Patrolmer Nolan and Sheridan, was arraigned in police court yesterday morning. Peacock plead not guilty to the charge and drunk and disorderly conduct, but the evidence would not sustain his plea and he was fined three dollars and seventy five cents.

THEY WERE DISCHARGED.

The regiment of negro men and women who
Nere arrested at the ball night before last on Foundry street were arraigned in police court this morning. They all put in a plea of not guilty to the charge of disorderly conduct. The arresting officers failed to do good swearing and the entire crowd was discharged.

CRUELTY TO ANNAIS.

organd the entire crowd was discharged.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Henry Davis, who runs a wood yard on Wheat street, was seen driving a horse up Broad street yesterday which could hardly stand. Several citizens who saw the horse passing along the street made unfavorable remarks about Davis, and Patrolman Phillips arrested the negro. This morning in police court Davis will answer the charge of cruelty to animals. to animals.

HAS BEEN RELEASED. Jeff Conwell, the small negro boy who was found on top of Jones's restaurant, on Decadur street, Friday night by Patrolmen Stroud and Mechan, was released from custody yesterday. Conwell has been in the city prison since Friday night, but as no evidence against him could be acquired, he was released terday.

A STOLEN HORSE George Huff, who lives near the old Exposi tion hotel, visited police headquarters yester-day and left the description of a valuable mare which was stolen from him Monday

CHICKENS STOLEN.

Night before last a chicken thief entered
Mis. H. Love's premises, on Calhoun street,
and stole seven chickens.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 16, 1886.—Elitors Constitution: In the session of the trustees of the Orphans' Home, the proceedings of which appeared in your issue of last Sunday, I was present only at the investigation of the Arthur Harrison case, and fully approve their action in this case. I expressed no approval nor disapproval of the rest of their action, and hardly expected my name would appear to a report of the full proceedings. Very respectfully,

BIBLES FOR CONVICTS

Superintendent Towers Trying to Improve the Morals of the Convicts. when a reporter of THE Constitution called at the office of the superintendent of the penitentiary yesterday afternoon to learn what was new in that department, Colonel Towers, the ever accommodating superintendent, was found hard at work, making out a list of discharges for the month of April.

"How many go out, colonel?" asked THE

"Oh, I can't say yet. I have already written out the discharges of seventeen, and I am not half through. More convicts will be released from the penitentiary department next month than during any month since I have been in office."

office."
"I suppose that they go home as soon as they are released?" put in the reporter.
"Yes, in a great many instances, they do, and it is often the case that they are given a reception upon their arrival at home. I remember while living in Rome some years ago, HEALING A BRASS BAND. HEARING A BRASS BAND

going down the streets. The band was fol lowed by a large crowd of colored people. I asked what was the cause of the demonstration, and was told a colored man whose name I do not now remember had finished serving his time in the penitentiary and was comin home, and that his friends had turned out t welcome him home." "What about the rumer that you are going

to present every convict in the penitentiary service with a Bible?"

"There is this much in it. I am going to give a Bible to every convict who can read and who wants it. The chaplains of the va-rious camps are now getting up a list of the names of the convicts who can read and who express a desire to have a Bible. I have al

ready ordered
THREE HUNDRED BIBLES, and these will be distributed as rapidly as the chaplains make their reports."
"What will they cost?"

"About thirty cents for every copy. The books have paper backs, and are gotten up in servicable style."
"Are you sending out the old or the revised

"I am sending out the old edition, with the Old and New Testaments under one cover."
"Has the demand been great or small up to "I find that almost every convict who can ead wants a Bible, and every one will get a

"How many have you furnished so far?" "About sixty copies."
"Where were they sent?"
"To the camps of the Chattahoochee Brick

THE LONG. LAST REST.

Remains of Mrs. Clark Howell, Sr., In terred in Oakland Yesterday. Mrs. Clark Howell, Sr., was buried yester-day afternoon at 4 o'clock, in Oakland comeery, from the Christian church, on Hunter

Shortly before the hour for the funeral ser vices, the life-time friends and acquaintances of Mrs. Howell and her family, began to assemble in the church, and notwithstanding the suddenness of her death and the brief announcement of the funeral, many of Fulton county's most respected and oldest citi-

zens were present.

A few moments after four o'clock the long procession of carriages reached the church from the house of the deceased in charge of Mr. C. H. Swift. The pall bearers were Mr. E. P. Chamberlin, Mr. A. L. Kontz, Judge S. B. Hoyt, Judge E. B. Rosser, Mr. C. W. Hunnicutt, Mr. W. S. Bell, Mr. A. F, Lee, Judge W.

A. Wilson.
Elder J. S. Lamar, formerly pastor of the Christian Church of Augusta, preached the funeral sermon in the absence of Elder T. M. Harris, of this city, who is now in Sanders ville, his old home, visiting his family, some of whom are sick.

Elder Lamar read portions of the Scripture from that hope inspiring fifteenth chapter of Corinthians, and a few passages from Revela-tions. Impressively and beautifully he dwelt upon the immortality of the soul and the resupon the immortantly of the soul and the resurrection of the body, and softened the harshness of the sorrowful occasion by his own gentle words of sympathy and comfort, which the truly Christian life of the _deceased inspire1. He spoke of the Christian death as but a sleep. "Truly this good woman but sleepeth," he said in tones as reassuring as sympathetically spoken. At the conclusion of his discourse

y spoken. At the conclusion of his discourse a male chorus from the Young Men's Christian association sang that old and familiar hymn, a favorite with the deceased, "I Would Not Live Alway."

The services were concluded at the grave.

Those only who knew Mrs. Howell in the relation of mother, friend or benefactor know the loss home and society has sustained. DON'T LIKE DEAD PEOPLE.

An Effort to Stop the New Colored Cem

etery. Judge Marshall J. Clarke has enjoined the colored people from burying their dead in the new cemetery on the McDonough road, three miles from the city.
The injunction is only temporary, the case

The injunction is only temporary, the case being set for a final hearing on Saturday morning next.

As was stated in yesterday's Constitution A. J. Harper filed a bill in the superior court praying for an injunction.

Mr. Harper owns nity-five acres of land, situated in what is known as South Bend dis-trict. He resides upon the place and occupies the same as a home. Besides running a farm, he has a number of cows and runs a dairy. He has been living on the place for the past four years, and selected it occause of its nearness to the city. Tae land djoining his is the land now being used by the colored people as a cemetery. His residence is within two hundred feet of the cemetery The cemetery is elevated and the natural and necessary drainage is toward and down upon the land and home of Mr. Harper. Six gul-leys and hollows flow from the cemetery di-rectly upon his home and land. There is no way, owing to the location of the cemetery, to prevent the water and seapage from running down upon his property. Ten or twelve bodies have been buried there, and he don't want any more placed in the ground so near his hous The land is of an open porous soil compos of sand and mica and water falling upon percolates rapidly and freely, and during every rain there is water spouts flowing into his well, making the water polluted, endan-gering the health of himself and family. The graves are dug very close to each other, and the bodies are being placed within twelve inches of each other. He says that they are so close that prope are placed between the graves to keep them from falling in or from coming together. He believes that the cemetery is operated and maintained by C. H. Morgan, Annie Turner M. Cargile and D. T. Howard for the purpose of money making, and there is no public ne cessity for the same. If the cemetery is allowed to continue his property will be

After considering the matter the judge granted a temporary injunction. Michael Strogoff.

The celebrated English paper, the London tandard, had the following notice of the play then presented in that city: when presented in that city:

It may be doubted whether any play recently produced at this or any other house has found its way so directly to the public heart as has "Michael Strogoff," given for the first time yesterday. From the moment when, at the close of the first act, the curtain fell upon a situation equally novel and effective, to the close of a scene, the actors were summoned before the curtain, and Mr. Warner was at one time compelled to request the audience to reserve till the fate of the piece was definitely settled, a demand for the reappearance of the authors prematurely put forth. The triumph thus delayed was not lost.

Red Star Cough Cure.

Professor Grothe, Brooklyn board of health, says it is free from opiates and is highly efficacious. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Make up your clubs and go to Motes's and get his best cabinet photographs at \$4 per dozen; \$3 per 1/4 dozen.

Plats at My Office Of Webster place, No. 137 South avenue, to be sold at auction March 24th, 4 p. m. Samuel W. Goole

STILSON RELIABLE GOODS FAIR DEA

53 Whitenail Street,

Spring Samples HAVEBEEN Great Variety of Elegant Styles! CALL AND EX

GEOR

38 Whitehall street.

ASK FOR AND'USE DRU "J. T.," Big Chunk an AND DON'T YOU THE ONLY GENUINE REISER & STERN, GUCKENHEIMER & SON, TOLLENS BROS., CHARLESTON, S. C, LORRICK & LAWRENCE, COLUMBIA, S. C.

WELL CARED FOR.

Dr. Armstrong's Friends Furnish a House and Give it to Him. Dr. Armstrong is being well cared for by his many friends among the congregation of St. Philip's church.

At a meeting of the vestry of the parish held a a few days ago Vestryman Jack W. Johnson was appointed a committee of one to call upon Dr. Armstrong and tender to him the use of any pew in St. Philip's free of charge as long as he desired to occupy it. Since then the ladies of the church who have been among his strongest supporters during his troubles. his strongest supporters during his troubles, have rented No. 26 Church street and placed the house at his disposal. The parlors of the house have been handsomely furnished, the kitchen arranged with

kitchen arranged with

EVERY CONVENIENCE,
and a large store room packed with provisions
of every character. Dr. Armstrong's new
home, fitted up with every comfort, was
placed at his disposal yesterday. The remainder of the house would have been furnished but for the fact that the doctor has a
sufficiency of furniture to fill the upper portion of his residence. Dr. Armstrong will at
once take possession. Today he will commence moving into it, and by the end of the
week he hopes to be able to have everything week he hopes to be able to have everything arranged and the numerous comforts placed at his disposal by his admirers in such a shape that he will feel at home and in a condition to receive his many friends whenever they call

The quickest way to banish a cough is by sing Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cts. The Webster Place, No. 137 South Avenue At auction March 24th, 4 p. m., on the premises, b Samuel W. Goode. Plats now ready.

Large Stock Just Arrived, Bought at Auction Dinner sets, tea sets, bedroom sets at prices to the times. Our goods are new, cheap and first lass. Our prices defy competition. You will los oney if you buy goods before seeing our stock nd prices. We are offering bargains. Come and sets. We know it will pay you. McBride & Co.

Call for a Plat and Description Phillips place, No. 308 Peachtree street W. Goode.

G. W. Adair

JEWELER! LING AND BOTTOM PRICES, Atlanta, Georgia.

for Suits to Measure RECEIVED. PRICES LOW AND | FIT GUARANTEED AMINE THEM.

I am Closing Out Heavy Weights in | Ready-Made Clothing Very Low! GE MUSE,

> MMOND'S HORSE SHOE d Natural Leaf Tobacco,

STATIONERY

OUR STORE IS CENTRAL AND CONVENIENT our prices as low as the lowest. We carry a ful stock of Office Supplies for Railroads, banks and Merchants, embracing everything from a penpoin to a Letter Press.

Fine Note Paper and Visiting Cards for ladies and Picture Frames. Any size made to order. No fancy prices. A fine PICTURES. We have an elegant stock of pictures at remark ably low figures. Please give us a call. THORNTON & SELKIRK, Successors to E. H. Thornton, 28 Whitehall Street. HAVE YOU MONEY TO INVEST If so, do not be satisfied with low rates of interest when you can have EIGHT PER GENT NET WITH YOUR MONEY SECURED BY A FIRST mortgage upon some of the choicest real estate in the city of Atlanta; or if preferred, the best farm lands in the state of Georgia, worth in every intance three times the amount loaned. I have been exclusively engaged in the special business of negotiaring this class of loans for twenty years in the northwest (state of Iowa) up to 1880, and since 1880 here in Atlanta. Complete abstracts of title by competent attorneys and all interest and principal collected without a cent of expense to lenders. I use coupon notes, making them as convenient as government bonds. Investors are invited to call and have a talk, whether they desire to invest or not. Testimonials from peopo she have loaned through me for years are on file in my office. C. P. N. BARKER, Will sell this afternoon at 2 o'clock sharp that splendid property at the junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets, for cash, known as German Lutheran church. Be there and buy it. Also at 4 sharp that first class central property, on Mitchell street and in rear of Presbyterian church. This is superior property, adjoins the "sisters." Capitalists should secure a plat and be there. SCNAME WHITEHALL

CORNER ALABAMA AND WHITEHALL STREETS.

D. N. FREEMAN & CO.

→JEWELERS. ←



A VARIETY IN ATLANTA! WEINVITE YOUR INSPECTION WM. J. HEALY AND CHAS. P. WITHERBEE ��CUTTERS FOR�� Jas. A. Anderson & Co. 41 WHITEHALL ST. Established in 1857. PETER LYNCH, -DEALER IN-GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, WOODENWARE, WILLOW-WARE, SPLINT BASKETS, Glassware, Crockery, Hardware, Boots, Shoes Leather, Clover, German Millet Grass and Garden Seeds, Planting Potatoes, etc., etc. Just now re-ceived 7 barrels white and 4 barrels red onion sets. A Perfect Variety Store. All orders from the city and country promptly ttended to, Terms cash. PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets,
t2oc dly
Atlanta, Ga FOR SALE! The Atlanta Wind Engine Comp'y

WIND MILL AND TANK MACHINERY Box Factory in Full Operation. Most complete Box Factory in the South, Capacity, 1,000 Boxes per Day, with Wood

Printing Press. Contracts now on hand that insures a sure busitness. I am authorized to solicit private bids for the sale for the entire works or any of the three departments separately. Probable purchasers are lavited to call and examine the factory in opera-M. F. AMOROUS, Receiver.

Our Buyer Has Bought Large Stock at the Trade Auction Sales.

The goods are new and first class. The low prices at which we bought enable us to give lower prices than has ever been seen before. These prices are making the goods go. Come at once and be in time to get choice goods at prices that will astonish and delight you. If you wait the stock will be broken and you cannot make as good selections as now, and you will miss many good bargains. Mc-Bride & Co.

For pamphlet, railroad and com mercial printing, the Constitution job office has unexcelled facilities. The Baltimore Houses Can Be

Bought on very liberal terms and low price. See Samuel W. Goode. Stamps for sale at Constitution Business office.

Motes will make you fine first-class photographs at the same price you pay at other galleries for second and third class work.

For pamphlet, railroad and commercial printing, the Constitution job office has unexcelled facilities.

Stamps for sale at Constitution business office. The best and cheapest portrait frames in the city at Motes's.

For pamphlet, railroad and comm rcial pointing, the Constitution job office has unexcelled facilities. If you wish to save money, come and see our stock before you buy. Our goods are new, first class, pretry and cheaper than can be bought elsewhere. McBride & Co.

Club photographs at Motes's \$4 per dozen, for his

Rooms and Offices to Rent

In the new Constitution building. Steam and Electric Light furnished. Apply to W. A. Hemphill, Business Manager.

New dinner sets, chamber sets, tea sets, Rogers's best cuttery, bird cages, colored glassware, Baldwin's refrigerators, Gate City stone filters, lamps for parlor, hall and dining room, castors, spoons, forks, at lowest prices. McBride & Co.

Samuel W. Goode Lends Money

Now is the time to get the finest photographs in the city at \$4 per dozen. Form your club and go to Motes's. The only gallery in the city making first-

McBRIDE & CO. 1886

China, Crockery, Clocks, Show Cases, Fine Cutlery, Spoons, Forks, Lamps, Dry-Air Refrigerators, Gate City Stone Filters, Improved Fly Fans, to trade at manufacturers prices.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report. OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A. U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE. March 16, 9:00 P. M. observations taken at the same moment at each place named:

WIND.

	Baromet	Thermor	Dew Poi	Direction	Velocity	Rainfall	Westher
Augusta	30.10	54		C'm		.00	Clear.
Savannah Jacksonville	30.06	61		E	Light.		Cloudy.
Montgomery	30.08 80.03	61	56. 57	C'm	7		Cloudy.
New Orleans Galveston	30.05	60	58	E	7	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30.05	53		E	Light-	-	Clear.
Shreveport							Clear.
					TIONS		
6 a. m	30.17	52	42	W	8	.00	Cloudy.
10 a. m	30.17	56	46	74.	3 5	.00	Cloudy.
2 p. m	30.13	61	49	11.	5	.00	Cloudy.
6 p. m 9 p. m	30.00	68	48	VW	3 2	.00	Clear.
o le mine transf	00.11	201	-		-		Civili.

THE OLD BOOK STORE.

Our Mammoth Catalogue now ready. Send your address plainly written on postal card, and receive one free. Residents can be supplied on application. We are southern agents for Lovell's Libraries We sell at retail and supply the trade at New York discounts.

SOMETHING NEW WE ALWAYS LEAD.

Telephone No. 314. Keep your catalogue handy. Telephone for any number you desire, and it will be immediately delivered by special messenger.

J. T. White, leading dealer in Wall Paper and Window Shades, 46 Marietta street. New goods received every week. Samples free.

J. P. STEVENS,

PERSONAL

G. V. GRESS, of Gresston, is at the Kimball. A. B. HANDLY, of LaGrange, is in the city. FRANK LANIER, of West Point, is visiting

47 WHITEHALL ST.

MERRILL C. LOWE, of Hampton is visiting C. H. BRAND, of Lawrenceville, is at the

E. L. PEACOCK, of Cochran, was in the city

MRS. M. W. NEALON is visiting relatives in

WALTER C. BOYKIN, of Augusta, was in the city vesterday ALBERT SMITH and J. L. Young, of Palmet.

to, were in the city yesterday.

T. B. GRESHAM and E. Winship, of Macon, are registered at the Kimball.

J. R. BARNES, a leading merchant of Gaines-

ville, was in the city yesterday.

L. KAYTON and wife, of Savannah, are among the guests of the Kimball. H. C. HANSON, business manager of the Tel-

egraph and Messenger, of Macon, visited Atlanta H. K. GAIRNER, wife and child, Miss Nora

COLONEL GEORGE WOODFIN, of Athens, passed through the city yesterday, en route home

E. D. SWEENY, traveling correspondent of

the San Francisco Call, is in the city, on his way to

MAJOR GREEN, chief engineer of the Georgia Midland, passed through Atlanta yesterday on his way to New York.

DOUGLASS GLESSNER, editor and proprietor of the Griffin News, is in the city, looking as bright as the paper that he publishes.

AMONG the callers at the executive office

yesterday were John T. Wingfield, T. F. Calloway, James L. Mercer and George de Lara. CONDUCTOR DICK HARGIS, of the Western

and Atlantic railroad, whose residence is in Car-tersville, is being urged by his many friends in Bartow to make the race for the legislature. If he should agree to do so, it will take a strong man to beat him. THERE is a larger hotel than the Markham THERE IS a larger notel than the Markham house in Atlanta, Ga., but there is not a hotel in the south that can surround its guests with more comforts than the Markham house. It is the most desirable hotel in the city.—Daily National Hotel

Reporter.
MR. M. E. TRUMER, of Minnesota, comes to Atlanta for headquarters as freight and passenger representative of the great P. C. and St. L. and C. St. L. and P. railroad company, the Pennsylvania railroad system. He will locate his office at No. 28 Wall street. Mr. Trumer is a welcome addition to the railroad fraternity in Atlanta.

JAMES E. HICKEY, the handsome, popular and accommodating eashier of the Kimball, re-turned yesterday from Jacksonville and other points in Florida, where he has been enjoying him-self for several weeks. He looks much improved by the trip, and says that his visit to Florida was in every respect a most enjoyable one.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

MARCH TERM, 1880.
ATTINTE Manch 10 1000
Order of circuits with the number of cases re-
naining undisposed of:
tlanta
nathing undisposed of: Atlanta
Castern
Middle Straige
Middle 15 Octablee 8 Augusta 8 Chattahoochee 18
Northern 18 1
Northern 10 Pataula 9
South and
Western 9 Northeastern 6 Albany 3
Blue Ridge
Cherokee

7 Brunswick. ATLANTA CIRCUIT No. 13. Argument concluded.
No. 14. Pittman, admx., vs. Elder et al. Complaint from City Court of Atlanta. Argued. Hopkins & Glenn, for plaintiff in error. Speairs & Simmons: Hillyer & Bro.; Hulsey & Bateman. for defendants.

mons, miver & Bro., Huisey & Bateman, for defendants.

No 15. Simons vs. State. Dismissed.

No 16. Tucker vs. Atlanta Street Railroad Co. Case, from City Court of Atlanta. Argued. W. Bray. Huisey & Bateman, for plaintiff in error. Hopkins & Glenn, for defendant.

No. 17. Stewart vs. Swift Specific Co. et al. Case, from City Court of Atlanta. Hopkins & Glenn, Reuben Arnold, for plaintiff in error: Reed. Reinhardt & O'Neal, Haygood & Martin, for defendants. defendants.

Pending argument of Mr. Arnold, the court adourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

AN OLD TIME NEGRESS.

SHE IS MORE THAN A HUNDRED

ah White, Who Remembers All About the British ddiers When in "Ole Ferginus"—Her Strauga Spasms and What Causes Them—Ready to go When Master Calls—Etc.

In a little one-room house at 96 Jones stree there lives a negro woman a hundred and eighteen years old.

This old woman is not "well and hearty," nor is she as spry as a "girl of sixteen summers, but she has a remarkable history.

Sarah White was born in Virginia, near Charlottsville, in 1767, and is now one hundred and eighteen years old.

A few days ago the writer visited the old woman at her home. He was met at the door by a woman sixty-eight years old, whom he afterwards found to be the fourth daughter of the old woman. In one corner by a small fire sat the old woman. She wore a clean, large checked, homespun dress, and her head was covered with a red bandana.

"How do, mammy?" said the reporter. The peaked face of the old woman turned

oward the speaker and the dim eyes sparkled "Bless yer, young massa, hit's bin a long time since de white folks called me 'mammy. Dey don't treat er nigger like dey used ter

ong time er go. Then reaching down she refilled the little clay pipe, made black from long and constant use, and drawing it through the bed of ashes, began to smoke:

"Way back yonder

IN DE SLAVY DAYS de white folks use ter cum an' set in Sarah's cabin an' talk, but hits bin er many day since I seed er white pusson in my house, 'cept when

dey cum ter git de rent money."
"How old are you, mammy?" began the re-

now oid are you, maniny: began the reporter, realizing that he had touched a tender chord in the old woman's breast.

"I can't say zactly, massa, but de white folks in Charleston sed I wuz born in sebenteen sixty-seben. Way back dere in ole Ferginny, when I wuz a little gal, 'bout ten years ole, when I lived wid my ole master. Daniel Jackson I went in de woods an', staid wid de chil. when I lived wid my ole master, Daniel Jackson, I went in de woods an' staid wid de chillun when de war wuz goin' on. Dat wuz skeery times young massa, for dem British soljers wuz fightin' mighty hard. Ole massa sent ne an' some de rest of de' culled folks off in de swamps wid de chillun an' de silberware. Dem sojers wuz takin' of ebery thing dey coul' git dere hans on. We wuz out dar in the swamp fer more dan er week, an 'ole massa would cum out dare an' fetch us something ter eat. One day he got mad at me cause I hollered dat sojers wuz cumin' fer ter sker de chillun, and he hit me on de head wid er stick. Dere is de place he

on de head wid er stick. Dere is de place he And the old woman untied the red bandana, and on top of her head the reporter was shown an ugly running sore resembling a large car-

"Dat sore," she continued, "has 'casioned me ER LOTS OF MISERY. Hit cured up fer er few years, but den it out

'gin"
"And that sore has been on your head for over a hundred years?"
"Yes, sah, fer er fac, an' I specs ter carry it

"It looks that way."
"Ef I hangs down my head ter de fire, I has

At this point in the conversation, the daughter explained how the spasms came on. She said that she did not think it was the wound on the head which caused the spasms, but simply old age. Sometimes these fits or spasms would come on the old woman at sundown and last till sunup. When she has one of them she pulls her hair, tears her clothing and acts like

mad woman. "I know," said the daughter, "that I have used ten gallons of camphire rubbing her when she has them spells. It looks like that she will die sometimes in spite of all I can do for her. For more than two years I have had to stay right with her to watch her. Some days she sits here all day and never speaks a word, and then again she talks all day." When the old woman was thirteen years old she was bought

BY A NEGRO TRADER, named Billy Fulcher, who carried her, with one hundred and twenty other negroes, to Charleston. The drove went through the country on foot. Seven bloodhounds guarded the drove of negroes at night, and not one of them could go outside the limits of the camp. During their trip through to Charleston they encountered many hardships, being thinly clad and barefooted. Several of the negroes were flogged by Fulcher, but the subject of this managed to escape and reached Charleston in good trim. After the war she came to Atlanta, where she has lived ever since.

JOURNALISM OF ATLANTA.

Statement on Newspapers and Periodicals Published During the Year 1885.
Will appear in the forthcoming annual reort of the chamber of commerce, which is now
eing prepared by Secretary Welch.

How Often Published.	Number of Publications.	Total Number Copies Printed During Each Month.	Am't of Capi- tal Employed.	Number of Presses.	Number of Employes.	Amount Paid insalaries and Wages During
Daily Weekly Semi M'thly Monthly	10 1 1 6	534,250 374,750 1,050 43,500	103,060 36,700 1,050 33,800	4	152 91 1 32	\$ 89,6 37,3 6 33,5
Total	20	953.550	\$174,550	11	277	\$161.1
The above	stat	ement,	which i	s pr	epare	ed wit

The above statement, which is prepared with special care, entirely from official sources, is an evidence of the distinction Atlanta enjoys as a center of journalism. It may be stated, also, that the order of journalism of this city, while varied in its scope, embracing all the popular lines of thought on the subjects of religion, education, society, agriculture, commerce, arts, sciences, history, politics, etc., is equal in style and evidence of culture to that of any city in the union.

style and evidence of culture to that of any city in the union.

What a power for shaping thought and moulding sentiment, when the fact is considered that from this city eminates each month 933,590 publications, each one of which, according to the established estimate, is read by five persons, thus reaching 4,767,750 souls, monthly, each with a journal, the columns of which is filled with the choicest pro-ductions of a large number of the brightest intel-lects of the country, and the discussion of a multi-plicity of subjects in their various lights, and from every standpoint."

"THE WAGES OF SIN."

A Splendid Performance at DeGive's Last

Night. This powerful melodrama was presented last night at DeGive's to an audience which, while not as large as it should have been, was one of the most appresiative and new lawiestic that have been as the continuous and appression that was a second and the continuous transfer of the most appression. ciative and enthusiastic that has assembled in our opera house this season. The interest manifested during the first act, increased with each succeeding one, frequently giving expression in outbursts of applause and riuging encores. Miss Carey and of applause and riuging encores. Miss Carey and Mr. Maubury seemed to especially establish themselves as favorites and both were brought before the curtain several times. This is Miss Carey's first tour south, where she is well known as the leading support of the Union Square, where she thoroughly established herself as a brilliant actress. In the character of "Ruth" she displays an ability which is not often excelled, and her acting last evening was so true to nature that she drew the audience, almost imperceptibly, with her, until in several pathetic passages its emotion assumed the genulienness of lears.

Mr. Charles Maubury, as "George Brand, the Curate," is a most finished actor, and his magnificent presentation of the part adds an additional interest to the splendid performance.

The whole cast is a good one, but especially noticeable are the parts assumed by Mr. Mark Price. Miss Lisetta LeBaron and Mrs. Harry Curaine.

The play is a very strong one. It is said that the piece has never been played in a city but that its performances after the first have always been attended by largely increased audiences. The moral is pointed, and being presented in a story so true to nature, becomes the more striking. The play deserves a large audience at the matinee today and here this season.; Mr. Maubury seemed to especially establish them.

Salvation Oil is the best liniment in the market for both man and beast. Price 25 cts.

CHASING TOBE JACKSON.

Two Brooklyn Boys Put up a Joke on Two Atlanta Policemen. "So Tobe Jackson, the Cartersville dynami-

ter, was in town yestersday, I see," said a gen-tleman to a CONSTITUTION reporter yesterday. "Believe he was," answered the scribe. "Well, I don't know whether he was here or not," said the gentleman, "but I do know one "What's that?"

"Why, that a couple of Brooklyn boys put up a fine job on two policemen about Tobe

"Well, in this way: One of the boys knew the policeman, Captain Russell and Patrolman Philips, but the other boy didn't know them, neither did they know him. Well the boys agreed that the one who was known should ap-proach the officers and point out the other one and declare he was Tobe Jackson; then, when the officers started towards the supposed Tobe

"Yes. Go on."
"Well, by and by the two officers came down the street, leisurely hunting the warm sunshine. When the officers came in sight the two jokers separated, and when the officers reached the one who was working the scheme. reached the one who was working the scheme

he called the captain to one side, saying:

"See that fellow there?"

"Yee," was the answer.

"Well, that's Tobe Jackson."

"Tobe Jackson, the Cartersville dynamiter. 'Yes but it is. I know him well.'

"'Are you certain?"
"'Dead certain.'"
"'Come on, then,' said the captain, address

ing the patrolman. "Then, together, the two officers approached the supposed dynamiter, who kept moving. The officers tried to gain on the man, and the man tried to leave the officers. Finally, the captain started to run, and then the joker ran. This started a hot chase, which continued until the joker reached the exposition hotel, when he was compelled to give up. Then he turned around, and denying that he was Tobe Jack-son, told the officers about the joke. The offi-cers, however, would not believe the man's statement, and conducted him to police head-quarters before they were convinced of the truth of his declaration. Don't you think thata good joke on the policemen, eh?" and

off the citizen walked. HE SEES GHOSTS.

Captain Crim Tells What He Knows About Departed Spirits-Where He Sees Them. "Did I ever see a ghost? Well, if you were with me some nights you'd think I saw ghosts," said Captain Crim last night as he stood under an electric light eating his cheese and crack-

A real live ghost?"

"Yes, a real live ghost; mighty live one too. For that matter I have seen dead ghosts, too."
"What is a ghost?"
"A ghost is the spirit of a dead man that don't rest easy after death, and they are mighty mean things to have in a town, too. Lot's meaner than negroes and rats. Why, you re-member the negro Joe Green killed down by Lochrey's dye works some time ago? Well that negro is seen there every rainy night. Member Green shot him about two o'clock in the morning. It was raining, too. Well, every rainy night just at two, that negro's ghost jumps over the fence right where he jumped when Green shot, and then you can hear the

when Green shot, and then you can hear the weeds pop as they popped when he ran through. Oh, you can langh, but I have seen it. I have stood right there a dozen times and seen it, and then, too, as soon as the ghost disappears you can put your hand on the fence where blood was found the next morning and the fence will feel damp. You remember the old man that was killed on Whitehall street two years ago. The "Bibb" engine killed him. Now, every night that engine crosses Whitehall that old man can be seen. These are both two real live ghosts, and every man on the police departghosts, and every man on the police department have seen 'em, and some of the meu won't work in the wards in which they are."

"What's a dead ghost?"
"Well, Liz Patterson died in a cell at the city prison some time ago. Now every night she can be seen lying on that cell floor just as she died. Oh, yes, I believe in ghosts."

CURBSTONE CHAT.

Minor Matters Picked Up Yesterday by the Some of the ladies are wearing their hair

Officer Henry McWilliams is nearly well, and will be out in a day or two.

THE Knights and Ladies of Honor will or ganize tonight at 651/2 Whitehall street A REVENUE marshal said yesterday that ohn Coffee was seen in Gillsville Sunday. HUNDREDS of English sparrows are building

Mr. W. A. CAMP went up to New Holland yesterday to begin to get things in shape for the summer campaign.

MR. P. H, SNOOK says that his trade last year was the heaviest he has ever had since he began business here. The grand jury met yesterday morning, but

adjourned to Thursday morning, owing to the absence of some of the members.

On the 25th Dr. McDonald will deliver a lecture entitled "Lights and Shadows of Irish Life."
The lecture is said to be a very fine one.

The petition for Barton's pardon has been drawn, and Mrs. Barton, accompanied by Mrs. Reeves, is now obtaining signatures to the paper. William Hodgson, the young man who fell from the Marietta street house night before tlast hurting himself quite badly, was about O. K. yes

MRS, HARWOOD has bought the Culpepper lot on Peachtree street, fronting Mr. Richard Peters's residence, and will build at once a superb home.

home.

Mr. Willis Reagan has accepted plans for a fine residence on Peachtree, next to Mr. W. M. Dickson's. His plans are said to be the handsomest yet drawn for Atlanta.

Bud Dunaway, who was injured by being knocked from the Georgia railroad Sunday morning, is much better, and will be able to leave the hospital today or temorrow.

ONLY three of the merchants who were cited to appear in police court yesterday morning to answer the charge of obstructing the sidewalks were tried. Each of the trio was discharged. An old white man, who has walked all the

way from Maine to Atlanta, applied at police headquarters last night for a bed. Chief Connolly gave him an admittance card to the benevolent home. DE. G. BANKS PLEDGER, who recently grad-uated from the Southern Medical college, will lo-cate in Monticello, having received a fine offer-from a leading physican of that place. Dr. Pledger has many friends here who wish him unbounded

MR. F. M. CATLETT was married last night to Miss Willie Garrett. The ceremony was performed at Trinity church. The attendants were Mr. Jack Cutright and Miss Nell Garrett, Mr. J. Quarles and Miss Pendleton. A more extended notice of this happy event will appear in Sunday's society news.

DR. CHARLES F. DEEMS, pastor of the Church of Strangers, New York, will reach Atlanta Friday, and will be the guest of Rev. J. W. Lee, pastor of Trinity church. On Thesday night next Dr. Deems will lecture at the opera house. The lecture will be for the benefit of Trinity. It is entitled "Before Marriage and After."

Marriage and After."

A SHOOTING match took place last night at Mr. Evans's gallery, corner Decatur and Loyd streets, between Mrs. J. Evans and Mr. Barker. 108', Mr. Barker 108', in 10 abots. A good crowd was in attendance. Whilst Mrs. Evans was shooting everything was as still as could be. This makes one score for Mr. Barker and one for Mrs. Evans. The last match will take place next Friday evening.

Barker and one for airs. Evains. The last match will take place next Friday evening.

A LARGE number of commissions were issued from the executive department yesterday, to justices of the peace and notaries public. The justices of the peace commissioned were: James H. Darough, of the 1,00th district of Dooly, who succeeds Israel Johnson, deceased. J. C. Bracewell, of the 30th district of Laurens, who takes the place of S. A. Bracewell, deceased. The notaries commissioned were: John L. Camp. of the 1,064th, W. K. Hopper, of the 1,057th, W. J. McDaniel, of the 356th, J. F. Hubbard, of the 87th districts of Gordon. R. H. Glenn, of the 201st, J. L. Deadwyler, of the 189th, and T. K. Oglesby, of the 202d district of Elbert. H. L. Peeples, of the 407th, Dr. Woodward, of the 44th, and W. L. Andrews of the 189th districts of Gowinnett; Henry A. Martin, of the 866th district of Cowets. The 1897th district of Gwinnett is a new one, created only a short time ago.

Flesh Producer and Tonic

HEAR THE WITNESSES

10 to 20 Pounds! An Atlahta Man's Weight and Appetite.

"I took four bottles Guinn's Pioneer and gained 15 pounds in flesh: My appetite has been restored. I have procured a lot for use in my family. Yours respectfully, GEO. THOMPSON,

60 Humphries St., Atlanta, Ga:

A Man of Sixty-Eight Winters. I am 68 years of age, and regard Guinn's Pioneer a fine tonic for the feeble. By its use my strength has

been restored and my weight increased ten pounds. A. F. G. CAMPBELL, Cotton Gin Maker.

Macon, Ga., Feb. 18, 1886. A Crippled Confederate Says. I only weighed 128 pounds when I commenced Guinn's Pioneer, and now weigh 147 pounds, I could hardly walk with a stick to support

me is beyond calculation. D. RUFUS BOSTICK, Cotton Buyer.

Macon, Ga. Mr. A. H. Bramblett, Hardware Mer-

me, and can now walk long distan-

ces without help. Its benefit to

chant of Forsyth, Ga., Writes: It acted like a charm on my general health. I consider it a fine tonic. I weigh more than I have for 25 years. Respectfully, A. H. BRAMBLETT,

Mr. W. F. Jones, Macon, Says: My wife has regained her strength and increased ten pounds in weight. We recommend Guinn's Pioneer as the best tonic. W. F. JONES.

Dr. G. W. Delbridge, of Atlanta, Ga.,

Writes of Guinn's Pioneer. Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer has been used for years with unprecedented success. It is entirely vegetable and does the system no harm. It improves the appetite, digestion and blood-making, stimulating, invigorating and toning up all the functions and tissues of the system, and thus becomes the great

blood renewer and health restorer. **GUINN'S** Pioneer Blood Renewer

Cures all blood and skin diseases, rheumatism, scrofula, old sores. A perfect spring medicine.

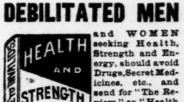
If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles \$1; large bottles \$1.75. Essay on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

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A FRIEND IN NEED. Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter. Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external injuries. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS—TRY IT

WEAK, NERVOUS



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It treats on health, hygiene, physical culture, and medical subjects, and is a complete encyclopedia of information for suffering humanity affilied with long-standing, chronic, nervous, exhausting and painful diseases. Every subject that bears on health and human happiness receives attention in its pages; and the many questions asked by alling persons and invalids who have despaired of a cure are answered, and valuable information is volunteered to all who are in need of medical advice. No similar work has ever been published. Every sick or alling persor: should have it.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN, and others who suffer from nervous and physical debility, exhausted vitality, premature decline, etc., are especially benefited by consuiting its contents. Everything such sufferers wish to know its fully given in its pages. If in need of medical aid sufferers with the sufference of any description, and you will save time, money and disappointment. If using medicine or medical treatment of any kind, read it and learn the better way.

THE REVIEW exposs the frands practiced

THE REVIEW exposes the frauds practiced by quacks and medical impostors who profess to "practice medicine" and points out the only safe, simple and effective road to health, vigor and bodily energy.

and bodily energy.

Electric Belts and all curative appliances are treated upon; all about them—which are genuine, which are bogus. Belts on thirty days trial (?) and other fallacies reviewed. Thousands of dollarssaved nervous-debility sufferers and others by the advice given. THE REVIEW is now in its ninth year of publication. Complete specimen copies mailed PREZ Address,

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TOSTOPPED FREE Insane Persona Restored Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVER BESTORES OF KEINE BESTORES OF A STATE OF THE ST

ARTISTS' MATERIALS, PICTURE FRAMES ART NOVELTIES, FINE ENGRAVINGS. E. A. HORNE & CO. 19 Kimball House, Atlanta, Georgia.

CRIMPED & CORRUGATED IRON ROOFING W.G.HYNDMAN & CO. SEND FOR CIRCULAR & PRICES + CINCINNATI, O.

Name this paper. marl0-dwed sat &wkly Notice to Debtors and Creditors. CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-ALL PERSONS having demands against the estate of B. H. Broomhead, late of said county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned, according to law; and all persons indebted to said estate, are required to make immediate payment. debted to said estate, are required to make 1mm diate payment.

This February 10, 1886.

JOHN S. BROOMHEAD,

Administrator of B. H. Broomhead, deceased, feb 10-d 6 w wed

OPIUM fits cured at home withfits cured at h GROSSE,

FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.

The many patrons of Mr. Grosse will be gratified to learn that he has just received one of the finest and most varied stocks of Merchant Tailoring Goods ever brought to Atlanta.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES are included in this stock, and under Mr. Grosse's skillful supervision, with a corp of experienced assistants, all orders will be executed promptly and in the best style. At the old stand, NO.30 Whitehall St.

Department WITH ALL THE

se Stock! Low Prices!

the most attractive ever shown. line of Worsteds, Cloths, Cas-

BROS.

TEHALL STREET.

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Wm. R. Hammond.

Attorneys at Law,
Attorneys at Law,
Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., and 31 Hin
street, Griffin, Ga. Practice in the courts in Atlanta and in the Flint and Stone Mountain circuits. E. C. GARDNER,
Architect,
Of Springfield, Mass., has an office at room No.
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